Morning Oregonian.

THE UNION

VOL. 26—NO. 8296. PORTLAND, OREGON. THURSDAY, DECEMBER 16, 1886. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

Rheumatism

to the best authorities, originates in a ... tion of the blood. Lactic acid, caused by the ... tion of the gelatinous and albuminous ... ulates with the blood and attacks the fibrous ... articularly in the joints, and thus causes the manifestations of the disease. The back and ... are the parts usually affected by rheu... d the joints at the knees, ankles, hips and ... sometimes also attacked. Thousands of ... re found in Hood's Sarsaparilla a positive ... anent cure for rheumatism. This medicine, ... rifying and vitalizing action on the blood, ... he cause of the disease, and it also gives ... o every function of the body. If you suffer ... umatism try Hood's Sarsaparilla.

... a year ago I was pretty well run down, being ... with rheumatism and indigestion, and my ... ng very poor. I began to take Hood's Sarsa... nd it gave me great relief.—JOHN LAWS ... n, Conn.

...ood's Sarsaparilla

...ll druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared by ... OD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

...00 Doses One Dollar.

BANKS.

... & Tilton, Bankers,

...sact a General Banking Business. ...EST allowed on Time Deposits. ...CTIONS made at all points on favorable ...

...RS OF CREDIT issued, available in Europe ... Eastern States. ... EXCHANGE and TELEGRAPHIC TRANS... ...d on New York, Washington, Chicago, St. ... enver, Omaha, San Francisco and Victoria ... Oregon, Washington, Idaho, Montana and ... olumbia. ...ANGE sold on London, Paris, Berlin, Frank... Hongkong.

THE

...tland National Bank.

...sacts a General Banking Business. ...NTS kept, subject to check. ...XCHANGE on San Francisco and New York ... COLLECTIONS on favorable terms. ...ERS OF CREDIT issued, available in ... Eastern States.

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...cilities for COLLECTIONS are excellent and ... ediscount for Banks when balances warrant it. ... n is a Reserve City, and balances with us from ... not located in other Reserve Cities) count as a ...

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Six months, 5 "
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OF PHILADELPHIA.
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NON-POISONOUS
SHEEP DIP
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CATTLE WASH.
Mixes with Cold Water.

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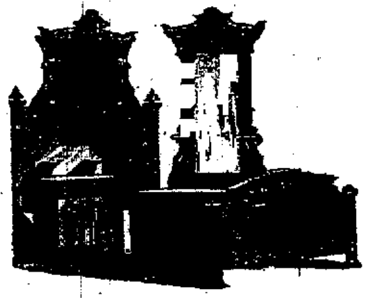

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Who rise unrefreshed, feel languid through the day, have little appetite, and whose faces exhibit a sallow tint, are on the short route to the grave. Unless they can effect a radical change in their condition they will not reach old age. Invigoration is the only means of their physical salvation. Upon Hostetter's Stomach Bitters they can rely to furnish them with the stamina, which is a prerequisite of health, and to remove that prime cause of continued debility, indigestion and non-assimilation of food. We class these causes as one, since they are joint functions of one organ, the stomach, chiefly. Built up and rehabilitated with this superb restorative of vigor, the system may bid defiance to malaria, rheumatism, bladder and kidney diseases, and other maladies prone to attack the enfeebled. The Bitters not only afford a safeguard against disease of a virulent type, but effects a prompt reform in the condition of a drowsy or disordered liver and irregular bowels.

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Holiday Presents!

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Diamonds,
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LOWEST PRICES
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By sending to us this advertisement and a wrapper from a box of Dr. C. McLane's Celebrated Liver Pills, (for sale by all druggists at 25 cents a box,) we will send you a package of elegant cards, including Frosted and Satin Fringed Cards for Christmas, and imported Oleographic Cards. Be sure to write your address plainly. This offer good until January 1st, 1887.

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Subdues Inflammation,
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FOR PILES, CATARRH, RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, SORE THROAT, DIPHTHERIA, TOOTHACHE, BRUISES, WOUNDS, HEMORRHAGES, SORES, BURNS, SORE EYES, FEMALE COMPLAINTS.

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"A highly efficient ALTERATIVE, correcting disorders of the blood. Specially applicable in the treatment of the affections incidental to Constitutional Debility in Children, in Glandular Swellings, and Affections of the Skin and Eyes."—London Medical Record.

"A potent agent against Scrofula, when combined with suitable diet and outdoor exercise."
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WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY
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Old and reliable Medicines are the best to depend upon. Acker's Blood Elixir has been prescribed for years for all impurities of the Blood. In every form of Scrofulous, Syphilitic or Mercurial diseases, it is invaluable. For Rheumatism, has no equal. For sale by all druggists.

WASHINGTON.

A Brighter Outlook for the Admission of Washington.

THE NORTHERN PACIFIC GRANT.

A Quiet Day in Congress—Comptroller Trenholm Submits the Draft of a Bill in Relation to National Banks.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—The surprise of the day has been the action of the house committee on territories, in ordering a favorable report on the bill for admission of Washington and Montana into the Union, after so many methods have been resorted to to prevent action. The pending question was Hermann's motion to order the chairman to make a favorable report, but this was opposed by Springer, who proposed as a substitute the bill introduced by him Monday, providing an enabling act for Dakota, Washington, Montana and New Mexico. Hermann made a long appeal in favor of his motion, and was followed in the same strain by Baker of New York, Symes of Colorado, and Strubl[e] of Iowa. A vote being taken, all the republicans and two democrats voted aye. The remaining democrats refrained from voting so that they might not be committed to admission on the floor of the house.

As passed by the senate, the bill to admit Washington provides that after the adoption of a constitution, as provided by law, the president shall issue a proclamation declaring the territory admitted into the Union. Springer moved to make the senate bill the basis of the report, but to amend the above as follows: "That the constitution to be framed in each territory shall be submitted to congress for its final action." After considerable debate the amendment was adopted.

THE NORTHERN PACIFIC GRANT.

Answering an inquiry, Cobb, chairman of the house conference committee on forfeiture of the Northern Pacific land grants, tells your correspondent that within a day or two he will call the committee together.

"Have your views as to forfeiture changed since last session?" was asked.

"No, I hold that all lands west of Bismarck should be forfeited."

"Do other members of the house committee hold the same views?"

"I think they do, undoubtedly."

"Can you foretell the probable outcome of the forfeiture question?"

"Well, no. We must wait and see."

JUDKINS.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—The bill repealing the tenure of office act came up and was, on motion of Hoar, allowed to stand over till to-morrow as unfinished business.

Platt then called up his resolution that executive nominations hereafter be considered in open session, except when otherwise ordered by vote of the senate.

Hoar moved to lay the resolution on the table; agreed to—yeas 34, nays 21.

Beck called up the bill prohibiting senators or representatives from acting as attorneys for subsidized railroad companies, the question being on a substitute report from the judiciary committee. Beck opposed the substitute, and advocated the bill as introduced by himself.

Pugh, member of the judiciary committee, justified the substitute. He was opposed to all such legislation, but if it was to be enacted he would have it carried out to its full extent.

Maxey advocated the original bill, and on behalf of his absent colleague, Coke, offered an amendment which has the effect substantially of restoring the bill to its original form, as introduced by Beck.

Call expressed his decided opposition to the bill. There was no necessity for it; if the senator from Kentucky knew of any such case as he suggested, the remedy was in a resolution of expulsion. He reminded that senator that he (Beck) had voted against the bill forfeiting the Northern Pacific railroad grant, while he (Call) and others opposed to Beck's bill had voted for forfeiture of the Northern Pacific grant. But it was not to be presumed that votes had not been given honestly. Beck's bill, or a hundred such bills, would not have the effect proposed. If senators were to be bought they would be bought all the same. He argued, also, that the bill was unconstitutional.

Without reaching a vote the senate went into executive session, and, when the doors were reopened, adjourned.

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—The house went into committee of the whole on the bill for allotment of land in severalty to Indians.

The house in committee of the whole had not finished discussion of the bill relating to allotment of lands in severalty to Indians when the morning hour expired; so the committee rose and the bill went over as unfinished business.

Symes, of Colorado, offered several amendments increasing the appropriations for the signal service bureau, and this being opposed by Randall, he proceeded to criticise that gentleman's action as chairman of the committee on appropriations. He did not envy the gentleman, who lived upon the Atlantic coast, his narrow-minded statesmanship, which did not cross the Mississippi river. If the gentleman did not grow fast enough in principles of statesmanship to extend some privileges to the people of the West, those people would see that a man was made chairman of the committee on appropriations whose vision extended beyond a few signal stations on the Atlantic coast.

Randall, in reply, said that the pending bill carried more appropriations for the Pacific coast than any similar bill for years past. He thought he knew his duty moderately well, and he did not propose to be frightened from the performance of that duty, certainly not by words of such demagoguery as had emanated from the gentleman from Colorado.

Symes thought that the gentleman would better read the dictionary for the meaning of the word demagoguery. Demagogue, as defined by the best political writers of this country, was a man who was a pretended leader of a great party, and who had, as his only stock in trade, the ability to go through an appropriation bill with a cheese knife and, cutting off a few dollars here and a few dollars there, make a reduction of $5,000,000 from the appropriations of last year. If that was the statesmanship of the great leaders of the democratic party, God save the country from such statesmanship. [Laughter and applause]

Randall predicted that the democratic party would live to thrive and control this country without regard to the gentleman's opinion as to its leadership. [Applause].

The amendments were rejected. Pending further consideration of the bill the committee rose.

Burns, of Missouri, from the committee on appropriations, reported a bill to supply a deficiency in the appropriations for public printing and binding, $17,000 for distinctive paper for United States securities, and $60,000 for the recoinage of silver.

The house then adjourned.

THE NATIONAL BANKING SYSTEM.

Comptroller Trenholm Submits a Plan to the House Committee on Banking and Currency.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—Comptroller Trenholm appeared before the house committee on banking and currency to-day, by request, to state his views touching the national banking system. The comptroller stated to the committee that he was not fully prepared to suggest a plan for reorganization of the present system, but believed that he would be able to suggest a plan some time in January next. Meanwhile he submitted, for consideration of the committee, the draft of a bill amendatory of the laws relating to national banking.

PROVISIONS OF THE BILL.

The bill, after proposing a number of unimportant changes in the present system, requires that bonds required to be kept on deposit in the treasury as a basis for circulation shall be interest-bearing bonds, and when such are called they must be replaced within three months after notice by interest-bearing bonds, and in default the comptroller is authorized to appoint a receiver to close up the affairs of the bank. In case the bonds deposited to secure circulation exceed the minimum amount required by the law the excess may be placed with other interest-bearing bonds, or the circulation secured by the excess shall be surrendered by the association, whereupon the excess shall be delivered by the treasurer of the United States to the secretary of the treasury for redemption, with instructions to deposit from the proceeds with the treasurer lawful money to the amount of the outstanding circulation secured by such bonds, and hold the residue on account of the association holding the bonds.

THE BOARDS OF DIRECTORS.

The bill provided that boards of directors shall be constituted of not fewer than five directors, exclusive of the vice president and of the cashier, if he be a member of the board.

The seventh section makes it unlawful for a bank to take, either in its own name, or that of any corporation or person for its benefit, any mortgage upon real estate as security for a contemporaneous loan, or for advances; but no association is prohibited from discounting any bill of exchange or promissory note having more than four months to run, although the same may be secured by real estate, when discounted for the endorser in the ordinary course of business, and when the mortgage or lien is merely collateral.

SURPLUS FUNDS.

Referring to surplus funds, the bill provides that whenever surplus funds of any bank shall exceed by 20 per cent. the amount of its capital stock, the directors may be relieved of individual responsibility, and every association may be relieved of such liability in the proportion which the surplus, after deducting the 20 per cent. reserved, bears to the whole amount of the capital stock. No exemption, however, can be obtained through any process by which any portion of the capital stock may be converted into surplus. In case the surplus is reduced, by loss or otherwise, below the amount required for exemption, the association is required, after notice, to pay the deficiency by assessment upon the shareholders, and if the deficiency be not made good the bank is to be placed in the hands of a receiver.

BROKEN BANKS.

A supplement to the bill relating to banks that have failed, provides that where the assets of any insolvent association for which a receiver has been appointed, shall be sufficient to pay all the creditors in full, the association shall not be deemed to be dissolved, but shall be entitled to resume business, if shareholders owning two-thirds of the capital stock shall decide to do so. Before resuming business, however, the association is required to restore the entire amount of its capital stock, but upon approval of the comptroller the amount of capital stock may be reduced before registration.

WASHINGTON NEWS ITEMS.

RESTORED TO THE PUBLIC DOMAIN.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—The commissioner of the general land office to-day ordered local land officers at San Francisco and Los Angeles, Cal., and Santa Fe, N. M., to give notice by publication that lands granted to the Atlantic & Pacific Railroad company, which were forfeited by act of July 6, have been restored to the public domain, and that the books of their offices are open for entry of said lands and other unoffered public lands, those within the granted limit, at $2.50 per acre, and those within indemnity limits at $1.25 per acre. The restored lands are in the territory of New Mexico, east of the Rio Grande river. The California lands are outside of the conflicting limits of the grant to the Southern Pacific Railroad company. Restoration of lands within conflicting limits is deferred until the claims of the Southern Pacific company can be heard.

MOTION FOR REVIEW DENIED.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—The secretary of the interior to-day denied a motion for review and affirmed the decision of Acting Secretary Muldrow of August 14, 1886, in the celebrated case of Thomas Rees vs. the Central Pacific Railroad company, in which is involved title to large tracts of land as between the railroad company and certain settlers on the line of road between San Jose and Sacramento, Cal. By this decision the title of the railroad company is affirmed to certain lands not covered by the Mexican grant, or that of January 26, 1870, the date of the definite location of the road.

THE RIVER AND HARBOR BILL.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—The engineers' estimates for river and harbor improvements were taken up by the house committee on rivers and harbors to-day. In fixing appropriations the committee is pursuing the policy of allowing about 25 per cent. of the amounts which the chief of engineers have reported can be profitably expended in improvements. If this policy is adhered to, the result will be a bill making an aggregate appropriation of between seven and eight million dollars. The secretary of war recommended a gross appropriation of ten million dollars.

A REPUBLICAN RESIGNS BY REQUEST.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—P. C. Rogers, deputy commissioner of internal revenue, has resigned. The resignation is to take effect on the appointment and qualification of his successor. This action was taken at the instance of the president. Rogers is a republican, and has been in office for many years. There are no charges against him. It is generally understood that Henderson, chairman of the Indiana state democratic committee, will be appointed to succeed him.

NOMINATIONS.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—Postmasters: California—Henry Fox, Healdsburg; C. H. Finley, Modesto; L. A. Manchester, Merced; Philip Stein, Pomona. Nevada—James H. Smith, Elko; James C. Hagerman, Reno. James W. Forrest, Georgetown, Col.; J. W. Carlton, Deer Lodge City, M. T.; T. B. Gass, Boise City, Idaho; G. G. McNamara, Port Townsend, W. T.; A. N. Young, Silver City, N. M.

MONTANA'S NEW GOVERNOR.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—Preston H. Leslie, who was to-day nominated to be governor of Montana, is a native of Kentucky, about 65 years of age, and an uncle of Representative McMillan, of Tennessee. He was governor of Kentucky after the war, and was for some years on the circuit bench of that state.

THE INTERSTATE COMMERCE BILL.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—The conference report on the interstate commerce bill has been signed by all the conferrees except Senator Platt. It is ready for presentation to the two houses, but Platt will not sign it. His principal objection is prohibition of pooling.

NOMINATIONS.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—The president sent the following nominations to the senate to-day: Preston H. Leslie, of Kentucky, to be governor of Montana territory; Henry A. Hayden, of Minnesota, to be clerk of the district court for the district of Alaska.

FAVORABLY REPORTED.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—Senator Conger, from the committee on postoffices, to-day reported favorably the bill recently passed by the house to extend the free delivery system.

PREMIER MACDONALD.

His Views on the Fisheries Question and the Proposed Extradition Treaty.

DETROIT, Mich., Dec. 15.—The *Free Press* to-morrow will publish an interview with Sir John A. Macdonald, Canadian premier. In response to the questions, "What will be the outcome of the fisheries?" "Is there a prospect of adjusting?" he said:

"There is, or should be, no dispute. The treaty of 1878 is just, explicit and sufficient."

"Is there a prospect of negotiating a more liberal extradition treaty?"

"Her majesty's government would make no treaty affecting Canada without consulting us, and would, I am sure, make a reasonable treaty of the kind that we desired, providing the assent of the other contracting party could be obtained. Canada is favorable to the making of an extradition treaty in the broadest terms, providing for the surrender of any criminal of whatever degree, save only those guilty of offenses so petty as to make the use of the machinery of extradition absurd. To my mind it is clear that the treaty would long since have been an accomplished fact but for the subtile influence on your side of the pernicious class, which insists that a man who kills or destroys by dynamite is not a criminal but a political offender. Were your president elected once in ten years instead of once in four we should have no such trouble."

RAILROAD NOTES.

CLOSE OF THE CENTRAL TRAFFIC ASSOCIATION MEETING.

CHICAGO, Dec. 15.—The Central Traffic association meeting closed to-day, with no results accomplished. It was decided not to ratify the appointment of a passenger arbitrator until it was decided whether one official should discharge the duties of both passenger and freight arbitrator.

A dispatch was received from Commissioner Fink stating that under no conditions would the trunk lines accept less than 28 per cent. of the through east-bound rate on Pacific coast freight, and would make no arrangements to pro-rate on west bound. The committee was requested to send out a circular, asking for all the signatures of managers in the affirmative on the question of abolishment of commissions after January 1.

It being the general opinion that the interstate commerce bill would pass, an opinion prevailed that it would be better to delay action on important matters till it was known whether there was to be a pool or not.

General passenger agents of the northwestern lines met to-day, to consider the Chicago and Grand Trunk road's claim that concessions be granted them on through rates to Oregon and British Columbia, to offset the low rates made by the Canadian Pacific. They decided not to depart from their past policy of treating all connections alike, and their interests at present could only be subserved by demanding full proportions of regular tariff rates from Chicago and Detroit.

THE WABASH TROUBLE.

CHICAGO, Dec. 15.—The matter of the appointment of a receiver for the Wabash railway system will come up before Judge Gresham here to-morrow. Judge Gresham, in his recent famous decision, deferred an appointment, in the hope that a settlement might be reached between the bondholders and the purchasing committee. It appears this evening that nothing has been done toward that end, and that the judge will be called on to appoint a receiver to-morrow.

THE FIRE RECORD.

A DISASTROUS HOTEL FIRE.

ST. PAUL, Dec. 15.—Pipestone, Minn. special to the *Pioneer Press*: The Calumet hotel burned this morning. Daniel McCullough was fatally injured; Rev. A. S. Orcutt, Baptist minister, was killed; a little colored boy suffered a broken back, and Virgil Pendergast was seriously hurt, all by falling walls. Loss, $45,000, fully insured. Nothing was saved. Lew Ellsworth escaped by a rope from a second story window.

BIG BLAZE AT CINCINNATI.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 15.—The store of J. M. McCullough & Sons, seed and agricultural implement company, 11 Walnut street, burned to-day; loss, $110,000; insurance, $60,000.

Another Life Saved.

Mrs. Harriet Cummings, of Cincinnati, Ohio, writes: "Early last winter my daughter was attacked with a severe cold, which settled on her lungs. We tried several medicines, none of which seemed to do her any good, but she continued to get worse, and finally raised large amounts of blood from her lungs. We called in a family physician, but he failed to do her any good. At this time a friend, who had been cured by DR. WM. HALL'S BALSAM FOR THE LUNGS, advised me to give it a trial. We then got a bottle and she began to improve, and by the use of three bottles was entirely cured."

ALMOST A PANIC.

A Very Exciting Day in the New York Stock Market.

PRICES DROP LIKE A PLUMMET.

The Largest Attendance and the Heaviest Sales on Record—Only One Firm Goes to the Wall—A Firm Close.

NEW YORK, Dec. 15.—The scene at the opening of the stock exchange this morning was one of the wildest ever witnessed there. For several moments the entire floor was crowded with knots of brokers, surging from one side to another, all seemingly bent on selling stocks. Prices dropped with such rapidity as to demoralize brokers who had buying orders, and little heed was paid to fractions in making sales. The greatest excitement was in Reading, which closed last night at 42¼, opened 2½ lower, and was sold down in a few minutes to 37¾. Richmond & West Point closed last night at 40, and opened at 38, and within a few minutes was selling at 32. Hocking Valley, which closed at 35⅝, opened at 34 and declined to 28⅜. Western Union closed last night at 71½, opened at 70, and sold at 68½.

London buying orders were cabled over for heavy blocks of stocks, and helped to sustain granger and trunk line securities.

It is understood that the movement is the result of a big combination against the bulls, which engineered the late large advance throughout the list. Trust companies controlled by friends of the bears are said to have started the break by calling in all loans on Reading.

THE SITUATION AT NOON.

NOON—Money on call is light at 12 per cent. The stock market after 11 renewed the break of the previous hour, and those stocks which had been strongest were in turn attacked, and selling was of the nature of a panic, declines ranging up to 20 per cent. in the active list, the most conspicuous being: New England 8½, Reading 8⅛, Omaha 6, Lackawanna 5⅛, New York Central 4, Canada Southern 3⅝, and others for smaller amounts. There was a slight rally towards noon, but at this time the market is active and very weak again.

Sales at the exchange during the first hour were 347,000 shares, and to noon 620,000 shares. The market is touching the lowest point in months. Some stocks have dropped 22 per cent. in the last few minutes. All brokers have orders to sell without limit. The heaviest losses by the bulls have been in Reading, New England, Lackawanna, Hocking Valley and Richmond terminal.

Gould & Cammack, brokers have been buying stocks at the decline, and the market begins to show a somewhat better tone.

FAILURE OF MARX & CO.

I. A. Marx & Co.'s failure has just been announced on the stock exchange. They were long of Terminal, Reading and kindred stocks. The stock exchange member of the firm of Marx & Co. has been a member of the board since 1869, and the firm is one of the most prominent in the street. He knew for some time that he would have to suspend, and made private settlements on all his stock exchange contracts.

RUMORS OF BANK TROUBLES.

1:30 P. M.—There are wild rumors afloat regarding the banks, but they can be traced to no foundation. A representative of the associated press has just visited several of the prominent banking institutions, including the American Exchange, Fourth National and Bank of America, and been assured that there is no trouble in any of the association banks. President Coe, of the American Exchange National bank, was strong in his denunciation of the rumor-mongers, and said: "There is nothing in this whole thing but the loud talk of Wall street bears. A few small broker firms have been caught on the wrong side of the market, but have made private settlements, and no further suspensions are anticipated."

At this writing the market, at its lowest, showed a decline of 4 to 15 points all along the line. It recovered 1 to 5, and is now selling off again. Money has advanced to 50 per cent.

1:45 P. M.—A prominent broker says the break in prices this morning is the result of the very conservative policy adopted by the banks for the past week or more in regard to loans. They have been charging 6 to 7 per cent. on good stocks, and from 8 to 15 per cent. on specialties. Also that brokers, being unwilling to carry stocks at these figures, called on holders for more margins. This brought out large selling orders, and as prices fell more stocks came out, resulting to-day in almost a panic. The present break can therefore be credited to tight money, and not to any inherent weakness in the stock market itself. The reserve, being down to such low figures as $40,000,000, was another unfortunate feature of the situation.

THE DANGEROUS HOUR SAFELY PASSED.

2 P. M.—The scene on the floor of the exchange at this hour, while somewhat animated, has no appearance of panic, although the hour of 2:15, when all deliveries of stock have to be made, is fast approaching.

Messrs. Kuhn, Loeb & Co. have ordered the shipment of one million dollars in gold from London, and telegrams have ordered five million francs from Paris. The exchange market has come down to the shipping point.

It is claimed in certain circles here that the alleged disastrous effect which the inter-state commerce bill, in its present shape, as reported to the house, on the railroad interests of the country has had considerable influence in creating the present depression.

2:15 P. M.—The stock market since 12 o'clock has shown much less activity, although transactions would be considered extremely heavy on any other day. Prices are much better, and recoveries ranging up to 2 per cent. were made by 1 P. M., but later the decline was again resumed, and the lowest figures yet attained were reached. The most conspicuous movement was in Manhattan, which was weak when the remainder of the list was firm, and its decline from noon figures was 9½ per cent. The remainder again showed some improvement towards 2, and at 2:15 the market was very active and irregular, but generally firm.

2:25 P. M.—Several buying orders appear to have been given in the stock exchange, and there is an impression that the selling movement has passed its climax. Shorts are beginning to cover, and houses with European connections are said to be buying. This will help to steady the market, and it will probably close firmer. The delivery hour has gone by without any fresh failures, which is regarded as an excellent indication.

THE EXCHANGE CLOSED.

3 P. M.—Money has loaned at ½ per cent. interest per diem, which is equal to 156 per cent.

The exchange is closed, and brokers are trooping out of the building, after a day of intense excitement and serious failures. The close was much firmer than could have been expected at the height of the excitement of midday, and gives promise of a better market to-morrow. The last loan was made at ⅛ per cent. interest.

Lazard & Freres have received cable advices that 1,250,000 francs in gold has been shipped to them. At the close the market was active and strong.

THE DAY REVIEWED.

The Largest Attendance and the Heaviest Sales on Record.

NEW YORK, Dec. 15.—Government bonds were dull and weak. Over one million shares was the total business in stocks to-day, which has never before been equaled in the history of the exchange, and but seldom approached. The panicky feeling that had developed in some of the low-priced shares the past two days spread to the more substantial stocks, and the pressure to sell exceeded anything ever seen in the board room. The attendance at the board was greater than ever seen before, and nearly every broker had orders to sell at the market. The excitement was intense, and the feeling closely upon a panic.

Only one failure was announced on the board, although rumors of others were thick at one time. The delivery hour passed with no further announcement of that nature, and a much better feeling took possession of the room.

The opening was extremely weak, declines from last evening's figures exceeding 1 per cent. for a large number of active stocks, while Reading was down 2½. Transactions for the first two hours were enormous. Sales for the first ten minutes approximated 150,000 shares, and up to noon over 620,000 shares changed hands. Declines in the first few minutes ranged up to 6 per cent. Toward the end of the first hour a slight rally occurred, grangers, trunk lines and Union Pacific displaying considerable strength. The market was feverish and irregular, however, and another slump soon followed, New England and Reading leading the decline. The extreme activity was largely decreased after 12 o'clock, accompanied by slight recoveries in some stocks. The downward movement, however, was again resumed, Manhattan assuming the lead.

In the last hour a general rally took place, and material advances over the lowest figures were recorded. The market closed active but firm at the recovery.

Total sales of the day were 1,088,434 shares, of which Reading furnished 181,065, Lackawanna 102,710, St. Paul 70,080, Western Union 82,565, and New England 64,830. Jersey Central is the only stock on the active list showing an advance, its gain for the day being ⅛c. New England lost 8½, West Point 6¾, Reading 5½, Manhattan and Tennessee Coal & Iron 5 per cent. each, Omaha 4½, Missouri Pacific 3⅝, Canada Southern 3½, Lackawanna 3¾, Hocking Valley 3¾, Pacific Mail 3½, Michigan Central 3, and others from 1 to 3 per cent.

CRIMINAL CALENDAR.

ARRESTED FOR HEAVY FORGERIES.

DENVER, Dec. 15.—J. E. Rosenfeld, loan collector of the private banking house of Garfield & Krmins, was arrested this evening charged with forgery. It is claimed he drew money from the bank to loan for the firm, which he kept, returning forged notes for the amount. His operations are thought to amount to $30,000.

ARRESTED FOR MURDER.

KANSAS CITY, Dec. 15.—At the instance of the authorities of Sioux City, Iowa, a man named Gauders was arrested here this afternoon on a charge of complicity in the murder of Rev. G. H. Harroch, prohibitionist, last summer. Gauders, passed under the name of James Braune, came down the river in a flat boat, and has been working in a packing house in Kansas City for several weeks. The nature of his connection with the murder case is not known here.

THE EASTERN QUESTION.

GADBAN EFFENDI PLAYING A DOUBLE GAME.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec. 15.—The ambassadors of five of the powers recently informed the porte that Gadban Effendi, special Turkish envoy to Bulgaria, has been playing a double game at Sofia. Yesterday the Austrian, French and Italian embassadors respectively told the Turkish minister of foreign affairs that notwithstanding the porte's circular, recommending Bulgarians to accept Prince Nicholas, of Mingrelia, as candidate for the Bulgarian throne, Gadban Effendi has expressed in Sofia his personal opinion that Bulgaria would do better to wait until the re-election of Prince Alexander was possible. It is reported that the Turkish ministry, in view of the representation, and after a discussion, has sent to the sultan a proposal for the dismissal of Gadban Effendi from the diplomatic service as soon as he returns to Constantinople, whither he is already on his way on leave of absence from Bulgaria.

GERMANY'S RELATIONS WITH RUSSIA.

ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 15.—The *Official Messenger* confutes articles which recently appeared in the Russian press generally describing Germany's attitude as hostile to Russia. The *Messenger* says: "It is to be regretted that the press has been thus deluded. Owing to their mutual, vital interests, the relations between Russia and Germany have become more consolidated. It has been proved by several trials that both powers recognize these relations as important to both. Russia intends to respect Germany's special interests, and has reason to be assured that Germany will continue to abstain from any action affecting Russia's dignity or the interests which are arising through Russia's historic relations with her eastern co-religionists. Germany's influence will be exclusively directed to maintain general peace, which Europe needs and which the czar and the Russian people earnestly desire."

THE ROYAL FAMILY FEUD.

LONDON, Dec. 15.—The Prince of Wales and the Duke of Edinburgh vigorously support the candidacy of Prince Ferdinand of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha for the throne of Bulgaria, and they are using their personal influence at Berlin and St. Petersburg in Ferdinand's favor. It is certain that the czar will approve his candidacy. Queen Victoria continues to favor the Battenbergs, and the royal family feud is becoming more bitter. The Prince of Wales ignores the presence of Prince Alexander at Windsor, and has remonstrated with the queen for advancing Alexander to the rank of military grand cross of the Order of the Bath, the grade to which Emperor William and the Prince Imperial of Germany belong.

EFFECT OF THE WAR SCARE.

BERLIN, Dec. 15.—The public feeling of uneasiness, owing to the war scare, though without definite base, is beginning visibly to effect business and retard enterprise.

It is reliably stated that Count Von Moltke, at dinner yesterday, gave it as his official opinion that while Emperor William lives Germany will preserve the peace of Europe.

AN APPEAL TO THE MACEDONIANS.

RUSTCHUK, Dec. 15.—Stoinoffs, supporter of the regency, has published a letter in the *Slavdanine* (newspaper), urging Macedonians to rise up against Turkish authority, join the people of Eastern Roumelia and Bulgaria in constituting a state which shall be "Great Bulgaria," with Prince Alexander as king, and otherwise join in proclaiming the Bulgarian republic.

A NEW CANDIDATE.

VIENNA, Dec. 15.—It is stated that the Prince of Reiss warmly supports the candidacy of Prince Ferdinand of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha for the Bulgarian throne. It is rumored that Emperor William has written to the czar advising him to accept Prince Ferdinand, and thereby end the Bulgarian trouble.

ENGLAND.

THE CAMPBELL DIVORCE CASE.

LONDON, Dec. 15.—In the hearing of the Campbell divorce case to-day several witnesses testified that Lady Colin sought factory girls and engaged in mission work among the poor. Her engagements of this kind kept her employed several times a week from 6 to 10 o'clock in the evening.

Lady Miles produced a book to show that plaintiff and the Duke of Marlborough occupied rooms in opposite ends of the house at Leigh Court, and not adjoining as witnesses for the defense had intimated in their testimony.

Two gate keepers at Queen Ann's gate, where Marlborough lives in London, testified that they never saw Lady Colin visit the duke's house there.

An architect swore that he was unable to see anything through the key hole in the dining room door in Cadagan Place, through which the man servant O'Neill testified he saw Lady Colin and Marlborough together. Witness gave it as his opinion that it was absolutely impossible to see the floor of the dining room through the keyhole. It was decided to have the jury visit and inspect the dining room.

The case for Lady Colin Campbell was then closed.

The Duke of Marlborough then took the stand, and in a firm voice said he never was guilty of adultery or any impropriety with Lady Colin Campbell.

Chief Shaw, another co-respondent, took the stand and testified that he knew Lady Colin's family for many years. His daughter was one of Lady Colin's bridesmaids. His wife always called upon Lord and Lady Campbell when in London. The testimony of the man servant, O'Neil, that he saw witness and Lady Colin in a compromising position in the dining rooom of Cadagan Place, Chief Shaw pronounced an absolute lie. He never heard a breath of suspicion against Lady Colin's character until her petition for divorce was lodged against Lord Colin.

Justice Butt will sum up the Campbell case Monday.

LONDON WOOL SALES.

LONDON, Dec. 15.—At the wool sales to-day scoured brought higher prices, but other classes were unchanged. The present series of sales will terminate to-morrow. Details of to-day's business are as follows:

Victoria, sales 400 bales; scoured, 8d@1s 0d; do locks and pieces, 9½d@1s 4d; greasy, 5½d@9½d; do locks and pieces, 3d@7d.

New South Wales, sales 2500 bales; scoured, 9d @1s 5d; do locks and pieces, 9½d@1s 3d; greasy, 5d@10½d; do locks and pieces, 4d@8d.

South Australia, sales 1500 bales; scoured, 10d@1s 9d; do locks and pieces, 8½d@1s 3d; greasy, 4½d@9½d; do locks and pieces, 4d@8d.

Cape of Good Hope and Natal, sales 500 bales; greasy, 4d@8d; snow white, 1s@1s 6½d.

WILL RAISE THE RATE OF EXCHANGE.

LONDON, Dec. 15.—Financiers say a large amount is about to be drawn from the Bank of England for shipment to America, to relieve the New York market. It is expected that the bank will raise the rate of exchange to-day in consequence.

CANADA.

DECISION AGAINST AN AMERICAN DEFAULTER.

MONTREAL, Dec. 15.—Judge Dugas to-day delivered judgment in the Hoke extradition case. The judge said the accused was charged with forging and uttering several drafts and bills of exchange by means of filling in the body of blank checks to which the proper signatures were attached, and in this way and otherwise defrauding to the extent of $179,803. The judge quoted a large number of authorities, and held that the filling up of such blank checks, without authority and with intent to defraud was forgery, and it came within the meaning of the extradition treaty. The judge said he had carefully reviewed all the evidence, and committed Hoke to jail for fifteen days to await extradition to the United States, stating that Hoke could apply for a writ of habeas corpus, which defendant's counsel at once gave notice he would do. Hoke was a bank defaulter from Peoria, Ills.

THE SEIZURES OF CANADIAN SEALERS.

OTTAWA, Ont., Dec. 15.—An elaborate statement concerning the seizure of Canadian sealing schooners in Behring's sea by United States authorities, has been prepared by the dominion government for transmission to the imperial government. It will probably be made to appear that the United States government views its fishing privileges on the Atlantic and Pacific coasts from totally different standpoints.

EUROPEAN POLITICS.

ENGLAND, AS USUAL, AHEAD.

BERLIN, Dec. 15.—The *Kreuz Zeitung* says: "As a result of the delimitation conference England has secured the best route to Victoria Nyanza. From this point of view quite a new aspect is lent to her zeal in preparing for the Emin Bey relief expedition. On the pretense of pursuing a humane purpose, the English will immediately show their power in those parts, and suddenly take possession of the route leading to the inland lakes."

BUT GERMANY IS A GOOD SECOND.

PARIS, Dec. 15.—The *Temps* has advices from Zanzibar, saying the entire African coast between Kipini and Lamoo, including Manda bay and the island of Galta, has been ceded to Germany.

IRELAND.

DILLON AND O'BRIEN.

DUBLIN, Dec. 15.—Dillon and O'Brien, it is announced, will attend a campaign meeting at Kingston on Thursday. Friends advise Dillon to give bail, continue the rest of the campaign, and force a trial by jury by estreat of sureties.

FRANCE.

FIFTY DAYS WITHOUT FOOD.

PARIS, Dec. 15.—Merlatti completed his fifty day fast at 6 o'clock this evening. The doctors in attendance gave him a small quantity of specially prepared wine before giving him food. He is in good condition.

THE PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION.

BERNE, Dec. 15.—M. N. Droz, now vice-president, has been elected president of Switzerland for 1887, and M. F. W. Portenstein, present minister of war, has been elected vice-president. Both are radicals.

DOMESTIC NEWS.

Indications of Another Protracted Railroad War.

THE STRIKE AND ITS RESULTS.

Ex-Alderman McQuade Convicted—Exposure of a Secret Band of Robbers and Murderers—The Record of a Day.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec 15.—This morning many railroad men were surprised to learn that a full set of Atlantic & Pacific and Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe tickets had been placed in the office of the Chicago & Alton road They claim that the Alton has no more right to a full line of tickets than the Burlington or Rock Island roads, and are confident that the action on the part of the Atlantic and Pacific means war But what constitutes a casus belli no one seems to know, although it is confidently asserted that war is meant that war will come, and come soon and that it will be a war for blood, and not like the contest of one year ago a simple trial of strength Should the transcontinental fight begin anew it is asserted that it would be carried on in a manner which would make the former war seem child's play.

Still, as before stated no one has any positive information and at the offices of the Chicago & Alton and the Atlantic & Pacific roads nothing except words of peace can be heard Still there was exhibited in the office of the former road a case containing a full line of Atlantic & Pacific tickets which were being sold but at regular rates

THE OLD TROUBLES NEVER ENDED

Railroad men who have usually scented danger from afar think that the action of the Atlantic & Pacific is as significant as was similar action by the Southern Pacific company last spring, when it put a line of tickets in the Union Pacific office It is well known that the old transcontinental troubles have never been settled, neither party to the war having yielded so far as known, any of its demands, and in addition to this old score there has recently arisen a new cause of ill feeling on account of the issuance of a rate sheet by the Southern Pacific company alone whereas the Atlantic & Pacific road demanded that the rate sheet should be issued jointly

No other reasons for a resumption of war if war is to come are as yet known to railroad men The belief that war is imminent is still further strengthened however by a report that the Atlantic & Pacific road is about to issue a full line of tickets into the hands of a dealer in railroad tickets who is not a representative of any railroad line either here or in the East A few days it is probable, will determine whether or not there is to be a larger rush to California this winter than there was nine months ago The fact that peace was not patched up at the meeting held this afternoon makes the situation all the more ominous for the railroads

IT LOOKS BAD

SAN FRANCISCO Dec. 15—A meeting of railroad agents was held this afternoon at the Palace hotel to endeavor to secure a temporary agreement until it could be ascertained whether or not there was any chance of the Chicago agreement going into force The discussion at the meeting was very heated and the prospect of even a temporary agreement looked very vague but it was finally decided to maintain rates until to-morrow noon, when another meeting will be held Judging from present indications a rate war seems inevitable and is liable to be precipitated at any moment.

CALIFORNIA

THE STREET CAR STRIKE

SAN FRANCISCO Dec 15.—Quiet prevailed on both the Geary and Sutter street lines to-day Seven cars were run on the Geary street line which is about one third the number run before the strike began The company expects to have the full number of cars running by to-morrow noon The Sutter street road is gradually increasing the number of their cars Policemen are still stationed at the termini of both roads No symptoms of trouble have occurred, and none is expected

This afternoon for the first time since the strike cars were started on the Polk street branch of the Sutter street line. Horse cars were taken out and continued to run for the rest of the day

The striking car men had a procession this afternoon parading along both Sutter and Geary streets A number of police officers accompanied them The men were very orderly and in fact there were no manifestations whatever The quiet at both the Geary and Sutter street roads remained undisturbed all day

The striking carmen and representatives of the street railroads on which the strikes are pending held a conference this evening but were unable to come to any arrangements

James McCord superintendent of the Sutter street railroad surrendered to the city authorities as soon as he heard the coroner's jury had charged him with murder He was immediately released on $10 000 bonds.

M'CORD AND KELSEY CHARGED WITH MURDER

SAN FRANCISCO Dec 15—The coroner held an inquest to-day in the case of Bernard Heinze who was killed during the riot at the terminus of the Sutter street line Monday last. Testimony given by witnesses pointed to John Kelsey now under arrest charged with murder as the person who fired the fatal shot City Physician Black testified to making an autopsy on deceased It was the doctor's judgment that the shot must have been fired by some one above deceased Kelsey's testimony showed that he was below Heinze on the hill. After fifteen minutes' deliberation the jury returned a verdict finding that deceased came to his death from hemorrhage of the brain, caused by a bullet from a pistol in the hand of Kelsey They also found that J McCord superintendent of the Sutter street line was guilty of ordering his guards to shoot Both were charged with murder

THE STRIKERS EXPECTING POWDERLY

SAN FRANCISCO Dec. 15—It is stated here that General Master Workman Powderly of the Knights of Labor is on his way to this city to confer with Knights on the car troubles He is expected to arrive here the latter part of this week.

OPPOSED TO THE FREE SHIP BILL.

SAN FRANCISCO Dec. 15—The following self explanatory telegram was ordered sent to the California congressional delegation at Washington to-day by the chamber of commerce

W W Morrow committee on commerce The chamber of commerce has passed a strong resolution against the admission of foreign ships to American registry Please confer with our delegation and with Dingley Use every effort to defeat the free ship bill Resolutions by mail. H L. DODGE, President

COLLINS'S COMPANION CONVICTED

The jury in the case of John H Snyder charged with criminally assaulting Mrs Louisa Bell near the park recently brought in a verdict of guilty with a recommendation to the mercy of the court Thomas Collins charged with the same crime was convicted a few days since

WORK ON THE C. & O

Work on the California & Oregon will probably be continued through the winter if the rains do not seriously interfere A number of box cars have been fitted up as lodging houses for the workmen and been sent up to Butteville

LOCKED UP FOR THE NIGHT

The jury in the case of Calvin Pratt charged with forgery not being able to come to an agreement were locked up for the night.

FRUITS TO BE SENT TO CHICAGO

SACRAMENTO Dec 15—It was decided to-day to send the collection of citrus fruits and other products of central and northern California, which have been displayed at the citrus fair the past three days to Chicago at the close of the week The railroad company has volunteered to furnish free transportation

WASHINGTON TERRITORY

TWO MEN KILLED IN A CAVING BANK

WALLA WALLA Dec [illegible] A Lewiston special says Yesterday at [illegible] in the afternoon Harvey Wamsley and son and his brother in law Perrington were digging under the bank of the Snake river several miles above Asotin City for beaver While sixteen feet under the bank it caved and buried old Wamsley eight feet, burying one two feet, and young Wamsley waist deep The latter was saved Wamsley and Perrington were taken out at 8 o'clock last night The funeral took place to-day.

THE UNION PACIFIC

Why the Government's Requirements are Reduced—The Proposed Lease.

BOSTON, Dec. 15—In the course of a called meeting of the Union Pacific railway directors to-day Government Director Alexander inquired of President Adams why the government requirements for the first nine months of the present year which were $387,500 in 1885 were estimated at only $55[illegible]000 during the current year

In reply President Adams stated that this was due to the war in rates which had existed since February last among the transcontinental railways, and which had destroyed the profit on the whole transcontinental traffic of the year The government requirements were based upon the percentage of net earnings of aided lines especially the Union Pacific These lines were originally built to do little else than transcontinental business This business had formerly been confined to the Union and Central Pacific and Panama and had been a source of great profit It was now divided among six routes that had been and still were competing for it to such an extent that the business had this year been done without any net profit at all The net earnings of the Union Pacific had therefore during the current year been derived almost exclusively from business delivered to its branch lines But for this branch line business the amount to be paid to the government under the Thurman act requirement would have been reduced to almost nothing as that act called for [illegible] per cent of the net earnings of the Union Pacific division and but for the business of the branch lines the Union Pacific division would have had but a very small earning The security of the government now lies in the traffic which the original aided lines derive from the present Union Pacific auxiliary branch system and from the active development of that system the company must in the future derive means for meeting its obligations to the government

A draft of an indenture in three parts between the Union Pacific the Oregon Short Line and the Oregon Railway & Navigation company was submitted to the meeting by President Adams The Oregon Short Line under this instrument, leases the property of the Oregon Railway & Navigation company and covenants of the lease are guaranteed by the Union Pacific A [illegible] per cent dividend is guaranteed on the stock of the Oregon Railway & Navigation company and provision is made for the early extension of the railroad system of the Oregon Railway & Navigation company and the Short Line The instrument, as submitted, was approved by the board and referred to the executive committee for such changes in details as might be advised by counsel and agreed upon by the parties.

A BAND OF MURDERERS.

A Secret Society of Negroes who are Bent on Robbery and Murder

CHARLESTON, S. C., Dec. 15—A week ago the *News and Courier* published a dispatch from York county, S C., reporting that a white boy named John Leegood had been so beaten and mangled that he soon died, and that four colored men had been arrested as murderers and committed to jail It was stated that the theory was that some of the negroes had been detected by the boy in the act of stealing cotton from his father's field and that to prevent their arrest they killed him There was great excitement in the county in consequence and several more arrests were made

The *News and Courier* to get at the facts sent a special correspondent to York and will publish to-morrow the result of his investigations. There is evidently an alarming state of affairs in York county, and it is probable that an organization exists among the colored people which contemplates murder in the event of the detection of any member accused Twenty-six negroes are under arrest.

RESULT OF THE INQUEST

The inquest on the body of the murdered boy before a discreet jury brought out all the facts One of the negroes turned state's evidence and another admitted that he killed a man who was found murdered in the country eighteen months ago Several of the colored witnesses at the inquest swore distinctly that they had a club in the country for the purpose of stealing cotton provisions, whisky etc The members were to steal whatever they wanted and if detected were sworn to kill the person who detected them The club had different names but was generally known as The Rising Star Lodge No 24 of the Grand United Order National Laborers and Political Society of North America" The charter came from Charlotte N C and is dated December 1881 The charter however would seem to show that the society had only benevolent and fraternal objects

Among other things revealed at the inquest was a plot to waylay wealthy men who had money

One of the witnesses gave a detailed account of the murder of the poor boy John Leegood and also the names of his accomplices in the crime Talk of a general lynching has abated, but indignation and unrest are intense

McQUADE CONVICTED

The Jury is out only Thirty Minutes—The Prisoner Unmoved

NEW YORK Dec. 15—Recorder Smyth in his charge to the jury in the McQuade case to-day pronounced the testimony of the servant girl Katie Metz as direct and unshaken and worthy of having much weight. It was for the jury to decide whether Duffy's and Fullgraff's testimony had been corroborated The court also reviewed at length and laid stress upon the relations of Maloney and members of the board of aldermen with the officers and attorneys of the Broadway road The fact that the prisoner had not been put on the stand in his own behalf must not be taken against him the recorder said in conclusion

Just half an hour after the retirement of the jury as Gen Tracy and Mr Newcomb were passing down stairs to dinner an officer ran after Newcomb and catching him breathlessly exclaimed "Come back, they are agreed"

The crowd which had hardly left the court room rushed back and for several minutes the greatest excitement reigned but the principal man whose liberty was at stake showed no more signs of interest than if he were only an ordinary spectator

Presently the jury came in They had a funereal expression of face The roll was called and Foreman Henry Ottenberg stood up and in reply to the question answered "Guilty of the crime as charged in the first count in the indictment" The roll was called again and each juror answered guilty as his name was called

When the verdict was given to the court McQuade alone remained unmoved His demeanor was not different from that of any other day of the trial The jury at once left the courtroom declining all interviews

EASTERN NEWS ITEMS

A TRANSATLANTIC STEAMER OVERDUE

NEW YORK Dec 15 The operator at Sandy Hook last night mistook the signal of the Guion line steamer Alaska for those of the General Transatlantic company's boat La Burgoyne and reported the arrival of the latter Up to midnight to-night she had not been sighted The Alaska was obliged to anchor outside the bar for high water and did not reach her wharf until nearly noon With the La Burgoyne she sailed [illegible] at noon on Sunday Very severe weather was experienced and for a long time the engines were only on half movement Excitement ran very high to-day when it was learned that the La Burgoyne had not arrived She has [illegible] passengers on board About the Battery it is thought that the Burgoyne's machinery is disabled and that she is proceeding to this city under sail They base this belief on the fact that the [illegible] Canada which arrived Sunday [illegible] about 150 miles off Sandy Hook a transatlantic steamer under canvas apparently with machinery disabled

SALE OF THOROUGHBREDS

LEXINGTON Ky Dec 15—There was a large attendance of turfmen at the thoroughbred sale of S J Brown to-day Fifty six lots were sold for [illegible] The following are among the lots sold Three year olds Blue Wing by Imp Billett dam Mundane to S S Brown of Pittsburg $[illegible] [illegible] Burton by Imp Billett dam Mirah R Tucker of New York $ 300 Fire Rye by Imp Billett dam Mary Clark D Luisifer Chicago $ [illegible]00 Bob Fisher by Fonso dam Planatamium S S Brown $1,050 Two-year olds Montrose by Duke of Montrose dam Hattie A S Nabold Cincinnati $1100 Duke of Bourbon by Duke of Magenta dam Edith S S Brown $2650 Yearlings Lee Dixon by Imp Billett dam Jacobit G B Morris New Orleans $2600 The Lion by Imp Billett dam Vida Edward Brown $3110 Kinfgarter by Imp Billett dam Mundane S S Brown $3750

AMERICAN BASEBALL LEAGUE

NEW YORK Dec 15—The sixth annual meeting of the American Baseball league assembled here to-day After the reading of the minutes the report of the directors who met yesterday was presented to the association and adopted unanimously Then the association ratified the decision of the special meeting held about three weeks ago at Cincinnati at which it was agreed to admit Cleveland into the association and subsequently entered upon a discussion upon the playing rules

The report of the joint committee on rules which met at Chicago a month ago was read and adopted together with the report of the arbitration committee in regard to alteration in the national agreement The association by a unanimous vote re-elected Wheeler Wycoff as president secretary and treasurer

EFFECTS OF THE CHARLESTON EARTHQUAKE

NEW YORK Dec. 15—Five insurance companies here received from Charleston S C yesterday a communication from a special committee of builders and architects, embodying the results of a thorough inspection of buildings in that city injured by the recent earthquake many of which are insured in companies in this and other Northern cities They inspected in all 8000 buildings They found 90 per cent of these built of brick more or less damaged while frame buildings suffered only from falling chimneys cracked plastering and injured foundations Factories and mills all suffered more or less but churches as a class suffered more than other edifices Not 100 chimneys out of 14 000 escaped damage and [illegible] per cent of these 14,000 were broken off at the roof and went to the ground

THREE PERSONS KILLED

INDIANAPOLIS Dec 15—At Switz City on the Indianapolis & Vincennes railway this afternoon a portable engine which was being utilized to furnish power for a sawmill blew up A H Shoptow owner of the mill was instantly killed also his son James and nephew William Shoptow Their bodies were horribly mutilated

A DRAW

NEW YORK, Dec 15 Tommy Danforth and Mike Cushing for the championship of light weights fought for [illegible] in the early hours of this morning at a [illegible] sporting house As they entered the ring [illegible] weighed [illegible] 130 pounds The fight was finally declared a draw

CHINESE LABOR DRIVEN OUT

NEWARK N J Dec 15 To-day Chinamen who have for [illegible] years been employed [illegible] This was instigated through the Knights of Labor

[illegible]

NEW HAVEN Conn Dec 15 [illegible] Yale's half back [illegible] Thanksgiving game [illegible] which developed into fever

ATLANTIC STEAMER MOVEMENTS

NEW YORK Dec 15—Arrived Alaska. The report last night of the arrival of the La Burgoyne was an error The observer at the Highlands mistook the Alaska for the La Burgoyne

AFTERNOON DISPATCHES.

A DECISION IN FAVOR OF BENNETT

LONDON, Dec 15—In the appeal of James Gordon Bennett against the decision awarding Cyrus W Field £5000 damages for statements derogatory to the latter, published in the New York *Herald*, the court of appeals to-day quashed the verdict against Bennett. The present decision takes the ground that Bennett, not being a British subject, and not a resident of Great Britain, the substituted sentence on him in London, upon which the verdict was obtained, was illegal The court condemns Field to pay the costs.

PATTI SEATS IN GREAT DEMAND

CITY OF MEXICO (via Galveston), Dec 15—Notwithstanding the public has been victimized in the recent swindle by the pretended agent of Patti, the demand for seats during the season here next month is so great that twice the capacity of the house has already been applied for, and this, too with the prices of admission 25 per cent higher than those fixed by the bogus agent

It is reported here to-day at the office of the governor of this federal district, that a fugitive alleged to be Chas Burton is a new here in the state of Guadalajara, making his way to the Pacific coast.

RAN AWAY TO CANADA

NEW YORK, Dec 15—William Sterer, engaged in the commission dry goods business on Church street for many years, has suddenly departed, leaving creditors to the extent of $500 000 Sterer is over 60 years of age and blind, but it is thought that he reached Canada all right

A WORKINGMAN'S CANDIDATE ELECTED

LYNN, Mass Dec. 15—George D Hart (workingman's candidate) was yesterday elected mayor, over Kimball (citizen's candidate) by a vote of 3817 to 3283.

WILL YOU SUFFER with Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint? Shiloh's Vitalizer is guaranteed to cure you. WOODARD, CLARKE & Co., agents.

NEWS OF THE NORTHWEST.

WASHINGTON TERRITORY.

An exchange says that there is a discovery that five or six townships in Adams county, about ten miles north of Washtucna lake and some twenty five south of Ritzville lying between the railroad and the Mullan road contain a great deal of good farming land, with abundance of water near the surface The region is out of the traveled lines and has heretofore escaped notice by farm seekers

A young man 22 or 23 years old whose true name could not be ascertained, but who was known at the front as "Dutch Jake" was drowned while crossing Green river on Sunday, December 12 The particulars of the accident were as follows About noon of that day Dutch Jake came down to the river at a point near McDonald's hotel opposite the gravel pit and about a mile above Eagle Gorge Spanning the river was a large log which served as a foot bridge The rope, fastened to posts, which had served as a guide in lieu of a handrail, had become unfastened but Jake resolved to cross He became dizzy when about half way over evidently from gazing at the rushing waters, lost his balance and fell, and the current sucked him under There is no possibility of recovering the unfortunate man's body, as the river is running high and swift.

SPOKANE FALLS.

Mr J C Helm and family left Thursday for Portland Mr Helm having accepted a position in the Western Union telegraph office

James McMahn, sentenced to two years in the penitentiary for larceny, escaped from the Spokane jail early Sunday morning, and is still at large Sunday afternoon James Gorman, who is wanted in Idaho for horse stealing, also escaped, but was recaptured

FARMINGTON

The Farmington correspondent of the Walla Walla *Journal*, writes under date of December 11 Yesterday two men registered at the Hotel Fulton as James Jones and George Wilson of Butte, Mont During a few hours stay, they succeeded in passing two bogus checks, hired a team and departed The character of one being suspicious parties were at once started out, who overhauled the culprits at Palouse City It transpired that they succeeded in getting checks cashed at Rosalia, Spangle, Belmont, Farmington and Garfield Checks on the bank of Spokane Falls were signed W H Singleton other drafts were on the Corbin Banking company

ELLENSBURG

Ed Regan, the brakeman whose leg was crushed by the cars near Cle-elum died at Ellensburg on the 2d inst, of blood poisoning it is said

The Northern Pacific company paid the expenses of brakeman Ed Regan's funeral amounting to $170 The funeral was the largest ever held in Ellensburg, and was headed by the band

A S Gross wants the loan, subscription or gift of $[illegible] from Ellensburg in consideration of which he proposes to build at that point reduction works, of fifteen tons per diem capacity, and operate them for at least a year

NORTH YAKIMA

Special Agent Charles W Dickson who has had charge of the Yakima Indian agency for some time past, has departed with his family for Washington

A man named Roberts is now confined in the Yakima county jail awaiting examination by the grand jury More than a year ago he stopped for the night at a cabin in Horse Heaven and abused his host's hospitality by stealing away in the night with a pocketbook containing [illegible] The robber heard the movements of [illegible] and tried to stop him but an empty revolver had been sufficient [illegible] from the [illegible] Roberts The thief was arrested in Kittitas county recently

TACOMA

Burglars broke into the [illegible] Monday night, and [illegible] lot of knives [illegible]

Two more children of Postmaster [illegible] of Tacoma have been sick with typhoid fever Mr [illegible] now has five children at home who have the fever

Lieut Reynolds, of the Fourteenth infantry stationed at Port Townsend left [illegible] day for Fort Walla Walla, where he expected to [illegible] court martial [illegible] The steamer Anderson Wednesday morning brought a prisoner from the fort in charge of two non commissioned officers and three privates, bound for Walla Walla At Kalama they received a telegram stating that the court martial had been postponed, consequently the five soldiers with their prisoner returned on the evening train and took the steamer for Port Townsend

WALLA WALLA

Walla Walla winter Mercury in the sixties daisies and violets blooming luxuriantly in the dooryards

Whitman college has in actual attendance [illegible] students, the largest number in the history of the institution

Capt S M Swelgert Second U S cavalry has received information that all his baggage was destroyed with the train which was burned near Minneapolis recently

The *Journal* says Hon C H Warner will leave here Thursday for Colfax to render Judge Guichard's official bond for the registership is on the way to Washington, and when his commission arrives he will at once assume his duties in the land office

A general courtmartial has been ordered to convene at the post Thursday, to try several important cases Aside from the officers here, there are eight who will come from abroad to serve on this court, Col Swelzer as president and Lieut. Happenuss judge advocate On account of scarlet fever, now so prevalent at the post, the post commander has written to the commander of the department for advice regarding a change of time, but no reply has been received yet.

The Waitsburg *Times* urges Judge Guichard, the new register of the Walla Walla land office, to retain his office of probate judge, and adds "There is nothing to hinder Judge Guichard from holding the two positions nothing to prevent him from having the two offices in the same building, and we believe it is his duty to himself and his constituents to retain the position to which the people of the county have so often and with such big majorities elected him as well as that of register of the Walla Walla land office"

SEATTLE

In the district court Monday a [illegible] of appeal was given in the case of the [illegible] steamer Idaho

Postmaster Carr's term expired Monday and the democracy are quite excited over the appointment of his successor

On Saturday a military company was formed among the [illegible] and already numbers about forty men

Monday evening, in a Chinese wash house [illegible] was stabbed probably fatally by an unknown man The assailant was arrested

[illegible] was frightfully stabbed by a man [illegible] at Port Blakely Monday night [illegible] evidently a drunken row [illegible] is suffering from twenty four knife wounds, and his recovery is not probable

About forty men are now at work on the Lake Union canal, and every individual applying for a job is at once handed a pick and shovel One of the locks has been completed and the other is well under way An employe on the work states that at the present rate the canal will be completed about the first of next June

On Tuesday L L Bales, Charles Jones E F [illegible], J J Hetzel and J Montgomery who were sentenced to McNeil's island for conspiracy, charged to have been caused by driving Chinese out of Olympia, were discharged They were sentenced to six months and pay a fine of $[illegible] The time was reduced one month in credits, and they were allowed thirty days for the $[illegible]

Post Intelligencer Dr O G Root, D F Denny and J McCoombs, of the Lake Union Water company, went over to Portland on Friday to see what could be done in the way of selecting the necessary pumping apparatus to raise water from the well they are now sinking to the reservoir on top, when they succeed in striking water They returned Sunday evening, and report having seen a number of such pumps in operation, and selected the kind they will require Their well is now down 2[illegible]0 feet, and still dry The workmen have again struck dry sand Dr Root says the work will be continued until water is found, if it takes all summer

PACIFIC COUNTY

The people of the Willapa are talking county seat They want to move it to Willapa City Lack of communication with Oysterville is the result of the agitation

An Oysterville advertiser gravely informs the public that he has received a stock of kangaroo ladies' shoes It will surprise many to learn that female kangaroos have taken to wearing a foot covering

The schooner Argonaut, Capt Decker, was towed into South Bend by the Hunter a few nights ago through mistake She was bound for Hoquiam and the Hunter picked her up off Shoalwater bay bar and thought she was bound for South Bend Capt Decker came near painting the town red when he woke up to the fact the next morning

The North river country should receive more attention from citizens of this county, says the Oysterville *Journal*. D. W. Brown, of Bay Center, made a trip to that section last week, leaving his home in a canoe and going within six miles of Montesano with the same conveyance At the jam, a few miles above the mouth of the river, he had to haul the canoe around the obstacles, and from there on he met with no difficulty in his course The country is much larger and finer than it is usually supposed to be, and Mr Brown thinks it will support a good many families The jam can easily be removed.

Oysterville *Journal* The lower end of Sand island is gradually filling until now it is impossible for steamers to go into Fort Canby that way By the other end of the island there is now only twelve feet of water at average tide These changes have occurred within the past year and a half, and the question naturally arises When both ends of Sand island close up how are we going to get out to the Columbia river and Astoria?

A correspondent writing from Sunshine says "We thought we had seen all of the latest innovations, relating to the different modes of locomotion, but when on a recent trip up the Nasel, we discovered our mistake Imagine an enormous scow load of hay, a yoke of oxen hitched to said scow, scow and oxen both in the middle of the Nasel river, with the captain of the arrangement sitting gracefully amidship of the latter ox, and the whole gallantly breasting the turbulent waters of the Nasel and you will have a faint idea of the unique style of tow boats used upon the upper river"

OREGON

A Baker City man bears the name of Colin Campbell

Circuit court convenes at Union next Monday, at which time Bennett will be tried for murder, and the Lohner matter will come up

GRANT COUNTY.

Charley Williams, the sheep inspector, reports the prevalence of scabbiness in the southern portion of the district and the necessity of quarantining 2060 sheep belonging to Mr Frake He says there are no scabby sheep on Long creek

SALEM

The Salem flouring mills have been shut down the past week, owing to high water

The claim of Marion county against Linn county, for costs incurred by the former in the trial of the state vs Mattie Alison, has been satisfactorily adjusted Monday County Clerk Chapman received a check from J P Galbraith clerk of Linn county, for $8[illegible]1 81, the full amount of the claim

MILTON

The citizens of Weston have appointed a committee of five to confer with a similar committee from Milton in regard to the division of Umatilla county

Milton is bound to have a paper Charles [illegible] has promised to run it for a time The first issue is promised for January 1st the material having been purchased by a company of Miltonites interested in the division of Umatilla county

ALBANY

The people of Lebanon, who have been for some time considering the question of constructing and providing the town with a water ditch for manufacturing purposes, are now pushing the project forward with the prospects of obtaining the desired end Mr A S Churchill of Lebanon was in the city the other day, says the Albany *Herald* representing the citizens of the town to confer with John Crawford, the present owner of the Albany canal, in reference to the project The promoters of the scheme want to construct a canal from the Santiam river and connect it with the Albany water ditch, thus feeding the Albany canal from their own ditch The length of the proposed canal will be about three and one half miles and the estimated cost is $8 000 Of this amount about $[illegible] has already been promised

BRITISH COLUMBIA

Mayor Beaugrand of Montreal is visiting Victoria

The Canadian Pacific railway company has expended $2[illegible]5 000 in Victoria [illegible]

It is understood that the legislature will meet about the beginning of the first week in January.

A report has been current for several days at Victoria that the Canadian Pacific railway through train service will be reduced to three times per week each way during the winter months There are some grounds for believing this to be correct

The property of the Canadian Pacific railway will be taxed in the districts in which it is located The rolling stock within the province however, will necessarily have to be taxed in one district, and it is thought that taxes will be collected on this item in New Westminster Railway taxes will form quite an important amount in the revenue of the province

IDAHO

The legislature is now in session at Boise City The house is a tie—12 and 12—and have locked horns on temporary organization There is no telling how long it will take to complete its organization The council, however is democratic by a vote of seven to five This is owing to the defection of H W Smith, of Bingham

MINING NOTES

COLVILLE

Reports reach Spokane Falls that the claim belonging to Dr Thompson, Mr Taylor and Mr Barton on Chugstone creek, in the Colville section, is panning out in great shape A body of very rich carbonate has been found of almost faultless formation, and the vein is still widening as far as followed

COEUR D'ALENE

Good sledding is what the camps now need, above all other things

In accordance with telegraphic instructions received from Louisville Thursday night, nearly all the men in the employ of the Idaho company were discharged Friday morning Lack of lumber and mine timbers was the cause.

On Sunday afternoon, says the Murray *Sun* Lou Williamson, of the Treasury Box mine which adjoins the Occident on the east, on what is known as the Ophir mountain, to which the Mother Lode has given such prominence brought down to the bank of Murray two large pieces of quartz taken from the mine on Saturday, which created a veritable sensation Both chunks are studded with bright gold, the larger one containing a seam of several inches in length, which, if separated from the quartz might be passed off for nuggets The smaller of the two pieces is one of the prettiest specimens probably ever exhibited here It is about the size of an ordinary man's hand, and shows innumerable particles of glittering gold

LANE COUNTY MINES

[illegible] Falls

At a meeting of the shareholders of the [illegible] Fox valley, last week, John [illegible] was unanimously elected superintendent Preparations for opening work are now going on under his instructions

The First Chance Mining company of Fox valley held a meeting last week to decide upon the best method of opening the mine next season West creek will be tapped a little higher up to secure greater pressure for the hydraulic The work is now superintended by J W Blackwell

The Long creek country has never been prospected to any extent The whole Blue mountain range in this vicinity stands comparatively untouched There has been a little prospecting here and there for quartz but the labor necessary to the development of anything like quartz mining has never been performed It is a vast and virgin field for the quartz prospector

We learn of E C Allen, of the Allen, Short & Porter company, that the machinery for their hydraulic mining on Ruby creek has been ordered by the company and will be in full operation with a big crew early in the spring Mr Allen, in company with Messrs. Brown and Splawn will also operate another mine on upper Ruby creek

NECROLOGY

Mrs Edwards, wife of Wm E Edwards, a pioneer of Adams county, died of heart disease on the 8th Her remains were taken to Walla Walla for burial Mrs Edwards was an estimable lady She was 56 years of age

John Grier, who died of consumption, at Stayton Marion county, on Dec. 10, crossed the plains in 1852, and has resided in the vicinity of Stayton from that time to the time of his death He united with the Baptist church about one year ago The funeral services were conducted by Elder Lynch, and his remains were followed to their last resting place by many friends He was a man of worth, honest and upright with his fellow men His loss is felt by all for enemies he had none He leaves a loving wife and brothers and sisters to mourn his death

Hon John Giesy, a prominent citizen of Aurora, who died at his home in that place on Sunday, December 12 was born near Pittsburg Pa, and removed to Missouri when 14 years of age He was married in that state to Miss Anna B White For thirty five years, less one day, they journeyed together down life's pathway, and their union was blessed with a family of eleven children, all of whom are living, with the exception of one In 1855 Mr Giesy and his wife removed to Pacific county, W. T., where they made their home for seven years. During this time he held several offices of trust, among them those of county assessor and school superintendent In 1862 Mr. Giesy removed with his family to Oregon, and joined the colony of which the late Dr Keil was founder, at the present site of Aurora. He held many offices of confidence and trust in the colony, and after the death of Dr Keil, the mantle of responsibility fell largely upon his shoulders. In 1870 Mr Giesy was elected county commissioner for Marion county, which position of trust he held for several terms He has been engaged in the mercantile business in Aurora since the dissolution of the colony The funeral was held at Aurora on Tuesday December 14

EUGENE NOTES.

The new hotel, Hoffman House, approaches completion

Miss Olla Welch of Indianapolis is visiting Mrs I G Adair

Mr and Mrs S R Sladden of Portland are visiting in the city.

The Methodists of this city have the finest $7000 church in the state

Messrs Cathcart & Veatch, of Cottage Grove, merchants, failed last week, liabilities about $3000, assets about $1400

The *Register* will publish a handsome holiday issue, especially devoted to the recent improvements in the city and the resources of the county

Over 280 reserved seats for the McGibeny concert were sold on Monday, the concert occurring Friday evening standing room has since been at a premium

Our merchants have all brought on larger stocks of goods than usual this fall and especially in lines for holiday trade, and the general business of our city was never in better condition

Mr Milt Aubrey, who resides near Junction was arrested last Saturday, charged with attempting to rape the wife of one of his hired hands The preliminary examination is to be held to-day

Hovey, Humphrey & Co, proprietors of Lane County bank purchased the Masonic hall property last week They will erect a fine building thereon in the near future to be used for banking purposes

Eugene City Lodge No 11, A F and A M, will erect a commodious hall next season The lodge numbers over 120 members, and is financially able to build one that will be a credit to the growing city

Work on the water works is being pushed rapidly The excavation for the reservoir on Skinner's butte, 150 feet above the city level, is nearly completed, and a part of the mains and most of the material is ready

The public improvements of the city are being pushed ahead The city council will provide for bringing two more of our principal streets to the proper grade, and the graveling of the same as soon as the weather settles in the spring

Mr Al Churchill, late of the Corvallis *Gazette*, is in the city working up patronage for a county annual to be published about the first of the year, devoted to showing up the resources of the county with an eye to attract immigration.

Messrs Day & Henderson of this city have been adding a large line of new machinery to their furniture factory, and intend to be able to supply all the country tributary to this city with the best class of goods in their line, made from native woods

The Western Union is preparing to give our city a down town office The Mackay-Bennett wires are through on this division, and will have an office in connection with Wells Fargo express, which probably accounts for the new desire to accommodate the people

A young lady, a daughter of Mr W W Haines, who was injured by a team running away ten days ago, died on Monday morning She never recovered consciousness after she received the injuries It is a sad case and the stricken family have much sympathy in their great loss

Mr John A Lawrence, an old and respected citizen of this county is under arrest for alleged burning of his house and barn some weeks ago It is said to have been done at the instance of the [illegible] Insurance company who [illegible] on the property It seems as though that company is unfortunate in the [illegible] of its risks Trouble occurs frequently in its settlement of losses

EXPLANATORY CARD

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN

I desire to correct any misunderstanding in the mind of the public regarding the non arrival of the judges at the Rifle drill on Saturday evening until 9 o'clock The agreement between the companies called for that hour but with consent of Capt Green it was agreed to drill at an earlier hour and so advertised to enable the two competing companies to accept K Company's invitation to a reception later in the evening The judges did not arrive in the city until 8 o'clock owing to a detention which was unavoidable, and they made all possible haste to make up the lost time

G company did not dine the judges The attention that was shown the judges was extended in behalf of both companies and was distinctly understood by both the Seattle Rifles and the judges This committee was composed of members of G company as were all other committees, as it was impracticable for any of the members of the Seattle Rifles to serve.

L FARRAR Capt. G Company

NOTE AND COMMENT

A present estimated income of $80 000,000 per year is derived from the oil wells of the United States The value of petroleum annually exported is $40 000,000

The wine and brandy crops of California this year will aggregate 16 000,000 gallons, against only 7 000 000 last year In producing this ocean of drink about 100 000 tons of grapes were trodden or otherwise squeezed in the wine press

England's position in Egypt is declared by the British cabinet to be that of a trustee holding the country for the European powers There have been cases before, we believe, where the trustee got about all there was worth getting out of the estate

At the dismissal from the United States court, at Columbus, O, of the Bell telephone suit—which action gives the plaintiff privilege to renew the suit in some other court—Judge Thurman significantly said "The big whale got out of our net and we had to let the minnows go [illegible]"

A Washington correspondent writes "Mr Cleveland is so heavy that he can not stand on his feet without suffering great pain He is only comfortable in a reclining position Each day he has grown worse A third of his weight and flesh suffers severely from a rheumatic attack"

"Chief among the diners out in New York is [illegible] who fills a large space in the public heart, General W T Sherman writes a correspondent "It is said that he has during [illegible] that provide for his presence [illegible] dinners in the city and elsewhere till late in September"

The statement that the rules of social precedence at Washington date from Jefferson's time and that the ladies squabbled over them then as they do now, only demonstrates the fact that the female was capable of making a goose of herself in that [illegible], as well as in the present one

George Bancroft, the historian, now 86 years old and a daily hard worker in his study, began his great historical work in 1825 He then planned and consecrated himself to a task whose completion would require the whole of a long lifetime and with almost no interruptions he has kept at it for more than sixty years

There are at the present time 125 steamers plying regularly between the United States and European ports Their aggregate annual expense is $100,000,000, and they employ 18,[illegible] men Their total coal bill is $1 000 000 per month They carry 500,000 passengers annually and are paid $32,000,000 per year in passenger fares, exclusive of freight rates income

A Southern lady says in a private letter "Now that the citizens of Boston receive Col John Mosby's lectures with gratification and the noble freebooter himself with open arms, would it not be a sweet and reciprocal idea for Gen B F Butler to give a course of lectures through the Southern states?" Suggestions of subjects for treatment by the general are now in order

The secretary of the treasury's anxiety to retire the greenbacks is praised by the financiers, men of the East. Yet as all the financial institutions in the East hold their reserve largely in that currency the statesmanship of the wild West may not be so far out in concluding that the greenback currency has proved itself to be a pretty good medium of exchange after all

SUPREME COURT.

SALEM Dec 15.

State of Oregon respondent vs W W Saunders Judgment reversed and a new trial granted, opinion by Thayer J

State of Oregon respondent vs Wm McKenney appellant Appeal from Polk county—Argued and submitted

Buy only Alfred Wright's perfumery sachet powders flavoring extracts etc Finest in the world

Finest assortment of CHRISTMAS CARDS in the city at Ed Dekum's, 43 Washington street.

WANTED—AGENTS.

WANTED—AGENTS TO SELL AN ARTICLE ... can make $10 to $15 clear per week. Address ... Nicollet Ave room 36 Minneapolis, Minn 1552

AGENTS WANTED TO SELL OUR SPECIALTY ... every body buys, control of territory given Address 1453 Market st., San Francisco, Cal

WANTED—AGENT—HURRY UP AND SECURE a opportunity to handle the fastest-selling article ... Call at room 23, third floor cor Fourth and Morrison sts. bet 1 and 5 1632

WANTED—AGENTS FOR THE ACME ELECTRIC Belt ... it received the first premium at last Mechanics' Fair ... W THOMAS Acme Belt Agency ... First st, Portland, Oregon

WANTED—ONE PHYSICIAN OR DRUGGIST in each town on the coast to sell our Celebrated Scientific Electric Magnetic Belts, used and recommended by the leading doctors of America and Europe will cure all nervous weakness and other troubles when medicines fail mighty matchless and magical, four years' success in Portland DR SILL Manager and Proprietor of the Electric Belt Agency ... First and Market sts ...

WANTED—EMPLOYMENT

WANTED—SITUATION AS LADY'S NURSE or chamber maid in hotel or private family Call at Fifth st ... 1513

WANTED—A POSITION BY AN EXPERIENCED bookkeeper ... care Oregonian 1514

WANTED—SITUATION BY AN ABLE YOUNG woman to do housework in a private family Address ... 1512

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN ... Address BUTT & CO. Employment Office 88 First st 1511

SITUATION WANTED—BY A GIRL TO DO general housework in private family Inquire at ... Fourth st above Washington 1513

A YOUNG LADY FAMILIAR WITH THE grade work of the public schools desires private ... in the different branches of the English language ...

FEMALE HELP WANTED

WANTED—A GIRL TO HELP IN KITCHEN ... Pacific Hotel near W ... Mill 1463

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL TO DO SECOND work ... 1513

WANTED—GIRL TO COOK AND DO GENERAL housework Scandinavian preferred ... 1465

WANTED—A GOOD SEAMSTRESS TO LEARN ... dressmaker ... North Eighth ... Sewing in part or full payment 1518

WANTED—Ladies and Gentlemen in city or country to take light work at their homes $1 to $3 a day easily made work sent by mail no canvassing ... CROWN M'F'G CO ... Vine St ... Cincinnati Ohio.

WANTED—HELP.

WANTED—A BOY 15 OR 20 YEARS OLD TO milk ... experience and ... Or

WANTED—A ROUGH BOOKKEEPER ON ... P O box ...

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN OF ABOUT 18 years of age ... Address ...

WANTED—A COMPETENT BOOKKEEPER ... crockery business ...

WANTED—LAUNDRY HELP—GOOD WASH ... 2 good ironers. Address stating exp ...

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED—FROM PARTY WITH EXPERIENCE ... proposals for ... job ...

BUSINESS CHANCES

FOR SALE—HOTEL OF 3 RD M COMPLETE ... furnished ... good business reason for selling ...

$500 PARTNER WANTED BUSINESS ... required Address ALBERT HUTCHISON ...

FOR SALE—BAKERY ... TO PARTIES ...

C ... business ... Portland ... West Side ... telegraph ... office ...

$5000 BONUS WILL BE GIVEN BY THE ... for the establishment of any manufacturing enterprise which will employ ... men ... D STEARNS ... La Camas Co

FINANCIAL.

MONEY TO LOAN IN SUMS TO SUIT ON ANY kind of security such as Household Furniture (without removal) Pianos, Organs, Horses, Wagons, Buggies, or Personal Notes with an acceptable endorser R A FEAME 133½ First st ...

S. SIMON REAL ESTATE AND MONEY BROKER ... $1000 to $5000 to loan on ... houses for rent and rents collected at ... houses and lots for sale 127½ First st

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

E. J BOWEN WHOLESALE SEEDSMAN and Commission Merchant 65 Front st.

SUTTON & BEEBE, SHIP CHANDLERY AND naval stores 18 N Front st Portland Or

ALLEN & LEWIS, COMMISSION AND PRODUCE Merchants, Front and D sts, Portland, Or

H. E. BATTIN & CO GENERAL COMMISSION merchants and produce dealers, 130 Front st

C. CÆSAR & CO SHIPPING AND COMMISSION Merchants 30 North Front street Portland

MASON EHRMAN & CO WHOLESALE GROCERS and commission merchants Nos. 2 and ... North Front street Portland Or

TAYLOR, YOUNG & CO SHIP BROKERS AND Commission Merchants agents for San Juan Arcoipelago Lime Co 34 Front street, cor Ash st.

MILLER & WEST—G. C. MILLER, W. H. WEST commission merchants in general and dairy produce, 157 Front st. between Washington and Stark.

SMITH & HALL COMMISSION MERCHANTS dealers in General and Dairy Produce 2 5 Front st cor Salmon Portland Produce bought and sold

J. McCRAKEN & CO IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE grocers and shipping and commission merchants Nos 60 62 and 64 North Front st Portland Or

GIBSON, QUACKENBUSH & CO, SHIPPING AND Commission Merchants, specialties—wheat, flour salmon, grain bags, etc. N W cor Front and Ash sts Portland, Or

HERMAN METZGER PURCHASER OF HIDES Pelts Furs, Wool and Tallow and General Commission Merchant S W cor Front and Alder sts ... Or Liberal cash advances on consignments

MILL AND FARM MACHINERY.

Z. T WRIGHT FARM & MILL MACHINERY Shipman Engines, Oils Brass Goods, Inspirators Pumps Bells etc Laundry Machinery a specialty foot of Morrison st. Portland

FRANK BROTHERS' IMPLEMENT COMPANY importer and dealer in farm and mill machinery 68 and 70 Front st. Portland Or

CHAS. H DODD & CO SOLE AGENTS BUCKEYE Mower and Reaper Canton Pitt's Thresher, Haines Header Schuttler Wagons Front First and Vine sts.

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

ALLEN & LEWIS WHOLESALE GROCERS. COR. ner N Front and D sts. Portland Or

CORBITT & MACLEAY WHOLESALE GROCERS and Commission Merchants, 24 and 26 Front st Portland

WADHAMS & ELLIOTT, WHOLESALE GROCERS, Forwarding and Commission Merchants, Nos. 47 and 49 Front street Portland, Or

WHOLESALE CLOTHIERS

OREGON CLOTHING MANUFACTURING company 42 North First st Factory ... McMillan ...

NEUSTADTER BROS MANUFACTURERS OF Boss of the Road Overalls Standard Shirts ... Furnishing Goods and ... Cassimere Clothing ... Portland Or

LEATHER AND FINDINGS

H. HERLOCK SADDLERY HARNESS HARDware ... Portland Or

HERBERT BRADLEY & CO., 109 FRONT ST importers of Shoe Manufacturers Goods, Shoe store Supplies, Blackings Dressings, Etc.

SEEDS AND TREES

E. W ALLEN SUCCESSOR TO E. HANSON wholesale and retail dealer in farm garden flower ... seeds ... fruit and ornamental trees ...

MACHINISTS

TRANKMAN & WOLFF MACHINISTS, CORNER F and Third sts.—Houseworx, doors, railings, iron shutters, and machinery of all descriptions, planing and moulding tools to order

PORTLAND SODA WORKS.

NICHOLS & STURGES, STAND & OAK ST corner Fifth Soda Sarsaparilla Cream Soda Ginger Ale Cascade Mineral water Soda Fountains ...

WALL PAPER

E ... dealers in Wall Paper and Art Decorations ... Northwest Decorating and artistic work ...

SHOW CASE MANUFACTURERS.

DIXON BROS ... FRONT ST Portland and 37 Market st San Francisco

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS

SNELL HEITSHU & WOODARD ESTABLISHED 1861. Portland, Or

FOR SALE.

... and fine seven room cottage with cellar city ... $2000 ... half block ... store building ... quarter block ... farms in Multnomah, Clackamas, Polk and Marion ... money to loan on farms and city property ... on good real estate security Apply to OREITZ & LAMBERT, 4 street, East Portland.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS en suite and single ...

FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED ROOMS en suite or single; also furnished and unfurnished rooms for housekeeping ...

ANY ONE OR TWO GENTLEMEN ... a cheap, neatly furnished room ... call at 201½ ... st., cor Second.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS in private family, home comforts ... be appreciated. ... North Eighth st.

PLEASANT FURNISHED ROOMS WITH bath etc.; convenient to street cars ... 324 Morrison st., cor Pacific.

FOR RENT—A HALL WITH ... gents' toilet, suitable for ... reasonable rent. Apply to ...

TO RENT—HOUSES AND ...

FOR RENT—A NICELY FURNISHED ... of 10 rooms and bath ... Address Z, Y X., care Oregonian.

FOR RENT—A TWELVE-ROOM ... first-rate order; two blocks ... cheap F W. GILLETTE ...

FOR RENT—OUR BUSINESS ... necessitated removal to larger ... rent the store now occupied by us ...

TO RENT—ROOMS WITH ...

DAY BOARD—REFERENCES ... 189 Seventh st.

ROOMS EN-SUITE OR SINGLE ... board and privilege of bath ... MRS LEVY 254 Washington st ... Second References required.

TWO NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS ... table board for two or three ... cor Taylor.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED ... with gas, bath, and fire; board ... week at 90 Sixth st.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR BARGAINS IN EAST PORTLAND ... see H. D. McGUIRE, over ... East Portland

RIVERVIEW ADDITION ... home seekers for home ... and no more secure pl ... easy J FRED CLARK ...

FOR SALE—THE CHOICEST ... in East Portland ... ornamental trees, etc., together ... handsome residence ... improvements. For particulars ...

FOR SALE—BY H. D McGUIRE ... National Bank, East Portland ... $1 0—One-half block in ... Corner lot ... Inside lot ... block in Kenworthy's ... acres 16th and J sts ... block in Stephens addition ...

FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN ... grain and stock farm ... county Oregon 400 acres ... good buildings large timothy ... for full particulars ... & LAMBERT, East Portland ...

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND ... Marquam's Hill in Portland ... makes a neat home, and the best ... $750 also ¼ block in Stephens ... land price, $450. Inquire of ... street, Portland.

FOR SALE—340 ACRES, PART OF ... Land Claim of Henry ... Minnville Or; nearly all fenced ... cultivation Will sell in lots of ... as may suit purchaser ... Apply to C O T WILLIAMS ... gon City Or, or J. C. MAGERS ... Minnville Or

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS

THE FURNITURE OF A FIVE ... for sale, the house can be rented ... Eighth st.

FOR SALE—ONE FINE ... handsome bedroom set ... Apply immediately at ...

FOR SALE—OR WILL EXCHANGE ... lighter horse a very fine ... weight, 1200 lbs ... Apply at SHEPHY BROS ...

MISCELLANEOUS.

FRENCH SPANISH AND ... lessons by H. F. TYSON ...

MRS WESTAWAY HAS OPENED HER parlors Ladies wishing to have ... please call at 177 Fourth st ... Satisfaction guaranteed.

S. H GREENBERG (LATE OF ... & Greenberg Portland ... Watches, Jewelry ... San Francisco ...

FANCY WORK OF EVERY ... done at reasonable rates ... many very beautiful articles ... MRS. SWIFT'S ... Fifth and Alder sts.

AMES CAN EXCHANGE WHEAT ... st—Flour, Bran and ... at lowest rates. CHAS. CHALMERS ...

SPECIAL NOTICES.

SARMATIAN CAPTAIN ... Shanghai—Neither the master nor the ... signed consignees of the above ... responsible for any debts ... the crew. JAMES LAIDLAW & CO ...

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP—The partnership heretofore existing ... Moyer and Fred Platz, in the ... Fast Portland, is hereby ... will be collected by Fred Platz ... indebtedness of the late firm.

BR BK CHEVY CHASE, CAPT ... from Victoria, B. C.—Neither the ... undersigned consignees of the ... will be responsible for any debts ... tracted by the crew JOHN REID & CO. 1562

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP ... hereby given that the ... between Charles Wenke and ... the 9th day of November ... ring on the restaurant ... of December, 1886, dissolved ... Rasmussen retiring from ... 1563 Dec 14, 1886

W. C. BROWN & LOVE ... John Scurry, for St ... Woodland and La Center ... st. at 9 A M. Mondays ... turning alternate days ... at dock or on board

MRS E. DePRANS ... tinues the work ... Root, at 150 Washington ... Healing Power of ... from 10 A. M. to 1 P M daily ... 12 M to 2 P M.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE—NOTICE ... & Merrick, attorneys at law ... Mr Ira Jones and Mr H ... their interest in the firm ... ing abstracts and ... the firm to me, I will ... Portland. Dated Dec 14, 1886.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL ... the office of the Portland ... foot of Washington st ... plying 3000 cords of ... wood cut from green ... livered at their lime kilns ... 450 cords monthly ... Bids for portions of the ... tained The company reserves ... or all bids. PORTLAND LIME AND ...

NOTICE—TO THE TAXPAYERS ... District No. 1, Multnomah ... school tax for 1886 ... payable and can be ... the same will be deemed ... sixty days from the date ... his office and ... 9 o'clock A. M. till 5 o'clock ... ... Office Room 12, Portland ... Nov 5, 1886

NOTICE OF SALE—IN ... order of the County Court ... nomah State of Oregon ... the 8th day of December ... day the 20th day of ... A. M. of said day, sell at ... fronting on the west ... and Clay ... of the City of ... following described ... block one hundred and ... of Portland in ... Terms of sale, cash ... paid when purchase is ... confirmation of said ... 1562d Sole Executor Estate ...

NOTICE OF STOCKHOLDERS ... stockholders of the ... are hereby notified that ... holders of said corporation ... P.M on the 29th day of ... office of said company ... nomah county, State of ... taking such action as ... expedient for dissolving ... business, disposing of ... that stock, and for the ... ness as may come before ... made in pursuance of ... Directors of said ... thereof held on the ...

JOHN THOMPSON & CO ... pointed Agents for the ... the Columbia River Paper ... pared to purchase for ... Rope and all other kinds ... Metal of all kinds ...

CONSTRUCTION OF ... Office of ... Portland ... SEALED PROPOSALS ... of works for the ... land, Oregon, will be ... December 15th, 1886 ... These works will ... printed specifications ... include thirty ... 22½ inches in diameter ... sand feet of ... Willamette river ... and all other works ... excepting those ... now under contract ... The specifications ... pipes shall be ... proposals will ... and for ... of iron ... Proposals will ... of all the works ... copting the ... or being at ... forty-two ... whole ... after signing ... In ... iron ... ...

NORTHWEST MINES.

Continuation of "The Oregonian's" Extensive Review

THE MINES OF BUTTE MONTANA

Geology of the District—Character of the Deposits—Description of Important Mines—Processes of Working—Statistical Information Etc

CHAPTER VIII

The mines of Butte Montana, are producing an aggregate of ten million dollars per year, in silver, copper and gold The extent of territory covered by them is less than ten square miles, yet they support the busiest city west of the Rockies—a city of [illegible] 000 people, who de[illegible] right to call their town the "greatest mining camp on earth" Within this small district there have been made [illegible] locations, of which 1500 or one-third [illegible] held under United States mineral patent [illegible] of these claims are producers [illegible] probably not one tenth are or ever have been taking out ore yet there are fully 2000 tons [illegible] of copper and silver ores [illegible]

[illegible]

Pursuant [illegible] we will advert [illegible] the geology [illegible] slightly to that of [illegible] ance of a scientific [illegible] Notwithstanding [illegible] their mineral bearing [illegible] under [illegible] do not appear [illegible] the miner [illegible] the subject, and [illegible] have paid much attention to the subject, and there is at the present time no reliable or comprehensive account [illegible] we except the [illegible] U S Mineral Resources published in [illegible] copper experts, Dr Peters the greatest of copper experts, who resided in Butte in 1881 and [illegible] whom we [illegible] The geology is indebted for [illegible] is extremely simple [illegible] of this mineral region is coarse grained and hard [illegible] the country rock is [illegible] certain geologists, granite, or, as called by certain geologists, [illegible] granite low in quartz. Locally [illegible] granite [illegible] are distinctions made between the rock of the eastern part of the district, where copper ores prevail and the granite is very coarse-grained and entirely devoid of stratification, and the western where silver ores mainly occur, and the mica of the granite is arranged in parallel bands, as in gneiss It appears that there is a well marked connection between the structure of the granite and the contents of the veins. The larger copper veins, some of which are forty, fifty and a hundred feet in width in certain spots, are usually included between walls of rock, which have become metamorphosed through the action of the vein forming matter The solutions—see the writer's description of the lead-silver lodes of the Coeur d'Alene—have evidently permeated the walls to a considerable distance on each side, and altered the granite to a great extent, decomposing the feldspar into a hydrated silicate of alumina, a substance in composition exactly like the familiar kaolin or china clay, from which porcelain is made. Included within this decomposed feldspathic material are the numerous particles of quartz set free by the decay of the granite In some instances the resulting mixture has been found to be in effect a very fair fire clay, and has been used as such in the construction and repair of the numerous furnaces at Butte City

THE VEINS

The vein systems are roughly divided into two and sometimes three classes, according to the relative proportions of the various valuable constituents, but the best division is the simple one proposed by Dr Peters, who made two classes

1. Copper veins carrying more or less silver

2. Silver veins, usually devoid of copper, and having a manganese gangue

One or two lodes at Butte can not be classed under either head.

Among the most important copper properties are the immense mines known as The Anaconda, St. Lawrence, Parrot, Colusa, Liquidator, Bell, and others which in the quality of ore produced are among the foremost mines of the United States and the whole world. The silver mines are hardly less extensive or important, and embrace the Alice Moulton, Lexington, and many others of quite as good promise. The two groups are geographically distinct, although lying close together, and the contents of the veins are mineralogically unlike, while the geological formation of the country rock varies but slightly and there are many features in common Those who know, or think they know, pronounce them all "true fissure veins"—a misused term as the reader will remember. They are mostly accompanied by zones of the decomposed granite country rock just described, and they nearly all dip very steeply

There is, says Dr Peters no distinct line of demarcation between the veins and their walls, nor do any of them possess the clayey gangue which is so often found on the walls of mines They all carry silver though in varying quantities, and usually a trace of gold is found.

The copper veins are marked by great caps of quartzose rock, which are heavily charged with oxidized compounds, the same which constitute the "iron hat" of Fur pean writers and the "gossan" of Cornwall No great amount of copper ore is visible at the surface, but silver in considerable quantities exists being found there in a free-milling condition It happened in consequence that nearly all the mines, including some now worked extensively for copper, were taken up at first as silver leads and were so regarded until sufficient depth had been attained, when the water level was struck and a great amount of sulphuretted copper ores took the place of the silver The average of these leads at first was perhaps 20 ounces and the extremes varied from 10 to 60 ounces per ton The copper ores comprise copper glance (chalcocite), chalcopyrite, erubescite or peacock ore and other compounds None of them are oxidized [illegible] a fact of vast importance in the difficult metallurgy of that metal.

The copper lodes are of immense thickness and of great longitudinal extent The average width of several is at least ten feet, while the Anaconda has over twelve feet of solid ore and widens out to thirty and forty and in one place seventy feet. The Parrot lode averages four or five feet and reaches in one place fourteen feet. In the Anaconda the gangue is quartz and feldspar, carrying copper glance and a very little chalcopyrite, which concentrate into a high grade product. A considerable part of the output of this mine is first-class ore, which does not require concentration The Parrot lode contains an ore chute 2000 feet long carrying bornite (sulphide of copper and iron with 55 per cent of copper), and hardly a trace of any other copper mineral The first-class ore contains fully 50 per cent. of copper, while almost the entire vein samples [illegible] per cent, and is improved by concentration [illegible] the upper levels of the lode there is a great amount of silver ore [illegible] described, which adds much to the value of the property

The productive silver veins are mainly in [illegible] in a small territory northwest of the copper veins and crop out to a considerable height above the surface, ridges of brown and black rock forming the usual caps These are composed of skeletons of quartz, holding various iron and manganese oxides These cropping assay from a few ounces to three or four hundred ounces of silver per ton averaging perhaps twenty The richer the ores in manganese, the lower they run in silver, while the richer silver ores have little manganese with much quartz. The following analysis of a typical silver ore will be of advantage to the reader

[illegible] of manganese	48 per cent
[illegible] of iron	12 per cent
[illegible], sulphur and loss	3 per cent
[illegible]	[illegible] per cent
[illegible]	
[illegible], 32 ounces.	100 per cent

A massive piece of manganese ore gave 58 per cent oxide of manganese with [illegible] of quartz and [illegible] ounces of silver A sample taken carefully [illegible] twenty tons taken from a depth of forty [illegible] gave

[illegible] of manganese	[illegible] per cent
[illegible] of iron	[illegible] per cent
[illegible]	4 per cent
[illegible]	[illegible] per cent
[illegible], 80 ounces	100 00 per cent

It has been seen that the contents of the lodes change suddenly at the water line from a free milling silver ore with but traces of copper, to copper ores heavily sulphureted, and mostly poor in silver. In the manganese mines the transition is similar, inasmuch as the masses of black and brown oxides of manganese which lie near the surface are replaced at water level by the pink silicate and carbonate of that metal, with some [illegible] The sulphurets found at depth comprise from 3 to 5 per cent. of the whole mass [illegible] stuff and embrace zinc blende, iron and copper pyrites, with an occasional trace of galena. The latter metal, previously scarce in all these [illegible], has recently been found in quite an ore body in one of the Butte City claims [illegible] become a factor of importance. In [illegible] as the Moulton the pink manganese [illegible] common, with a great deal of quartz, and [illegible] zinc blende and iron pyrites. The [illegible] of the Lexington mine. The Gag[illegible] carries copper to a small extent, with [illegible] of silver, in a gangue of quartz. [illegible] metals are held in zinc blende

TO RENT—ROOMS AND OFFICES.

R RENT—NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS [illegible] suite and single at 208½ First st.

RNISHED AND UNFURNISHED ROOMS, suite or single also furnished and unfurnished for housekeeping 87½ First st.

Y ONE OR TWO GENTLEMEN WISHING cheap neatly furnished room centrally located, 30½ [illegible] cor Second

R RENT—NICELY FURNISHED ROOM IN private family home comforts must be [illegible] preciated 68 North Eighth st.

ASANT FURNISHED ROOMS WITH GAS bath etc convenient to street cars. Inquire at [illegible] rrison st. cor Pacific

R RENT—A HALL WITH LADIES' AND gents toilet suitable for societies or clubs, at [illegible] able rent Apply to J C BAYER, 265 [illegible]

TO RENT—HOUSES AND STORES.

R RENT—A NICELY FURNISHED HOUSE [illegible] 10 rooms and bath modern improvements [illegible] Z Y X care Oregonian

R RENT—A TWELVE-ROOM HOUSE IN [illegible] rate order two blocks from postoffice [illegible] P W GILLETTE 27 Stark st

R RENT—OUR BUSINESS HAVING NE[illegible] cessitated removal to larger quarters we offer for [illegible] the store now occupied by us at 2[illegible] First st. [illegible] FORBES & WHEELER.

TO RENT—ROOMS WITH BOARD.

AY BOARD—REFERENCES EXCHANGED 189 Seventh st.

OOMS EN SUITE OR SINGLE WITH BOARD [illegible] board and [illegible] charges reasonable [illegible] 28½ Washington at between First and [illegible] References [illegible]

[illegible] NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS AND [illegible] three persons. 201 [illegible] Taylor

OR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS with gas bath and fire board if desired [illegible] at 00 Sixth st.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

[illegible] IN EAST SIDE PROPERTY [illegible] over First National Bank [illegible]

[illegible] VIEW ADDITION ALBINA—INVEST[illegible] seeking for home sites and speculators [illegible] J [illegible] CLARK 14 Stark st.

OR SALE—THE CHOICEST QUARTER BLOCK [illegible] East Portland [illegible] improved, with stone wall [illegible] [illegible] H. D. McGUIRE.

OR SALE—BY H D McGUIRE, OVER [illegible] Nat [illegible] East Portland. [illegible] lock in Stephens [illegible] East Portland. [illegible] near High School [illegible] in Stephens addition, East Portland, [illegible]

OR SALE—AT A BARGAIN A MAGNIFICENT grain and stock farm of 450 acres, situate in [illegible] 400 acres in cultivation well [illegible] large [illegible] timothy meadow [illegible] particulars call at office of [illegible] East Portland Oregon. [illegible]

OR SALE—HOUSE AND CHOICE LOTS ON Marquam's Hill in Portland City Homestead [illegible] at home and the best bargain offered [illegible] in Stephens Addition East Port[illegible] Inquire of J W OGILBEE, [illegible] Portland

[illegible] SALE—46 ACRES PART OF DONATION Land Claim of Henry Warren situate near [illegible] nearly all fenced and in good state [illegible] in lots of 20 to 100 or more acres [illegible] purchaser Price $15 to $35 per acre [illegible] WILLIAMS, Joint Executor, [illegible] or J. C. MAGERS Attorney, [illegible]

FOR SALE MISCELLANEOUS.

[illegible] FURNITURE OF A [illegible]-ROOM COTTAGE [illegible] the house can be rented. Call at 23 North [illegible]

OR SALE—ONE FINE UPRIGHT PIANO [illegible] carpets etc. all [illegible] 48 Ash st.

OR SALE OR WILL EXCHANGE FOR A [illegible] Hambletonian [illegible] seven years old [illegible] BROS cor Seventh and [illegible]

MISCELLANEOUS.

[illegible] AND BOOKKEEPING [illegible] Labbe Building, room [illegible]

[illegible] HAS OPENED MANICURE [illegible] wishing to have hands and nails [illegible] Fourth st. Prices reason[illegible]

[illegible] LATE OF HENRICHSEN [illegible] Portland Or) wholesale dealer in [illegible] 236 Kearney st. [illegible] at retail [illegible]

[illegible] OF EVERY DESCRIPTION [illegible] for sale call and see [illegible] SWIFT'S Dressmaking Parlors [illegible]

AMERICAN EXCHANGE WHARF, MADISON [illegible] General Merchandise [illegible] CHAS HALMERS Agent, [illegible]

SPECIAL NOTICES.

[illegible] CAPTAIN KOENIG, [illegible] the master nor the under[illegible] consignees of the above-named vessel will be [illegible] debts that may be contracted [illegible] JAMES LAIDLAW & CO Consignees.

[illegible] PARTNERSHIP—THE [illegible] heretofore existing between [illegible] in the butcher business [illegible] Portland [illegible] dissolved. All debts [illegible] Fred Plata who will also pay all [illegible] firm

BRK [illegible] CHASE CAPT GOULDEN, from Victoria B C—Neither the master nor the [illegible] consignees of the above-named vessel will be responsible for any debts that may be contracted by the crew JOHN REID & CO., Consignees.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP—NOTICE IS hereby given that the partnership entered into [illegible] Andrew Rasmussen [illegible] day of November 1886 for the purpose of [illegible] restaurant business, was, on the 14th day of December 1886 dissolved by mutual consent, [illegible] retiring from said business. CHAS. WEBER. A. RASMUSSEN. Dec 14 86

W [illegible] BROWN & CO STR. ISABEL, CAPT. John Bons for St. Helens, Union [illegible] Woodland and La Center leaves foot of [illegible] at 9 A M Mondays Wednesdays and Fridays, [illegible] alternate days. For freight or passage [illegible] on board

MRS [illegible] METAPHYSICIAN, [illegible] at [illegible] Washington st. Class for instruction [illegible] Mind at 1:30 P. M. Patients [illegible] P M daily and on Sundays [illegible]

DISSOLUTION NOTICE—THE FIRM OF [illegible] & Merrick attorneys at law is this day dissolved [illegible] Wm H. Merrick having [illegible] the firm's affairs and property [illegible] business and [illegible] will continue the business [illegible] Portland Dec 14 1886.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED [illegible] of the Portland Lime and Cement [illegible] up to December 18, 1886 [illegible] first class body red or yellow [illegible] green timber and seasoned [illegible] kilns East Portland [illegible] commencing February [illegible] reserves the right to reject [illegible] PORTLAND LIME AND CEMENT [illegible]

NOTICE TO THE TAXPAYERS OF MULT[illegible] Multnomah county, Oregon [illegible] the above lists is now [illegible] paid at the office of the [illegible] date hereof. The clerk [illegible] receive taxes [illegible] P M (Friday [illegible] STRUBLE [illegible] Portland Savings Bank [illegible]

NOTICE OF SALE—IN PURSUANCE [illegible] court of the County [illegible] duly made and [illegible] A D 1886 [illegible] January A D 1887 [illegible] public auction [illegible] Portland, Oregon [illegible] Multnomah County [illegible] the balance [illegible] said sale by the County [illegible] JOHN [illegible]

NOTICE [illegible] HOLDERS MEETING [illegible] Portland Water Co[illegible] special meeting of the [illegible] will be held at [illegible] December A D 1886 [illegible] the city of Portland [illegible] LEONARD Secretary

J [illegible] THOMPSON & CO. HAVE [illegible] purchase of Rag [illegible] Paper Company [illegible] Paper Stock [illegible] Portland, Or

CONSTRUCTION OF WATER WORKS

OFFICE OF THE WATER COMMITTEE [illegible] PORTLAND [illegible] FOR THE CONSTRUCTION [illegible]

SEALED PROPOSALS [illegible] for the water supply of the city [illegible] will be received at this office [illegible] December 15th 1886. These works will be constructed according to [illegible] specifications dated August 25th 1886 [illegible] thirty one miles of wrought-iron pipe [illegible] inches diameter, three iron bridges [illegible] feet of submerged pipe under [illegible] a reservoir within the city [illegible] other works described in the specifications as "Head works" [illegible] The specifications provide that the wrought iron pipes shall be made of iron sixty inches [illegible] proposals will also be received for furnishing [illegible] and for manufacturing the entire length of [illegible] forty two, forty-eight, or sixty [illegible] Proposals will also be received for the [illegible] works described in the specifications for a lump sum [illegible] the Head works [illegible] being at liberty to use iron for the pipes forty two, forty eight, or sixty inches [illegible] whole work to be completed within [illegible] after signing the contract. [illegible] The proposals will be [illegible] sealed envelope, Proposals for [illegible] Works," and addressed to [illegible] of the Water Committee [illegible] The specifications [illegible] may be required [illegible] ISAAC W SMITH, Engineer of the Water [illegible] 100-[illegible]

THWEST MINES.

ation of "The Oregonian's" Extensive Review.

MINES OF BUTTE, MONTANA

[illegible] of the District—Character of the Deposits—[illegible] of Important Mines—Processes of [illegible]—Statistical Information, Etc.

CHAPTER VIII

BY HERBERT LANG

[illegible] mines of Butte, Montana, are producing [illegible] of ten millions of dollars per year, [illegible] copper and gold. The extent of territory [illegible] by them is less than ten square [illegible] support the busiest city west of [illegible] a city of 20,000 people, who de[illegible] call their town the "greatest mining [illegible] earth." Within this small district [illegible] been made 4500 mining locations, of [illegible] or one-third, are held under United [illegible] patent. Not all of these claims [illegible] producers, probably not one tenth are [illegible] been taking out ore yet there are [illegible] tons extracted daily, of copper and [illegible]

GEOLOGICAL.

[illegible] to our plan of describing in brief [illegible] of mining regions, we will advert [illegible] that of Butte

[illegible] standing the importance of a scientific understanding of their mineral bearing [illegible] miners of Butte City do not appear [illegible] much attention to the subject, and [illegible] the present time no reliable or complete account of it, if we except the [illegible] in the U S Mineral Resources [illegible] the greatest of copper experts [illegible] Butte in 1884 and to whom we [illegible] for important facts The geology [illegible] mineral region is extremely simple [illegible] rock is a coarse-grained and hard [illegible] as called by certain geologists [illegible] granite," low in quartz. Locally [illegible] distinctions made between the rock of [illegible] part of the district, where copper [illegible] and the granite is very coarse[illegible] and entirely devoid of stratification, and [illegible] where silver ores mainly occur [illegible] of the granite is arranged in par[illegible] as in gneiss. It appears that there [illegible] marked connection between the structure [illegible] granite and the contents of the veins. [illegible] copper veins, some of which are [illegible] and a hundred feet in width in certain [illegible] are usually included between walls [illegible] which have become metamorphosed [illegible] the action of the vein-forming matter [illegible] see the writer's description of [illegible] lodes of the Coeur d'Alene—have [illegible] permeated the walls to a considerable [illegible] on each side, and altered the granite to [illegible] extent, decomposing the feldspar into a [illegible] silicate of alumina, a substance in common [illegible] closely like the familiar kaolin or china [illegible] from which porcelain is made. Included [illegible] decomposed feldspathic material are [illegible] numerous particles of quartz set free by the [illegible] of the granite. In some instances the re[illegible] has been found to be in effect a [illegible] fire clay, and has been used as such in [illegible] construction and repair of the numerous [illegible] Butte City.

THE VEINS

[illegible] systems are roughly divided into two [illegible] sometimes three classes, according to the [illegible] proportions of the various valuable contents, but the best division is the simple one [illegible] by Dr. Peters, who made two classes [illegible] copper veins, carrying more or less silver [illegible] silver veins, usually devoid of copper, and [illegible] manganese gangue

[illegible] the lodes at Butte can not be classed [illegible] head.

[illegible] the most important copper properties [illegible] immense mines known as The Anaconda, St. Lawrence, Parrot, Colusa, Liquidator, and others, which in the quality of [illegible] are among the foremost mines of [illegible] United States and the whole world The [illegible] are hardly less extensive or important [illegible] embrace the Alice, Moulton, Lexington [illegible] many others of quite as good promise [illegible] groups are geographically distinct, al[illegible] lying close together, and the contents of [illegible] are mineralogically unlike, while the [illegible] formation of the country rock varies [illegible] slightly, and there are many features in [illegible]. Those who know, or think they [illegible] pronounce them all "true fissure veins [illegible] term, as the reader will remember [illegible] they are mostly accompanied by zones of [illegible] decomposed granite country rock just described, and they nearly all dip very steeply

[illegible], says Dr. Peters, no distinct line of [illegible] between the veins and their walls, [illegible] of them possess the clayey gangue [illegible] often found on the walls of mines [illegible] carry silver, though in varying quantity [illegible] usually a trace of gold is found

[illegible] copper veins are marked by great caps of [illegible] rock, which are heavily charged with [illegible] compounds, the same which constitute the "iron hat" of European writers and [illegible] "gossan" of Cornwall. No great amount of [illegible] is visible at the surface, but silver in [illegible] quantities exists, being found there [illegible] condition. It happened in [illegible] that nearly all the mines, including [illegible] now worked extensively for copper, [illegible] up at first as silver leads and were [illegible] until sufficient depth had been at[illegible] when the water-level was struck and a [illegible] of sulphuretted copper ores took [illegible] of the silver The average of these [illegible] was perhaps 20 ounces, and the [illegible] varied from 10 to 60 ounces per ton [illegible] ores comprise copper glance (chalcocite), chalcopyrite, erubescite, peacock ore and [illegible] compounds. None of them are oxidized [illegible] of vast importance in the difficult [illegible] of that metal.

[illegible] copper lodes are of immense thickness [illegible] longitudinal extent. The average [illegible] is at least ten feet, while the [illegible] over twelve feet of solid ore and [illegible] to thirty and forty, and in one place [illegible]. The Parrot lode averages four or [illegible] reaches in one place fourteen feet [illegible] the gangue is quartz and feld[illegible] copper glance and a very little [illegible] which concentrate into a high [illegible]. A considerable part of the out[illegible] is first-class ore, which does [illegible] concentration The Parrot lode con[illegible] chute 2600 feet long carrying [illegible] sulphide of copper and iron with 55 [illegible] copper), and hardly a trace of any [illegible] mineral. The first-class ore con[illegible] 30 per cent. of copper, while almost [illegible] samples 12 per cent., and is [illegible] concentration. On the upper levels [illegible] there is a great amount of silver ore [illegible] which adds much to the value of [illegible]

[illegible] silver veins are mainly in [illegible] small territory northwest of the [illegible] and crop out to a considerable [illegible] the surface, ridges of brown and [illegible] forming the usual caps These are [illegible] of skeletons of quartz, holding vari[illegible] and manganese oxides. These crop[illegible] from a few ounces to three or four [illegible] of silver per ton averaging per [illegible] The richer the ores in manganese, [illegible] run in silver, while those [illegible] have little manganese, with much [illegible] The following analysis of a typical [illegible] will be of advantage to the reader

[illegible]	48 per cent
[illegible]	12 per cent
[illegible] and loss	14 per cent
[illegible]	6 per cent
[illegible]	100 per cent

[illegible] piece of manganese ore gave 88 per [illegible] of manganese, with " of quartz and [illegible] of silver. A sample taken carefully [illegible] tons taken from a depth of forty [illegible]

[illegible] manganese	91 per cent
[illegible]	per cent
[illegible]	4 per cent
[illegible]	2½ per cent
	100.00 per cent

[illegible] seen that the contents of the lodes [illegible] at the water line from a free [illegible] ore, with but traces of copper, to [illegible] heavily sulphured, and mostly poor [illegible] the manganese mines the transition [illegible] as the masses of black and [illegible] manganese which lie near the [illegible] replaced at water level by the pink [illegible] carbonate of that metal, with some [illegible] sulphurets found at depth con[illegible] 3 per cent. of the whole mass [illegible] and embrace zinc blende, iron [illegible] with an occasional trace of galena. [illegible] previously scarce in all these [illegible] recently been found in quite an ex[illegible] in one of the Butte City claims [illegible] a factor of importance In [illegible] the Moulton the pink manganese [illegible] with a great deal of quartz, and [illegible] blende and iron pyrites. The [illegible] Lexington mine. The Gag[illegible] to a small extent, with [illegible] in a gangue of quartz. [illegible] held in zinc blende

THE ALICE MINE

The Alice has held for many years a foremost place among the great silver mines of the United States, and is regarded at Butte as a sort of pioneer mine one which did more, perhaps, than any other claim to attract outside capital into the district. Some Salt Lake capitalists bought this claim ten years ago, when it was a mere prospect hole, and erected upon it a twenty stamp mill and sank a shaft of 500 feet depth Claims upon three neighboring lodes successively fell into the hands of the owners of the Alice, until now over a dozen locations are united in the one company, making an immensely valuable aggregation. The Alice shaft is 1000 feet deep, and has three compartments There have been levels driven every 100 feet upon the vein It is worth while to say that the system of underground mining at Butte is different from that prevailing in other localities for example, the Butte mining engineers work the claims by shaft and not by tunnel, and also avoid the sinking of inclines The veins usually dip considerably, forty five degrees being not uncommon, and the custom is to sink a shaft, preferably of two or three compartments, at such a distance from the vein croppings that it will intersect the veins at a convenient depth, say 500 feet. At every 100 feet above the point of intersection drifts are run to the vein and from this point working levels are run, frequently the whole longitudinal extent of the mine to the right and left It is evident that drifts from the shaft to the vein below the intersecting point would have to be run in a contrary direction from the [illegible] There are thousands and thousands of feet [illegible] drifts and shafts upon the Alice property, forming a huge network connecting all even the most distant points of the three lodes [illegible] there is a "bunch" [illegible] feet thick [illegible] 600 tons of [illegible] which produced $1 [illegible] of which $1 [illegible] was paid in dividends [illegible] of March, 1886, was $[illegible],000

THE MOULTON MINE

Lies next to the Alice, upon the extension [illegible] lode It is another of the great silver mines of Butte, and is a very important property Its stock is not so much [illegible] a gamble as that of the Alice but it is largely quoted in financial reports The mine, which includes several adjoining claims produced in 188[illegible] $[illegible]5,58[illegible], paying $150,000 thereof in dividends It is worked by a 1000 foot shaft, from which numerous levels run to the four distinct lodes that belong to the company The Moulton mill is a new and very fine establishment, running forty stamps and a proportionate number of pans, settlers and roasting furnaces

THE LEXINGTON MINE

The Lexington is one of the most remarkable properties in or around Butte It is a mine of great richness which is owned and worked by a French company—the "Societe Anonyme des Mines de Lexington a Paris" —who possess unlimited wealth, and do not appear to care whether this particular property pays or not. It cost them, so rumor says, $1,700,000, of which $1,000,000 was cash A J Davis, a resident of Butte, owned, or at least controlled the property, which had been under his charge for some time, and during that period had produced nearly a million in gold and silver The French company purchased from Mr Davis in 1881 the Lexington and some other claims, forming a compact group, and began to work their property Of the eight shafts the main one is now 1000 feet deep, from which there have been levels run to the principal veins The ores contain principally argentiferous zinc blende galena, copper and iron pyrites, and silver in a gangue of quartz and manganese The ores are found to be worth, by fine assaying, $45 per ton, of which four fifths are silver, the remainder gold This mine is very well provided with machinery which we will revert to in another connection The Lexington is said to have produced over $3,000,000 while in the hands of the French and its dividends have been published as $[illegible]000 up to March, 1886 Its product for 1885 was $8[illegible]000, of which $80,000 was distributed as dividends.

THE AMY SILVERSMITH MINE

Lies north of the Moulton and nearly parallel to it. Of the seven leads upon this claim three only have been much prospected The deepest shaft workings extending to a depth of 400 feet The ore is hardly surpassed in richness by any in the camp carrying at times 400 ounces of silver Like others described, the ores are contained mainly in a gangue of manganese oxides such as pyrolusite, braunite wad, etc Heavy dividends are regularly paid by this mine, which has recently come to rank among the "greatest producers" in the great camp A short distance away is the Goldsmith, which yields very rich ore, assaying as high as 1,000 ounces of silver per ton It has two shafts each about 300 feet deep, through which it is worked The Moulton Irvine, 200 yards distant from the Alice, yields ore worth from $40 to $50 per ton in silver and gold, and containing argentiferous zinc blende and pyrite in a gangue of pink manganese and quartz The pay streak is [illegible] These mines will answer as types of all the claims in the locality, and we will, for lack of space, omit the rest

Those thus far described are located in a compact group in Summit valley district, and in a direction due north from the centre of Butte City and about a mile and a quarter distant.

THE BLUEBIRD MINE

Is three miles west of Butte and about a mile north of the railway, from which its great mill is a prominent object. It is only of late that the Bluebird has begun to produce wealth but so thoroughly has it been prospected in the past years that no one acquainted with it has any hesitation about classifying it with the greatest and most valuable claims in Montana. The mine is a silver bearing property of great extent Upon it is a shaft that has penetrated to a depth of between 400 and 500 feet and from which cross-cuts have been run to tap the ledge at regular intervals of 100 feet vertical hight. Other shafts, sunk for exploring purposes, exist, and the total amount of development work reaches nearly [illegible]00 feet The ore body averages, wherever prospected, fully five yards in thickness and carries forty five ounces silver and three or four dollars in gold A new working shaft of three compartments is being sunk. There is a second silver bearing lode on the property which as yet is unexplored The hoisting works are on a scale proportioned to the magnitude of the property The latest mining exchanges chronicle the starting up of the mill connected with this mine one of the largest and most complete establishments of the kind in the world It has sixty stamps with calcining and roasting furnaces, pans settlers, etc The whole institution is conducted in the most advanced and liberal manner, by a broad gauge company of capitalists

THE JACKSON MINE,

One of the oldest in Butte, has produced over 100,000 tons [illegible] rich ore in the ten years of its working It is now owned by the Colorado Smelting company Dr Peters describes this noted mine as being on the Parrot lode but containing such ores that it seems to combine the peculiarities of the two great classes of veins previously referred to Its percentage of copper is lower than in any of the copper veins, but its contents in silver are higher than in any but the richest of the group of silver mines Its gangue is principally quartz and its wealth is mostly contained in zincblende The Gagnon and Butte Original mines are extensions of the Gagnon The former has paid dividends of $[illegible]000 per month for three years or more Its shaft was sunk in 1864, the first in the district.

Quite the richest copper silver ore in the district is found in the Bell mine on the Lexington vein The lode is from 7 to a feet wide, and yielded for a time [illegible] tons per day which was reduced in the Bell smelter, two miles from the mine The usual ore assayed 60 ounces silver 35 per cent copper The output in 1884 was $15[illegible]000 The smelter now stands idle

THE COPPER MINES

The second class of Butte City mines produce much copper with considerable silver They form a class entirely distinct from those mines just described The veins are usually much larger, and the ore requires smelting whereas the true silver ores are treated by the roasting milling process The most important of the copper silver mines lie upon the slopes or crests of the large hill northeast and east of Butte City, and hardly beyond the townsite limits Their huge hoisting works do the hills [illegible] the most prominent ones being those of the St Lawrence, Anaconda and Parrot mines very conspicuous objects, indeed

THE ANACONDA MINE

The greatest mine in Silver Bow county—of which Butte is the county seat is the Anaconda, the greatest copper mine in the world, with possibly one exception that of the Calumet & Hecla It is the property of J B Haggin of San Francisco, of whom we have spoken before, as the owner of sundry mines in Idaho We may say in passing that Mr Haggin is the greatest of living miners, or rather of mine speculators He is enormously wealthy, and has made his money—many millions—by sensible investments in mining property Very little has been made public concerning his private business, yet he is well known as the principal owner of the Ontario silver mine in Utah, which has paid $7,600,000 in dividends, of the Homestake mine, Dakota which has 80 stamps running upon low grade gold quartz, paying a half million per annum in dividends which have aggregated $[illegible],[illegible]00 up to this time of the Great Custer and [illegible] and some smaller properties in Idaho which in the aggregate have produced millions of dollars The Anaconda was bought by Haggin and George Hearst for $[illegible]5,000, it is said, when its prodigious value was not known Active and systematic explorations conducted under direction of Marcus Daly, one of the best of mining engineers, now superintendent of all the firm's property in Montana, showed up the rich ore bodies which have yielded so enormously since The ores previously mentioned, consists of a copper compound called chalcocite or copper glance containing nearly 80 per cent of copper together with silver to a high value per ton Some of the Anaconda ore assayed as high as seventy ounces silver and the normal percentage of copper varies from twelve to twenty in the average ore The lode reaches a thickness of seventy feet in this mine, and the sight of the huge breasts of rich ore which are exposed [illegible] perhaps unparalleled elsewhere in the world The mine is worked by a shaft of three compartments which is now down 1000 feet Levels run hence to all parts of the workings The daily output for nearly three years has averaged [illegible]00 tons of ore The facilities for hoisting and transporting are unsurpassed in any other mine [illegible]

The St Lawrence mine, an extension of the Anaconda [illegible]

THE PARROT MINE

This is a most reliable producer, [illegible] but has averaged over [illegible] tons per day for a long time The lodes are two in number The north vein as far as explored averages over eight feet wide and the south vein is equally as extensive The ore contains silver, but to such a small extent that it is disregarded in the metallurgy of the vein matter The yield of copper is [illegible] per cent, contained in copper glance, erubescite and chalcopyrite, the two former predominating

THE MONTANA COPPER COMPANY

Hold several very important properties at Butte, including the original Parrot, a very valuable claim on the Parrot lode, east of the Parrot mine the Colusa, Hattie Harvey Liquidator, Leonard and some ten other claims, some of note comprising over two miles of mining ground, besides a half-dozen placer claims The stock is held by Eastern capitalists and the company is a very influential and wealthy one Some of the lode claims have been opened the Colusa lode, in particular a great smelting works has been almost constantly running, and the total value of the property cannot be less than two millions In the Colusa mine the entire breadth of the vein, eighteen feet, is paying ore and has yielded 1[illegible]0 tons per day for over five years A proportion of the ore is first-class and fit for shipping The remainder averages 15 per cent of copper with ten ounces of silver This sort of ore extends to the bottom of the deepest explorations In 1881 the company's mines produced 1[illegible]000 ounces of silver and about 5,000,000 pounds of fine copper, which was shipped to Europe in matte for further treatment

The Liquidator adjoins the Colusa of which it is an extension It is developed to a depth of [illegible]0 feet the lode being twenty five feet wide and carrying the best ore upon the walls The usual output is 1[illegible]5 tons daily

THE MOUNTAIN VIEW

Is an unworked mine of the greatest promise It lies upon the apex of Anaconda hill, and comprises 2000 feet between the Colusa and St. Lawrence It is explored by shaft to a depth of [illegible] feet, whence levels have been run upon the vein for long distances It has been in course of development for several years, but no ore has been taken out, it being the plan of the owner to get it in good shape and wait for the price of copper to go up, before drawing upon the mine's stores of wealth The lode is 100 feet wide, in which for a long distance 15 feet of copper glance is found It is very likely that in case of the advance of copper to its former price of 1[illegible] cents great works would be established for the treatment of the Mountain View ores

HOISTING WORKS

The style of hoisting works most in vogue at Butte is the ordinary double reel hoist, for flat rope made by Fraser & Chalmers The Anaconda and St Lawrence possess similar sets of very powerful hoisting machinery, capable of raising the cage from a depth of [illegible]00 feet. These works cost $[illegible]0,000 each The lofty gallows frame, [illegible]0 feet high over the shaft, is similar to the practice at Virginia City Two hundred and fifty horse power are required for their cycle [illegible] machines Next to these mines the Parrot and Lexington have the most extensive hoisting works, and the latter company a year or two since set about the introduction of engines larger even, than those of the Anaconda, for the cylinders were to be [illegible] inches stroke, with [illegible] inch diameter The intention is not as yet carried out.

SILVER MILLS

The ores have been briefly described The practical mining engineer noticing their peculiarities would unhesitatingly place them in the category of silver minerals which require to be treated by amalgamation, preceded by roasting, in order to extract their values. There are small quantities of free milling silver ores at Butte but their proportion is rapidly growing smaller as depth is attained in the mines and now but one mill, the Dexter, of fifteen stamps, uses the free milling process This process as well as roasting milling, the modification in use for treating silver ores which do not amalgamate in the first instance, is almost universally known, and its details as practiced at Butte City do not differ in any essential from the practice at Virginia City and other silver mining regions throughout the United States In free milling the process is—preliminary wet crushing by stamps, agitation in pans with quicksilver, and with water enough to form the ore into a thick porridge, and then abstraction of the quicksilver and silver amalgam by the agency of water in a settler The quicksilver is then distilled to free it from the precious metals, which remain behind This treatment is equally efficacious for gold and silver, but is rarely applied to the former alone as it is much more costly than the ordinary plain battery amalgamation The process of silver milling, as above, is in this country called the Washoe pan process as having been first applied to the ores of the Comstock lode which carry both gold and silver, the latter in a "free" condition i e, free to amalgamate The process is applicable to silver ores which carry only native silver or the compounds of silver with chlorine (chloride of silver horn silver cerargyrite) bromine (bromide of silver, bromyrite), iodine (iodide of silver iodyrite and chloro-bromide of silver The other ores of silver, which number not less than twenty five do not amalgamate in their ordinary condition, but require previous treatment in order to release the metal from combinations with arsenic, antimony, sulphur, etc, and still more to break up such compounds of base metals with sulphur etc, as may exist in the vein matter and inclose compounds of the precious metals This is of more importance than breaking up the silver compounds themselves, particularly at Butte City, where could the silver compounds be isolated from the pyrite chalcopyrite, erubescite, chalcocite, etc, they would amalgamate easily, since the refractory sulphides antimonides, arsenides etc form but a very small proportion of the silver contents Free [illegible] from the upper portion of the veins amalgamate satisfactorily with ordinary treatment other than stamping but at a lower depth the unchanged compounds of iron copper and zinc with sulphur are found to carry nearly all the precious metal and the process of extraction necessarily includes roasting Dry crushing becomes convenient, and in brief the process is in outline to dry the ore by furnace heat in a cylindrical calciner crush it dry under stamps weighing [illegible]0 pounds as a rule transfer by bucket elevators to roasting furnaces, preferably Stetefeldt's or some automatic apparatus like Howell's or Bruckner's then, after a chloridizing roasting quite expensive on account of the price of salt and fuel the material goes into pans is ground for an hour, two hours or more or less according to the fancy of the amalgamator, and then quicksilver is added in quantity and the operation concluded by active agitation with the fine pulp Free milling is less costly than roasting milling but saves less of silver usually getting from [illegible]0 to [illegible] per cent. of it. Roasting milling secures from 80 to 90. The silver mills of Butte form an important feature of the camp Their names and the number of their stamps are as follows

	Stamps
Alice old mill	[illegible]0
Alice new mill	60
Moulton	40
Lexington	60
Bluebird	60
Silver Bow	[illegible]0
Four smaller mills together	50
Total	320

The details of all these are similar, and a very brief description of one will do for all The Lexington mill of sixty stamps, is connected with the mines of the company by a covered tramway for delivering ores It is provided with five drying ovens of a peculiar design in which the unbroken ore is calcined to remove moisture and fit it for dry crushing in the mill. The ore is handled automatically throughout there is no dearth of labor saving appliances and to the casual inspector it seems as if everybody had left the huge mill to care for itself It moves on however, from year's end to year's end without a hitch and turns out regularly something like $[illegible]0 worth of bullion each day Fifty of the stamps weigh [illegible] pounds each, the [illegible] ten being used to grind salt for the chloridizing There are eighteen combination pans and nine settlers From the latter the amalgam to the amount of half a ton each day is shoveled into a car which runs upon a little railway to the retorts, two in number After retorting it is sent to France, for refining The total capacity of the silver mills named above is not less than [illegible] tons per day and they are kept constantly at work to their fullest capacity and produce in each week about $100,000 worth of bullion, or rather more than $[illegible] a year

THE SMELTING

In the earlier years of Butte's history silver milling as an industry was far in advance of copper production, both metallurgically and commercially Within the last three years it [illegible] has tended to become second to the latter industry, [illegible] mines which first were worked exclusively for silver were found to develop [illegible] copper mines At present [illegible]

[illegible]

First Smelting copper ores in reverberatory furnaces

Second—Smelting copper ores in blast furnaces

In both these cases the end product is not metallic copper, but [illegible] combination of copper with sulphur and iron which is termed a matte It happens that metal cannot be produced from sulphurous ores of copper at one operation, owing to the persistence with which copper and sulphur remain united A subsequent operation or series of operations is necessary, and to complete the work the matte is usually shipped to Eastern or European refineries adapted through the perfection of their methods and the skill and experience of their employes to perform the work One smelting establishment at Butte and one only, the Parrot smelter produces metallic copper

Concentration of the ore as a rule precedes smelting At one establishment the Butte Reduction works no concentration is employed but in other cases the operation is deemed indispensable in view of the great excess of worthless gangue in the ore As nearly all the operations are carried on at the Parrot works, we will consider these, which are the most complete of their kind in America They cost half a million dollars, and stand in the environs of Butte City, perhaps one third of a mile from the Parrot mine, and connected therewith by an elevated tramway which allows loaded cars to deliver ore in the works The rock is first crushed and concentrated to a product carrying 25 per cent copper in lieu of the 12 or 1[illegible] per cent. contained in the raw ore The silver in the ore, amounting to a few ounces per ton is disregarded as we shall see The concentrators handle [illegible] tons daily Jigs and rolls are used, and the slimes flow over Rittenger percussion tables by which nearly all the copper fines are taken up Drying comes next then calcining, or more properly roasting This is carried on in reverberatory furnaces fifty or sixty feet long and from twelve to sixteen wide, and capable of treating sixteen tons daily, by the combustion of two cords of wood The roast is intentionally not very thorough and would not answer in the chlorination process for gold Quite a large proportion of the coarse Parrot ore is roasted in stalls of brickwork but the disadvantages [illegible] counterbalance the extreme cheapness of this method Heap-roasting is considerably practiced at several establishments Lack of space prevents us from dwelling upon these details When sufficiently roasted the [illegible] ready for smelting [illegible] Here the processes [illegible] reverberatories and smelting by blast furnaces The former is the more general practice at Butte City [illegible] generally as the cheapest The fuel used is coal which costs from $8 to $[illegible] per ton while the coke necessary in the blast furnace costs over $[illegible] The reverberatory for copper reduction has been long [illegible] Swansea furnaces may be found in [illegible] fifteen tons of charge may be smelted in a day [illegible] matte containing [illegible] per cent of copper The silver has likewise been gathered in the matte [illegible] writer is informed

The greater part of the matte produced at the Parrot smelter is made in reverberatories but one blast furnace, of fifty tons capacity being in use Thus far we have noticed the operations tending to the formation of matte The concluding operation is the conversion of this matte into black copper carrying but 1 per cent of impurity This is done by means of the Manhes converter process, a French invention the right of using which was purchased by the Parrot company for half a million dollars The matte is first melted in a cupola like those in use for melting pig iron in a foundry and the liquid material, [illegible] is poured into a big jug made of iron and lined with fire clay, in quantities of many thousand pounds at once A current of air is next forced into the jug at the bottom of the liquid, passing up through it when some interesting reactions take place The sulphur is burned to sulphurous acid and goes off as a gas, while arsenic and antimony mostly follow suit. The iron combines at the high temperature with the silica quartz which is added and forms slag which floats on top of the copper, now changed to metal and sunk to the bottom of the vessel The great kettle, weighing several tons is now revolved by machinery and after the slag is skimmed off the metal is poured out into moulds holding [illegible] pounds each It is now black copper, of 98 to 9[illegible] per cent purity The silver whatever there [illegible] has remained with the copper and of course has become inaccessible by ordinary means The greater part of the Parrot copper is refined by dry processes, but 5000 pounds, or one sixth of the whole daily output (30,000 pounds) is refined by electrolysis, which allows of the recovery of the silver The precious metal is relatively more important at the other works as it occurs in the ores in greater proportions [illegible] ever refers to the Butte establishments without mentioning

THE ANACONDA SMELTER,

The largest copper smelting establishment not only in Montana but in the world Haggin & Hearst, owners of the Anaconda and St Lawrence mines and adjacent properties found it advisable, on account of lack of wood and water at Butte, to construct reduction works in the Deer Lodge valley forty miles from Butte City, and to this point which goes by the name of Anaconda, they built, or caused to be built a narrow gauge railway for the transportation of their ores, which are being extracted at the rate of [illegible]00 tons per day Thus far these capitalists have expended about $2,000,000 in providing a reducing plant suitable to their needs. Work on the new constructions began in the summer of 18[illegible] and has as yet hardly finished The process appears to be identical with that in use at the reduction works in Butte, a silver bearing copper matte being the final product. The Anaconda works comprise two separate groups of buildings the copper group containing about a dozen large structures, among them the concentrator building [illegible] feet long with [illegible] jigs in [illegible] sets, forty-eight in a set. This [illegible] by a second concentrator [illegible] a smelter building [illegible] feet long and another [illegible] feet long, a building for roasting furnaces [illegible] feet long an immense ore house a sampling mill, and other smaller structures all well and durably constructed Water furnishes the motive power and electricity is used for lighting Nearly 100 tons of copper matte, running [illegible]0 per cent. copper with over 100 ounces silver, was daily produced About 1000 men were employed in the works and 1[illegible]0 tons of coal and 100 cords of wood were daily burned The wood cost $4 per cord the coal [illegible] per ton The past tense is used for some trouble with striking miners has caused these magnificent works to be closed in part for a time The town of Anaconda with its population of 3000, depends wholly upon the operations of this great smelting concern

There are seven smelting and concentrating establishments in and around Butte City names and capacities as follows

	Tons
Colorado and Montana	[illegible]0
Montana Copper company	1[illegible]5
Parrot	300
Butte Reduction Works	1[illegible]0
Clark's Colusa	150
Liquidator (concentration only)	100
Bell	80
Total	1155

Adding this total to the Anaconda's capacity [illegible] Butte City [illegible] mining camp on earth

[illegible]

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SOME OF ACKERMAN'S Xmas Presents

Handkerchief Boxes,
Work Boxes,
Jewel Boxes,
Glove Boxes,
Satchels,
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
Albums,
Writing Desks,
[illegible] Cases,
Music Rolls,
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
Scrap Books,
Card Receivers,
[illegible]
Clocks,
Brackets,
[illegible]
Statuary
Chamber Sets,
Tea Sets,
Dinner Sets,
Fancy Cups and Saucers,
[illegible] Pottery,
Old Hall Pottery,
Leeds Pottery,
Elegant Glassware,
French China,
[illegible] Ware
Dolls of every description,
Velocipedes,
Rocking Horses,
Sleds,
Wagons,
Toy Tea Sets,
Books,
Trumpets,
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]

82, 84, 86 Second

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AND

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Before the Rush Begins

AT

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Will in themselves offer more suggestions as to what you should buy than months of thinking and worrying.

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Silks,
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Cloaks,
Newmarkets,
Wraps,
Jackets,
Flowers,
Feathers,
Bonnets,
Hats,
Cigar Cases,
Pocket Books,
Memorandum Books,
Whisk Broom-Holders,
Neckwear,
Underwear,
Suspenders,
Hosiery,
Clothing,
Kilt Suits,
Overcoats,
Blankets,
Curtains,
Dress Goods,
Bird Cages,
Bracket Lamps,
Library "
Chandeliers,
Parlor Lamps,
Decorated Shades,
Dome "
Colored Globes,
Etched "
Plush Dressing Mirrors,
Rogers' Bros. Plated Ware,
Child's Sets Knife, Fork and Spoons,
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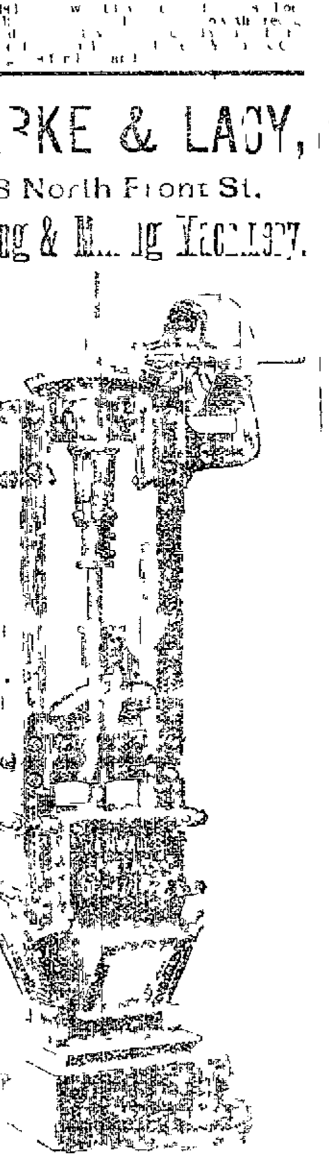

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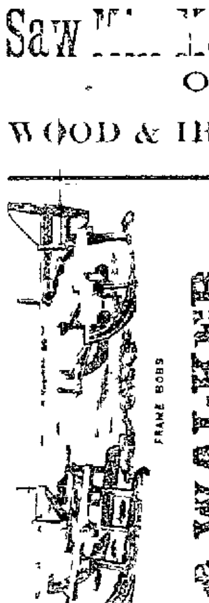

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Portland, Oregon.

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THIS BREWERY IS THE ONLY BREWERY [illegible] the Pacific coast that furnishes its customers [illegible] article of lager [illegible] The first ice machine [illegible] the coast has been [illegible] for brewing business at the Columbia Brewery

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The Oregonian.

PORTLAND, THURSDAY, DEC. 16, 1886.

LIFE VS PROPERTY

In England the law imposes strange sentences. Here are a few examples A man for stealing a hand cart, five years' penal servitude, and another man for assaulting a fellow-workman and knocking out his eye, forty shillings' fine. A man for begging bread when he was unable to obtain employment, ten days' imprisonment at hard labor; and another, for going to the workhouse rather than accept employment at three shillings a day, a month's servitude and twelve strokes of the cat o' nine-tails. Again, a man for stealing a cotton shirt, five years' penal servitude, and another man for criminal assault upon two infants, three months' imprisonment. An English clergyman, sitting as a magistrate, recently pronounced a sentence that horrified the public. An old man sixty nine years of age was brought before him accused of stealing a shirt. He was at once sentenced by the reverend judge to five years' penal servitude A few years ago a worse case of cruel oppression by the law took place in England, where the victim was an honest, helpless, poor man, with a lunatic wife and six children He was summoned before the magistrates of the police court in Chester, the county town of Cheshire, charged with wilfully having neglected to contribute to the support of his four children, who were living in the workhouse. This poor man proved his inability to pay by showing that he had been in hospital with a ruptured blood vessel that he had passed six months in compulsory idleness that he owed for food and clothing He told a straight story and proved a good character for sobriety and industry The English magistrates deliberated and finally sentenced the man to prison for one month at hard labor In America he would have been released as a worthy case of honest distress and probably with some offer of substantial sympathy and assistance. This disgraceful decision of the Cheshire magistrates set public opinion on fire. A subscription list was opened for the relief of the imprisoned man. The case was brought up in parliament and finally Mr. Cross, the secretary of the home department, although refusing to admit that the decision of the police court was indefensible, stated that he "had thought it right that the man should not undergo the full sentence of imprisonment passed upon him."

This illustrates that under English law life and liberty are less sacred than property The English people are humane, but they continue to travel in the old ruts of ancient oppressive legislation, contrived at a time when a man's life and liberty, compared with the rights of property, were not better than a sheep's. As a matter of fact, property, in the sense of capital, is generally a hog and a fool. To illustrate, take our great civil war The *people*, not the capitalists, saved the nation. Chase issued his greenbacks and his bonds because there was no time to levy and collect taxes or negotiate a foreign loan. We had to borrow, and borrowed not of the capitalists but of the patriotic people Capital was sensitive to danger and selfish, but the people who rose and filled the armies took the greenback. The soldiers took it, labor took it at par, but capital discounted it until the war reached a point of victory where capital was willing to aid the government, because capital saw a sure profit Capital, like corporations, has no soul, and it had none during our war until our cause was assured of victory Capital bought bonds with greenbacks and cashed its bonds in coin. Don Piatt, in the *North American Review*, fairly asks why, if the nation has a right to the life of the citizen in a fight for the flag, the nation has not as good a right to the rich man's money as the poor man's life? If it be answered that capital pays the taxes which pays soldiers' wages and pensions, Piatt replies "No the sons of men who went out to fight are paying our debt, our pensions and our bonds." That is true, because the farmers fought the war, the farmers' property is visible and bears the burden of taxation, while the capitalists, who purchased government bonds in depreciated currency, at heavy discount, and used the same bonds at par as a basis for national bank notes, are the largest owners of invisible property. The only excuse for the greenback and our bonds was the urgent emergency We made a forced loan as quickly as we could the plain people gave the money, the plain people are to-day paying the debt and capital—selfish, cowardly capital—reaps the profits and dodges the taxes.

THE LAST AGGRESSIVE EFFORT

The last great aggressive movement of the Confederates in the civil war was the campaign led by Hood, into Tennessee After the capture of Atlanta in September 1864, Hood struck at Sherman's communications, expecting by this stroke to carry the war back again from central Georgia to Tennessee, just as Lee had more than once carried it back from central Virginia to the Potomac. If Sherman had been such a general as McClellan he would have rushed back to Tennessee to cover and protect his communications, but being a man of military genius he resolved to "counter" on Hood by pushing at once for the heart of the Confederacy and thus compel Hood either to turn back and follow him in a hopeless chase, or to push forward to Nashville where Thomas was assembling an army of 65,000 men to meet him Sherman proved his genius by refusing to retreat and thus surrender all that he had so hardly won. He sent the 4th and 23d army corps back to Thomas, thus giving that commander an army of 50,000 men to confront Hood, whose advance cavalry under Forrest crossed the Tennessee the first week of November 1864 The moment Sherman learned that Hood was fairly committed to this mad scheme for the invasion of Tennessee he cut loose his communications with the rear, and, on the 15th of November 1864 began his "march to the sea.

Hood, who confidently expected that his advance on Nashville would recall Sherman, was astounded by this audacious move [illegible] too late for him to [illegible] stroke at Thomas that [illegible] ity all the ruin that Sherman [illegible] certainly the capture of Nashville would have been ample compensation [illegible] nah The 20th of November, 1864 [illegible] found Sherman at the head of 60,000 men with resistless stride pushing for Savannah and Hood with 40,000 infantry and 10,000 cavalry pushing for Nashville, to defend which Thomas was rapidly gathering [illegible] men. Hood himself was not responsible for this policy of invasion any more than he was for his vigorous offensive, by which he wrecked his army on the rocks of Sherman's troops before Atlanta. Davis ordered the "offensive" before Atlanta, and Davis ordered the absurd invasion of Tennessee, in spite of Beauregard's voice of warning and protest.

Thomas, to gain time for the assembling and equipment of his troops, gave Gen Schofield command of some 30,000 men with which Schofield successfully resisted the advance of Hood The Confederate cavalry leader Forrest, captured Johnsonville and destroyed supplies valued at a million and a half of dollars before Schofield could prevent him Hood's subordinates did not obey his orders promptly Had they acted with energy Schofield would have been ruined, but through the carelessness of Gen. Cheatham, Schofield was suffered to withdraw his forces and concentrate them in a strong position at Franklin, Tenn eighteen miles south of Nashville. Here, November 30 1864 Hood desperately assaulted Schofield's intrenched lines. Gen. Wagner's failure to obey orders and withdraw his division from its advanced position came near losing the Union army the day, for Hood's charge rolled up that division like paper, drove it back in disorder on the main line, pierced the intrenchments and captured eight guns, but Opdyke's brigade, supported by Conrad's, dashed forward, struck the Confederates in the flank tumbled them out of the works, recaptured the guns and restored the line under the lead of Gen Stanley, who left a sick bed to lead the charge, and returned to it severely wounded. Hood's gallant troops were repulsed with a loss of 6300 men, including six general officers killed and seven wounded and among the killed was the famous Gen. Pat. Cleburne, an Irishman trained to war in the English army, the ablest and most dashing soldier in Hood's army, who, stung by Hood's reproaches for his failure to strike Schofield the day before in the flank, charged at the head of his column, and threw his life away This was the most awful slaughter, for the numbers engaged, suffered by the Confederates during the whole war The Union loss, killed and wounded, was but 1200

Schofield withdrew his army the same night to Nashville, and Hood recklessly followed. On the 15th of December, 1864, Thomas, with 65,000 men, moved on Hood, who had about 30,000 infantry and 10,000 cavalry, and smashed his lines, and the night of the 16th found Hood's whole army in full flight. Hood crossed the Tennessee with 53,000 men, and when he recrossed the river he had less than 20,000 Thomas reported 13 000 prisoners and seventy two cannon captured, while his own losses were a little rising 3000 men As a matter of fact the awful slaughter of Franklin had taken all the fight out of Hood's men, and they knew they were greatly outnumbered

Schofield was the real hero of this campaign With 27,000 men he resisted Hood's 50,000, and inflicted a terrible defeat at Franklin upon the enemy After this defeat, for Hood to rush his shattered forces on Nashville, defended by 65-000 men, was military insanity, and the defeat of his shattered army of 30,000 men by 65,000, under Thomas, was to be expected Hood invited his own ruin, and any ordinary general ought to have beaten him before Nashville as disastrously as Thomas did The difficult work of the campaign was done by Schofield, who with 27,000 men repulsed 50,000, while Thomas with 60,000 men whipped 30,000 A military fool delivered a shattered army into his hands.

LINCOLN'S FAME

The life of Lincoln, in the *Century*, continues to be of great interest. It is a curious fact that Gladstone, the most liberal of English statesmen, never seemed to appreciate Lincoln Gladstone described Richard Cobden once as the purest public character of modern history save George Washington Englishmen generally endorse Gladstone's flattering estimate of Washington, while they do not yet appear to comprehend Lincoln. Carlyle, who cursed everybody except Cromwell, Frederick the Great, Emerson and Mrs. Carlyle, is the only Englishman of intellectual eminence who has not spoken with profound reverence of Washington. Fox, Canning, Brougham, Macaulay, Green, the greatest historian of modern times, Byron and the Duke of Wellington are among the eminent Englishmen who have preceded Gladstone in describing Washington as

The first, the last, the best
The Cincinnatus of the West
Whom envy dared not hate

It did not therefore require any special freedom from insular prejudice for Gladstone to concede to Washington the place that he has been given by the most conservative of English statesmen, soldiers, historians and literary men long before Gladstone entered public life. It was no more surprising that Gladstone should acknowledge the pre-eminent public virtue of Washington than it would be for Blaine to concede that Byron, Shelley and Keats were greater poets than Lowell, Whittier and Holmes. The surprising thing is not that Gladstone said "amen" to what all great Englishmen agreed before he was born, but the surprising thing is that Gladstone should fail to see that our Lincoln, if not the peer of Washington as a man of public purity and moral dignity, was certainly more than the peer of Cobden or any other English speaking statesman of his day In our judgment Lincoln was the peer of Washington in everything save he lacked a certain kind of patrician dignity of manner that Washington as a Virginia planter and soldier of high rank and authority, had naturally acquired Washington was not a man of wit, humor or imagination and was therefore never tempted to unbend and tell funny anecdotes by the fire side but this was only a superficial superiority Lincoln had as powerful an understanding, a better education, save perhaps in mathematics, as pure and patriotic a soul as Washington, and we believe he was a man of larger natural benevolence and tenderness of heart. Washington would never have dismounted at 30 years of age to put young birds back into the nest from which they had fallen as Lincoln did In moral dignity, public purity, sagacious and patriotic statesmanship, Lincoln was worthy to be called our "later Washington" and yet Gladstone not only never appreciated the astonishing power and purity of Lincoln as a public man but was weak enough during our great civil war to say admiringly of Jeff Davis, in a public speech, that he had "not only made an army and a navy, but he had founded a nation" although Gladstone knew at the time that the English ship builders made the navy, and that Davis only ordered and paid for it The Alabama "was manned by a British crew, drew prizes to destruction under a British flag and was paid for by money borrowed from British capitalists," as Mr Forster said in the house of commons The greatness, the nobility of Lincoln's character, the extraordinary astuteness and logical power of his intellect the touching and melodious eloquence that marked his first and second inaugurals, the self restraint the extraordinary wisdom of the man, seemed utterly lost on Gladstone, who was "fascinated by the fitful and ill regulated energy and 'bounce' of Jeff Davis Lord Derby, Bright, Cobden, and even Beaconsfield comprehended Lincoln. It was Beaconsfield and not Gladstone who on the news of Lincoln's murder spoke words of pathetic eloquence in memory of him to parliament It was Beaconsfield and not Gladstone who bewailed the murder of Lincoln in the lofty spirit that recognized that a great man had fallen untimely in the ranks of the English speaking people of the earth

It will not always be so. The day is not far distant when the name and fame of Abraham Lincoln will be as reverently and tenderly [illegible] by great English men as that of Washington to-day and Jeff Davis will be remitted to that large class of historical characters who had greatness thrust upon them and failed to achieve greatness because he was a small man [illegible] federacy just as M[illegible] a small man of [illegible] trying to re[illegible] incapacity The [illegible] was Lee and Johnston the [illegible] Davis and [illegible] scribblers, trying, like a [illegible] every case, to just[illegible] The right to pre[illegible] who has died [illegible] to the incomp[illegible] somebody not accused of [illegible]

It is set down as a remarkable fact that during the last twenty years no less a sum than $10,000,000 has been sunk in the effort to establish newspapers in the city of New York But it is not so remarkable a thing In almost every city, large and small a proportional amount has been sunk in similar efforts. It may be doubted whether $500,000 would cover the amount squandered in Portland during twenty years in the vain effort to establish new papers There is scarcely any branch of business that entices and entraps more people, or in which success is so difficult and doubtful

A gentleman named Saunders, who acquired some distinction a while ago by killing a man at Albany is to have a new trial, on the ground that when on trial before he was subjected to an improper cross-examination by the attorney for the state Another instance going to show that the methods of the law are not for enforcement of justice but for the protection of the criminal It would seem as if the state presently would be under the necessity of apologizing to Mr Saunders as an abused and persecuted man Besides it is said that the man whom he slew was of much account

It is proven by the course taken in discussion of the prohibition question through the columns of THE OREGONIAN by several participants that the *argumentum ad hominem* may become about the same thing as the *argumentum ad infinitum*. In deference to the requests of many readers, THE OREGONIAN will now permit the subject to rest awhile. It is well, moreover, to give the seed that has been sown a chance to germinate and take a little root. There may be such a thing as stirring the soil too much.

THE INDEFINITE ENGLISHMAN

The ordinary Englishman is about as absurdly sensitive when an American newspaper discusses English affairs as a Roman Catholic ecclesiastic is when the hostility of the church to the common school is considered There is an indefinite Englishman at Corvallis who behaves like an angry bull whenever THE OREGONIAN considers the Irish question, the English aristocracy, or anything that directly or indirectly relates to England A red rag waved before a bull makes him paw the ground, lash his sides with his tail and behave in a frantic manner THE OREGONIAN means to state the facts, and it would be glad if the indefinite English man at Corvallis who talks about "blunders" would furnish a bill of particulars Facts are one thing opinions and conclusions drawn from facts are quite another thing

THE OREGONIAN has not misstated the facts in the Irish question, nor on any other question its inferences and conclusions from those facts may not agree with those of the indefinite Englishman at Corvallis, but until we have a definite bill of particulars setting forth wherein we have blundered, we shall have to believe that the indefinite Englishman ought to drive tandem with the average Roman Catholic ecclesiastic. The scene in "Nicholas Nickelby," where Mrs Kenwigs faints, while looking at her flaxen haired children, and on recovering exclaims passionately, "They are too good to live," stands for the ordinary Englishman when you talk about England, or the ordinary Roman Catholic priest when talking about his church The average Englishman and the average Roman Catholic priest, when his country or his church is criticised always exclaims, "They are too good to live" The question whether England is a second rate power, is a question of fact, and it is no logical answer to quote England's past pre-eminence in defense of her present decay of superior political influence. No man who has read history and is candid will pretend that England to day is as potential a political factor in Europe as she was under William Pitt from 1783 to 1806, or even from 1855 to 1865 under Palmerston and Derby What answer is the recital of the roll of England's battle flags to the fact that the unification of Germany has made Bismarck and not Salisbury, the dictator of peace or war in Europe England is not in a state of decay or deterioration, but England, by the mastery of events which she could not control, has become a second rate power Why? Because Russia has, by England's folly been suffered to plant herself on England's Indian flank, and England cannot dictate peace or war to Russia, as she could once when the Russian Bear did not range beyond the Caucasus. England is a second rate power to-day in Europe Germany is the first class power that fixes the fate of Europe for war or peace, and it does not dispose of the fact to call the roll of England's battleflags

THE GREENBACK

To the three things that were wonderful to the author of the Book of Proverbs, yea to the four which he knew not, might in these times be added the way of the democratic party with the greenback When the greenback was first made that party bitterly denounced it as an unconstitutional rag A few years later it wanted to invest the greenback with the ideal character of money, to pay the national debt with it, and to enthrone and establish it, even in its irredeemable state as the permanent currency of the country It became the favorite democratic argument that money owed its value to decree of government, and the greenback, therefore, was to be cherished as a product of the philosophy of fiatism—the people's money, a money which they received directly from their government, and which was necessary to make them independent of the "gold bugs of Wall street. And now a democratic secretary of the treasury, in an elaborate report, urges the complete retirement of the greenback from circulation

But it is fair, and even necessary, to say that the democrats of the West and South, certainly many of them, do not approve this recommendation They say it is merely a scheme to restrict the currency to the limit demanded by Wall street, and they will not have it In fact, it would be a dangerous and might be a calamitous reduction of the volume of currency, and very probably would still further reduce values of all things save money, and thereby make debts still harder to pay It was complained for many years that the republican administration of the finances of the country was carried on in the interest of the capitalist and bondholding classes. This was an old text, even in Oregon It would now be interesting to hear what our democratic brethren have to say on this proposition from their own administration Or is their disappointment so great that they have ceased to take an interest in public affairs

The *Astorian* says "Thus far THE OREGONIAN has failed to indicate the close relationship existing between Mitchell's election and the mysterious murders and disappearances in the Webfoot metropolis. The alleged relations of cause and effect in this matter should be worth a brilliant brochure in the editorial columns of our esteemed contemporary" But it is hardly necessary The most obvious fact of the situation is that the system of politics known as Mitchellism has done more than all things else to render inefficient the administration of law and the enforcement of justice

People of Washington territory will be gratified to learn that at last there is a prospect that their territory may soon become a state To the apparent surprise of everybody, the house committee on territories has agreed to report a bill to admit both Washington and Montana The whole Northwest will rejoice over the prospect of the creation of these new states But Idaho ought to come in with them

We must have about four million dollars to spend at the mouth of the Columbia so that merchant ships of deep draught may be let in And then we must have about four million [illegible] to spend at the same place, so that [illegible] may be kept out It requires funds [illegible] keep up with the procession of civilization

The [illegible] of state taxes paid by [illegible] Wisconsin this year [illegible] It was paid by the Chicago, Milwaukee [illegible] and nearly one third by the Chicago [illegible] Northwestern

Twas two years ago to-day we got the heavy [illegible] of snow, that buried the country for nearly three weeks A fall of snow in a country [illegible] shuts people up as bees in a hive

St Paul spends over a million dollars in improvement and extension of her streets this year

This is suggested as a motto for Henry George's party viz "We want the earth

POSTMASTERS.

WELLS, Or, Dec 1

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN

Will you please publish the different classes into which postoffices are divided, with the salary or commission of each? Also state which are appointed by the president, and which if any, by the postmaster general Do appointments of the lower classes have to be confirmed by the senate?

W F

Postmasters are divided into five classes The salary of postmasters of the first class is not more than four thousand nor less than three thousand dollars per annum of the second class less than three thousand, but not less than two thousand of the third class, less than two thousand, but not less than one thousand of the fourth class less than one thousand, but not less than two hundred of the fifth class, less than two hundred dollars Postmasters of the fourth and fifth classes are appointed and may be removed by the postmaster general all others are appointed by the president, with the advice and consent of the senate Postmasters of the lower classes do not have to be confirmed by the senate

ARE YOU MADE miserable by Indigestion Constipation Dizziness, Loss of Appetite Yellow Skin? Shiloh's Vitalizer is a positive cure. WOODARD, CLARKE & Co , agents.

MEETING NOTICES.

Volunteer Firemen's Association — [illegible] meeting with [illegible] this [illegible] court room By order of the [illegible]

THE LATEST NOVELTIES

J POLIVKA & CO M[illegible] Tailors 5 Washington

NEW TO-DAY.

IT PAYS.

When an intelligent people learn that they need only ask a class article and that at a fair figure you can then build up a first class business That is just what McAllen & McDonnell of the Popular Dry Goods Store [illegible] Third st have lately done They are now reaping the reward to which they are justly entitled — Evening Telegram

Our trained practical experience will in all cases protect our patrons

McALLEN & McDONNELL

CASINO OPERA HOUSE.

M J GOLDSTEIN Lessee and Manager

TO-NIGHT!

THE GREAT LONDON SUCCESS

MACAIRE,

BY THE

THOMPSON OPERA COMPY

Popular Prices, 25 and 50c.

Reserve Seats [illegible] extra at McKercher & [illegible] between the hours [illegible] A M to [illegible] P M and 3 to 6 P M

MATINEE Saturday Dec 18 Reserved seats [illegible] admission [illegible]

DR E A JONES [illegible] FIRST ST NEAR ASH

FOR SALE—A YOUNG SETTER APPLY AT 30 Washington st 160 f

BARBER WANTED—AT CASINO BARBER shop East Portland 161 *

GOLD FISH AND FISH GLOBES IN GREAT quantity at S L STONE'S 158 f

FOR RENT—A DESIRABLE BAY WINDOW front room first floor [illegible] 160

WANTED—NURSE GIRL MUST HAVE SOME experience and references. Call [illegible]

WANTED—LABORERS FOR R R WORK [illegible] KINCAID & CO 104 [illegible] st

NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO [illegible] rison st near Second King of all machines [illegible]

SILK PLUSHES—$1 [illegible] A YARD AT [illegible] HARMON'S 209 First st [illegible]

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM FOR ONE OR two persons with use of kitchen if desired [illegible] First st. 161

FOR SALE—ONE LARGE WOOD AND ONE small coal stove at WOODARD CLARKE & CO 141 First st 160 f

FOR RENT—A SUIT OF FOUR FURNISHED rooms, for housekeeping Call at [illegible] bet [illegible] A M and 1 P M 1846

A SUIT OF NICELY FURNISHED FRONT rooms for rent cheap to permanent parties [illegible] Salmon st cor Fifth 160

LADIES QUILTED FARMER SATIN SKIRTS only 75 cents each at L HARMON'S 209 First st opp Oregon Furniture Co [illegible]

ACHES AND PAINS DO NOT EXIST WITH Chicago Candles A while lot at MORGAN & BORLBINO'S First and Yamhill

AN EXPERIENCED NURSE OR HOUSEkeeper wishes a position best of references. Inquire at 171 Fourth st. near Yamhill

CLEARANCE SALE—BEFORE OUR ANNUAL stock taking all our goods at greatly reduced prices [illegible] L HARMON 209 First st

HAMS WARRANTED [illegible] PER LB BEST Roller Mills Flour per sack $1 best Rice [illegible] for $1 The Portland Cash Grocery 4 First st. 1845

DRESSMAKING AT REDUCED RATES—Dresses made from $5 [illegible] at MRS WHITE'S Part [illegible] Wash [illegible] elevator [illegible]

COTTAGE FOR RENT—IN DESIRABLE PART of East Portland [illegible] carpets bedstead tables [illegible] for sale [illegible] care Oregonian [illegible]

FOR RENT—A HANDSOMELY FURNISHED alcove room bay window suitable for [illegible] gentlemen central location [illegible] care Oregonian 1 614

WANTED—A SITUATION IN A GENERAL merchandise store [illegible] man of good address, the best of references Address Business 175 Morrison [illegible]

SITUATION WANTED BY A YOUNG MAN that understands [illegible] object till proved satisfactory references [illegible] Address R J care Oregonian 161

FOR SALE GOOD COTTAGE AND TWO LOTS [illegible] $800 [illegible] Holladay Addition [illegible] JOHN M CRESS room [illegible] First st

THE AMERICAN DISTRICT TELEGRAPH company 8 Stark st [illegible] arranges day or night order by call [illegible] promptly [illegible]

FOR RENT—EIGHT ROOM HOUSE ON FOURTH st [illegible] $18 also four room cottage [illegible] $10 also four room cottage [illegible] JOHN M CRESS room F 34 First st. 151

NOTICE—THE EARLY CLOSING OF RETAIL druggists of Portland and East Portland will be suspended from Dec 18 to Jan 1 1887 By order Ex Com [illegible]

NOTICE—THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of the Masonic Building Association will be held at the office of J B Congle Portland Friday Dec 23 1886 at 10:30 A M 1612 T W PRATT Sec'y

WANTED—PRESCRIPTION CLERK FOR A city retail drug store references required which must be first class none but [illegible] those who can give first class recommendations as to ability integrity and sobriety need apply Address Drugs care Oregonian

DISSOLUTION NOTICE NOTICE IS HEREBY given that the general merchandise business carried on at Butte Creek Clackamas county Or [illegible] the firm name of Marquam Hartman & Co has this day been dissolved by mutual consent Marquam & Co will [illegible] all outstanding debts [illegible] The business will be continued at the old stand by S M Hartman

A MARQUAM
S M HARTMAN
W M BLAIR.

Butte Creek Or Dec 1 1886 1613 [illegible]

TRAVELERS—SELECT A TRUNK VALISE OR traveling bag from SILBERSTEIN'S exclusive dealer opp Esmond

[illegible] ARE BEST [illegible] First S[illegible]

Latest New York and Parisian Designs

[illegible] W[illegible]JAMS [illegible] Portland

RUPTURE PERMANENTLY CURED NO SURGICAL OPERATION [illegible] [illegible] DRS FORDEN [illegible]

HERE'S SWEETNESS.

G. M SIMON THE ONLY FRENCH MANUFACTURER of [illegible] years experience [illegible] at [illegible]

$6000—CORNER LOT & DWELLING

[illegible] CLAYTON & OLIVER [illegible] Stark st

USEFUL CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

A Large Assortment of Ladies and Gents [illegible] Silk Umbrellas Also Fur Sets [illegible] Handsome Embroidered Handkerchiefs, Fans, etc at Very Low [illegible] during our Clearance Sale [illegible] 147 Third st

THE WEEKLY DEMOCRAT

[illegible] THE DEMOCRAT [illegible]

REMOVAL!

HENRY HEWETT & CO'S INSURANCE AGENCY

Have removed [illegible] to

30 North Front St ,

Between B and C streets up stairs

DEKUM'S.

Christmas Cards
Juvenile Books
Elegant Volumes
Fine Stationery
Scrap Books
Autograph Albums.

DEKUM'S.

ELEGANT

ATTRACTIONS!

FOR THE——

HOLIDAYS!

You are Cordially Invited to Call and See Them.

[illegible] & [illegible]

PRESCRIPTION DRUGGISTS,

ODD FELLOWS' TEMPLE, Portland, Or.

NEW TO-DAY.

FOR RENT!

Second floor of Brick Building on First st, suitable for lodging house EUGENE D WHITE Real Estate Agent Rooms B, C and D second floor N W corner First and Alder

LE ROI DES SAVONS

KING OF SOAP!

Finest in the Market!

[illegible] Fancy Grocers at [illegible]

J. N. BRISTOL, 44 Morrison.

YOU MAY

Expect a change in the weather any day, so that it is just as well to order your Winter Suit, Overcoat and Underclothing now We offer special rates for the next thirty days Buy at once

A. WALDMAN,

147 FIRST.

NEW MARKET THEATER

To Night Thursday Tomorrow (Friday) and Saturday Evening

ELABORATE PRODUCTION OF

PRINCE METHUSALEM!

Illustrated by

MISS JEANNIE WINSTON

AND THE

PYKE OPERA CO

Matinee Saturday at 2 o clock.

8TH ANNUAL

MASQUERADE BALL!

Given By

GEO. WRIGHT POST NO. 1, G.A.R,

For the Benefit of Relief Fund,

—AT—

Mechanics Pavilion, Monday Even'g, Dec 20th

TICKETS—Gents Mask, $1 00 Ladies' Mask, Free Spectators (with privilege of floor after unmasking), 50c. Reserved Seats, 75c.

TEN ELEGANT PRIZES.

No disreputable characters will be admitted on the floor

AUCTION AND COMMISSION.

S. L. N. GILMAN. G. M. STEVENS.

GILMAN & CO.,

Auctioneers and Commission Merchants No. 42 First St., bet Pine and Ash.

AUCTION SALES of Real Estate, Furniture, General Merchandise, Horses Cattle, Buggies, etc. Regular sale days—Tuesday & Fridays at 10 o'clock A. M.

REGULAR AUCTION SALE

—OF—

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

We will sell at our salesroom, No 42 First st.,

ON FRIDAY, DEC. 17, AT 10 A. M ,

A Full Line of Household Furniture.

GILMAN & CO.. Auctioneers.

SPECIAL AUCTION SALE

—OF—

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

AT RESIDENCE.

We will sell by auction at the Residence No. 81 Fourth street corner of Oak,

ON SATURDAY, DECEMBER 18th,

At 10 o'clock A. M.

THE FURNITURE OF RESIDENCE,

COMPRISING

Carpets Parlor Suits, Curtains, Diningroom Furniture Extension Table Chairs Crockery Glassware etc Heating Stoves Bed room Sets Spring Mattresses Toilet Sets, Pillows etc Bankets Comforters etc Also Crockery Range and Kitchen Furniture [illegible]

GILMAN & CO.. Auctioneers.

A. B. RICHARDSON,

AUCTIONEER—Office No 13 Washington St.

[illegible]

107 First Street.

XMAS BARGAIN$

Waltham Watches, fine	$ 6 00 up
Elgin Watches fine	6 00 up
Springfield Watches, fine	6 00 up
Columbus Watches, fine	10 00 up
Gold and Filled Gold, Ladies' Watches	20 00 up
Gold and Filled Gold, Gent's Watches	20 00 up
Diamond Rings, fine	6 00 up
Diamond Pins, fine	6 00 up
Diamond Ear Drops, fine	6 00 up
Roman Gold Ladies Pin and Drops	10 00 up
Enameled Gold Ladies Pin and Drops	8 00 up
Rings, Gold, Ladies' or Gent's	2 00 up
Lockets, Gold, Ladies or Gent's	3 00 up
Charms, Gold	50 up
Bracelets, Gold	6 00 up
Neck Chains, Ladies' and Childrens	6 00 up
Sleeve Buttons, Gold, Ladies	3 00 up
Sleeve Buttons, Gold, Gent's	3 00 up
Collar Buttons Gold, Gent's	1 50 up
Collar buttons Gold, Ladies	1 00 up
Collar Buttons, Diamond, Ladies	2 00 up
Collar Buttons, Diamond, Gent's, $5 to	50 00 up
Button Hooks, Gold, Ladies	1 50 up
Pencils Gold	1 00 up
Tooth Picks	1 00 up
Solid Silver Ware, Silver plated Ware	
Rogers' Tea Spoons	1 50 set
Table Spoons and Forks	3 00 set
Knives	1 75 set
Napkin Rings	[illegible] up
Plated Cups	1 00 up

Rolled Gold Jewelry, latest styles.

Now is the time to look for

XMAS PRESENTS,

No trouble to show goods Goods sent [illegible] any address on receipt of money [illegible] satisfactory references

AN OPPORTUNITY TO

PURCHASE A HOUSE & LOT!

WORTH $1000—FOR $150!

100 Lots 50x100 feet in size ranging in value from $100 to $300 to be sold as a whole for the uniform price of $150 for each 50x100 feet on monthly installments of $10

No interest charged on deferred payments

On two of these lots are houses and improvements, worth $1000 and $800 respectively, each of which will go for the price asked for one Lot.

This property is in the thriving town of Sellwood situated on the Willamette River near Portland It has good rapid and safe communication, by a steamboat built expressly for the purpose, lands passengers on the river front at the business center of Portland There are already over 100 families living in Sellwood 2 furniture factories running to their fullest capacity, 1 sawmill 3 stores, 1 hotel, good schools, churches and other evidences of prosperity and permanent improvement The fare by steamer, for those living in Sellwood, is only 5 cents to or from Portland, which makes traveling as cheap and pleasanter than by street cars

A good and sufficient bond for a deed will be given upon payment of first installment of $10

A Division of the property will take place when the lots are all sold, and will be made by and in such manner as shall be decided upon by a majority of the purchasers, and a warranty deed will be given for each lot after the division and payment of last installment is made It is desirable that this division be made at as early a date as possible, that purchasers desiring to improve may know the exact location of their property.

Persons at a distance desiring to avail themselves of this unparalleled offer can send the first installment by registered letter, money order or express at my risk, and a bond will be immediately forwarded.

☞ Send for Maps showing location of this property. Address all communications to

F. C. GOODIN.

100 Front Street, Portland, Or.

—OUR

Latest & Greatest

Racket

WILL DAZE THE OLDEST INHABITANT!

'Twill please more people than all the circuses in America.

'Twill make more talk than a Presidential Election.

'Twill sell ten times more

MEN'S AND BOYS'

CLOTHING

Than we ever sold before in the same number of weeks.

It will be an event that every man, woman and child in Portland will talk about for years to come.

DETAILS OF OUR

COLOSSAL SCHEME!

DON'T MISS A LINE!

DON'T SKIP A WORD!

READ SLOWLY AND CAREFULLY!

From Monday morning, Dec. 13th, until Saturday night, January 29th, there will be exhibited in our corner window, one LARGE GLASS JAR containing assorted Beans, which is sealed and guaranteed not to be opened, except by the committee appointed to open the same. Every customer, no matter how much or how little may be purchased, is entitled to

ONE GUESS

For each and every purchase made as to the number of beans this Glass Jar contains.

It is a fair, square method, and there will be lots of amusement and profit by combining business with pleasure, and is sure to attract a world of attention.

Guessing is a Yankee Privilege!
Everybody Likes to Guess!

There is nothing in this idea that savors of gambling; it's only a guess as to how many beans the glass jar contains.

It will make fun for old and young.

It will stir up the people; give them something to talk about.

It will stimulate trade and make things very lively at

KOHN'S,

Cor. Second and Morrison sts.

DON'T COST OUR PATRONS A CENT and gives them a chance to obtain a handsome present free of cost.

HOW THE GUESSING IS TO BE DONE:

Every customer is entitled to a guess for every purchase made. It don't matter what the purchase consists of —a Suit, Overcoat, Pants, Hat, or anything in the store. Each guess is recorded on a card, bearing the date, name and address and guess, and the card is deposited in a locked box, which will be opened Saturday night, January 29, 1887, at 9 o'clock, by a committee of three prominent gentlemen, whose names will appear in a few days. The committee will cut the seals on the jar and open and count the beans, and announce the names of the fortunate individuals who are entitled to these three Grand prizes. Should two or more guess alike, they and they alone shall settle the right of ownership to the Present they are entitled to. These

Grand Prizes

ARE NOW ON EXHIBITION IN OUR CORNER WINDOW

And will be distributed in this way: The one guessing the number or the nearest to the number of beans in the jar will receive the First Prize, the next nearest the Second Prize, and next nearest the Third Prize.

FIRST GRAND PRIZE:

One Cabinet Grand Upright Piano and Stool, bought from H. Sinsheimer for $450, and guaranteed by him to be a first-class instrument in every way.

SECOND GRAND PRIZE:

One Grand Walnut Bedroom Set, consisting of three elegant pieces valued at $100.

THIRD PRIZE:

One extra fine Singer Sewing Machine, with all the latest improvements and attachments; cost at the Singer Machine Co., $70.

These Elegant Prizes will be distributed Saturday night, January 29, 1887, by a committee appointed for the occasion.

COUNTRY CUSTOMERS can have their friend guess for them, giving them the same privilege as those here in person.

ARTHUR KOHN

THE LIVE CLOTHIER, HATTER & TAILOR.

Cor. Second and Morrison Streets.

—OUR—

[illegible]

WILL BE COMPLETE

TO-DAY!

Within the past five days we have ...ked over 75 Cases of new goods; the ...ety being so great that we cannot ...e, but simply announce that the ... comprises the choicest and most ... articles, both useful and ornamental ...he few lines we have shown so far have ...ited the greatest admiration, being ...y new in every particular.

...rass Goods, Rococco Ware, ..., Fruits and Baskets are especially at...tive, and the prices seem to be ...t.

...side of these exceptional lines, every de...tment in the house has received special ...itions for Holiday Trade.

...n Fans, Handkerchiefs and Leather ...ods our stock is simply enormous, the ...es are exquisite and exclusive.

...n Silks and Dress Goods we have now ... the most desirable fabrics of best and ...st reliable makes.

Our Linen Department displays some ...autiful Sets and Pieces, plain and em...oidered, as also very choice Table and ...ano Covers.

Attractions in every portion of our estab...ment, both on the ground floor and up...irs.

Look at our windows this week.

Do not delay your selection, as no article ...n be duplicated.

S. Lipman & Co.

...UR STORE WILL BE OPEN EVENINGS.

...e Oregonian.

...at Portland, Or., as second-class matter.

...SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

...PREPAID—IN ADVANCE.

...	$1 00
...per month	10 00
...per year	12 00
...per year	2 00
...	3 50
...	2 00
...TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS:	
...delivered, Sunday excepted	25c
...delivered, Sunday included	30c

...SERVICE WEATHER REPORT.

PORTLAND, Dec. 15, 6:49 P. M.

...	Ther.	W'nd direction.	R'n-fall inch	State of W'hr
...	50	SW	.46	Clody
...	48	SW	.41	Lt Rn
...	53	SW	.25	Clody
...	49	S	.00	Clody
...	49	SW	.00	Clody
...	49	SW	.41	Clody
...	38	SW	.00	Thng
...	37	SE	.03	Lt Rn

...minimum, 37.2.

...DAY'S WEATHER.

...Dec. 15.—Indications for the ...hours, from 9 P. M.: For Oregon ...territory, continued warm, threat...ing rain.

...WEEKLY PASSENGERS.

...to arrive over the Northern Pa...: Albert Tozier, W. J. Hox..., wife and child, Mrs. R. H. ..., Samuel Brown, A. N. ... Meister, Samuel Brown and wife, Miss Liz... F. Patterson and wife, ... Knight, L. Hay... and eighteen immigrants. ...to arrive over the Short Line: ... E. B. Black, C. J. Abbott, Sam ... D. Thompson. ...to arrive over the O. & C.:

...BRIEF MENTION.

...in "Prince Methusalem" at the ...night.

...takes well at the Tivoli. Kelly ...a minstrel.

...W. W. Saunders will not take ...as announced.

...issued yesterday for Alfred ...A. Kelly and George C. Seed ...

...for the body of H. Mickell ... E. Williams used giant ...effect.

...is to be tried to-day before Judge ...into Charley Baumgartner's ...a lot of cigars.

...has been appointed by the Port ...the charges against X. N. ...view of disbarring him.

...Pioneer with a carrying ca... of lumber, was successfully ...harbor last Saturday.

...will announce his decision to-day ...P. Thompson vs. Ben Holladay et ...ation to strike out parts of the an...

...received this week from Steward ...a manicure set, a relic from ...of the Cunard line, wrecked ...

...that Judge Dawne, late of Alaska, ...San Francisco at present; that he ...of his beard and is running a surgical ...the name of Dr. Benson.

...who growls at the money order ...others sending communications to ...to know that anonymous contri...go to the waste basket.

...James McBee vs. C. Caesar, et. al., ...a wheat contract, the jury which ...Judge Shattuck's court yesterday, ...in favor of plaintiff for $4587 17. ...yesterday denied the defendant's ...new trial in the case of August Storze ... Storze recently got a judgment ...$250 damages for malicious ar...

...of Louis Love vs. the city of Portland, ...submitted before Judge Stearns ...Love sues to enjoin the city from col...assessment from him for the improve...street.

...pleaded guilty in the state circuit ...keeping a house of prostitution ...and paid it. Mesdames Aman...pleaded not guilty and their cases ...Saturday.

...occurred about noon yesterday in a ...by Chinese at Second and Tay...defective flue. No alarm was turned ...Roland simply notifying one of the ...to the scene. Little damage re...

...night Thomas Maloney and Emil ...Goose Hollow, had a row, resulting ...coming out with a black eye. ...Justice Tuttle's court and had ...for assault and battery. Ma...to insure his appearance to-day for ...

...Mason, Ehrman & Co. vs. S. Sweet, ...Justice Tuttle's court yesterday, ...to recover $27 03 for two crates of ...to defendant November 20 last. ...that but one crate had been re... The court found for the plaintiffs in the ...

...daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. Hammond ...who were en route for San Francisco, ...taken ill just after getting on board ...Tuesday night. The little one grew ...and the parents decided to remain ...wait for the next steamer pending ...of the child.

...a Chinaman, was up before the police ...to answer to a charge of assault... with a hatchet, in the Revere ...Yesterday. It was a case of two domes...involved in a dispute, culminating ...during the progress of which Miss ...her life was threatened.

...on good authority that C. G. McCord ...Short Line has been appointed pas...the Canadian Pacific vice Dixon, ...Mr. McCord is well versed in pas...business, and has the ability to make a good ...for the Canada company.

...since Jim Fay, a Chinaman, sued E. ...to recover $300 for making some cans for ... Shannon filed a counter claim against ...for $1100, on the ground that the cans ...made, and therefore he was damaged. ...case was on trial in state circuit ...will be continued with to-day.

...a heathen indicted by the grand jury ...an opium den, was arraigned in the ...court department No. 2 yesterday. ...not guilty and Tuesday, the 21st inst., ...the day for his trial. Sing was arrested ...court several weeks ago, in company ...white fiends. One of them, to escape ...turned state's evidence against him.

...a drayman, while unloading a car...from Walla Walla yesterday, found ...sacks a red leather pocket-book con...letters addressed to Amiel Frey, and ...articles of some value. There was a lot ...scattered over the sacks which had con...and as the door in the end of the car ...it is probable that some one had been ...and lost his pocket book.

A NEW PIANO.

...interested in the improvements made in ...of musical instruments will be cu...know something about Mason & Hamlin's ...introduced into this city by Kohler & ...Morrison street. Mason & Hamlin have a ...reputation as manufacturers of organs. ...evidently given much thought in the ...of their piano—the first placed on ...by them. The most important change ...of fastening the strings, which they ...improvement over the style gener...Tuners, upon examination, will note ...and purchasers can have the new ...explained by Kohler & Chase at the sales...Morrison street.

ENTERTAINING LECTURE.

...Charles Dudley, so well and favorably known ...will deliver his popular lecture, "The ...Triumph," for the benefit of the night ...of the Young Woman's Christian Union, at ...Y. M. C. A. hall Tuesday evening, December ... lecture will be both entertaining and in... Good music will be provided for the ... A large share of public patronage so...the object is deemed a worthy one. Ad...cents. Tickets for sale at D. W. Pren...

SURPRISE PARTY.

...happy crowd can be seen all day long at ...Bazar, carrying away purchases as ...ments. The proprietors (King Lee & Co.) ...are astonished at the success of their ...Gift Sale. Six pleasant young ladies are ...The goods are sold with a very close ...and the present—don't cost anything. ...attractions account for King Lee & ...surprise party.

OPENED.

...just opened the most elegant assort...holiday goods, embracing novelties from ...of the globe. Don't take our word for ...come and see for yourself. We have the ...purpose to sell them at prices that are ...low. WOODARD, CLARKE & CO., Odd Fellows' Temple.

...Nothing New. We Offer

...them in quantities to suit Rick...perfumes, Kull Kull White Clover, ... White Jessamine, Essence Bouquet, ...Santaline and other odors. In addi... we are always supplied with the finest ...perfumes. W. M. WISDOM, druggist, and ...perfumes; corner First and Stark sts.

We are Offering

...inducements in holiday goods, and invite ... We advertise only such goods as we ...the public will not be disappointed when ...for them. W. M. WISDOM, Druggist, and ...the perfumes, corner First and Stark sts.

...an elegant present for the holidays ...at Woodard, Clarke & Co.'s, and see the ...assortment of holiday goods ever ...this city. Prices to suit everybody.

...Sugar Drop Cabinet makes a fine ...present. Call and see them at 92 Morri...

...sale at No. 142 Third street ...this evening at 7.

...Drop Cabinet at the Singer ...

SUITS SUITS SUITS SUITS

OVERCOATS

OVERCOATS

OVERCOATS

OVERCOATS

HATS HATS HATS HATS

A. Roberts

THE LEADING CLOTHIER,

First and Alder Streets.

[illegible]

MATERIALS

—FOR—

FANCY & DECORATIVE WORK

Silk Plushes in all qualities ... all the Standard & Odd Colors.

Satins, all Plain & Fancy Colors. ...

Ribbons to match Satin ... Plushes.

Pineapple, Pongee and Flor... tine Silks in all the New Colors.

Sateen, Felt and Windsor ... in all colors.

Fancy Fringes, Tassels and Pom... pons.

Surah Silks in all colors.

Novelties in Silk Scarfs & ...

Arrasene, Princess Arrasene, ... Mikado Crewel, Tinsel Braids, ... Trimmings and all Embroidery Ma... terials.

Grand Exhibition of Novelties every afternoon in our Art Room.

Store open evenings.

Orders by mail will receive our prompt attention.

LEADING FANCY GOODS STORE,

55, 57 WASHINGTON ST. COR. THIRD.

L. J. HARTMAN & CO.

DR. A. L. ...

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

ASSERTING WATER RIGHTS AFTER MANY YEARS.—The Willamette Woolen Mills company, of Salem, secured a charter from the territorial government of Oregon giving them the right to take water from the Santiam river. In 1872 the Santiam cut for itself a new channel, leaving the ditch of the woolen company high and dry. The company extended their ditch up the abandoned channel to a connection with the stream, and continued to take water as provided by their charter. In 1882 the Stayton Water Ditch & Canal company bought a tract of school land, which included the head of the woolen mills company's ditch, and then claimed to be the owners of that part of said ditch which ran through their land, and accordingly in 1883 tapped the ditch and let the water off by another ditch to Stayton. The rights and franchise of the woolen mills company since before that date have been in litigation, and were only a few days since finally settled by the supreme court of the United States. And now being in a situation to attend to the matter this company yesterday commenced suit in the United States circuit court to have the Stayton Water, Ditch and Canal company enjoined from diverting the water from the ditch, and from asserting any title to the ditch, or from interfering in any way with complainants' use of the ditch they dug so long ago.

JUDGMENT ON THE VERDICT.—When the Thompson opera company was here a year ago a lot of costumes for "Iolanthe" were sent here from San Francisco by H. Jahn & Son, costumers. They came C. O. D. by Wells, Fargo & Co., and the express company advanced the bill—$125. The costumes did not suit, and were returned by the opera company, who failed to reimburse Wells, Fargo & Co., and legal proceedings followed, resulting in the costumes of the "Mikado," "Billee Taylor" and other operas being attached by the sheriff. Wells, Fargo & Co. on January 11 got a verdict against W. A. Thompson for $125, and the costumes were ordered sold and Wells, Fargo & Co. bid them in themselves for $50, which sum was paid over to the sheriff, subject, of course, to be repaid on judgment on the verdict being taken and execution issuing. This was done in Judge Shattuck's court only yesterday. About the time Wells, Fargo & Co. sued, Eva Norman sued and got judgment in Bushwiler's court for salary, but as Wells, Fargo's was a prior lien, and as the property was bid in for less than their claim, she got nothing.

SUIT AGAINST X. N. STEEVES.—George C. Sears yesterday brought suit in the state circuit court against X. N. Steeves the attorney to recover $750. According to the complaint, it appears that on August 6, 1884, Sears loaned William and C. A. Holdiman $500 on lots 5, 6, 7 and 8, block 2, Tibbett's addition to East Portland, on the understanding there was no encumbrance on the property except a judgment lein of $170 in favor of J. H. and A. B. Leader and taxes on the property due the city of East Portland. Mr. Sears alleges he paid Steeves $14 to examine the title to the property, and Steeves being fully advised at the time, encouraged him to make the loan, knowing that the property was otherwise encumbered and that the Leaders had brought suit in equity in the state circuit court to recover $500 on a mortgage, making with interest, etc., $770. Sears claims he afterward satisfied this claim; that the property was never of the value of more than $750, and that Steeves led him into the transaction, wherefore he seeks to recover from him.

NOT TRUE BILLS.—The grand jury yesterday returned not true bills in the following cases: Jack McDonald, charged with larceny in a dwelling. McDonald was the man who was shot in the hand recently by officer Ellwanger, while resisting arrest. When leaving the jail he said: "I guess it'll be some time before I'll be able to do any work with this hand," which observation provoked a smile. John Allen, grand larceny; H. W. Koch, a Cowlitz farmer, held to answer by Justice Tuttle for selling adulterated butter. Koch denied the charge, and it could not be proven against him. N. A. Lyford with running a lottery game at First and B streets. Lyford was running a game wherein if you threw a ring over a knife stuck in a board, you got the knife. He got thrown in. Jim Dock, a larcenist, and Ah Jim, a burglar, were also turned loose.

DISAGREED.—The jury in the case of the U. S. vs. Morrill, Rogers and Himpel, which went out about 5 o'clock Tuesday evening, was discharged about 11 o'clock yesterday forenoon, having failed to agree. It is understood that they stood 11 to 1 for the defendants on the first ballot, and they continued to stand so till they were discharged. This illustrates one of the beauties of the jury system. Perhaps after a few cases like this are settled it will be found out whether the settler has any rights which the government is bound to respect. A similar case in which two of the parties were interested was decided in their favor, the jury being out only a few minutes.

THIS TIME, BOYD WON.—The Lewis-Boyd 100-yard foot race came off at the Oaks at half-past 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon, in the presence of about 100 persons. Boyd won by from two to three feet. Time, a little over 10½ seconds. On account of the severe rain storm the track was naturally very much flooded. Lewis, who can't be beat as a starter in the United States, bounded fully eight feet from the mark at the start. Boyd came up to him gradually and they kept together until eighty feet of the distance was run. The race is claimed to have been on its merits and was for $1000. About $3000 changed hands on the result.

QUALITY OF A LOT OF FRUIT.—Several weeks ago W. E. Mulholland brought suit in Justice Tuttle's court against E. S. Larsen & Co. to recover $217, alleged to be a balance due for some canned pears sold and delivered. Mulholland sued on an assigned claim of Mrs. Lovejoy, the party who left the fruit for sale. Larsen alleged the fruit was not up to the standard, and therefore failed to bring the regular market price, and that he returned all it brought. Other witnesses testified to receiving fruit from Mrs. Lovejoy, and that it was in good order. Justice Tuttle heard the case Tuesday, and took it under advisement.

HOW A MANAGER'S WIFE SPENT HER SALARY.—Manager J. P. Howe now carries as fine a gold watch as any of our millionaires, except those who have split second Jurgensens, and it did not cost him a cent. His wife was a member of the company which supported Georgie Woodthorpe, and when the season ended, and it was successful, Mr. Howe presented her with eight weeks' salary all in a lump. Mrs. Howe immediately repaired to a jewelers and invested the money in a Howard movement and a case set with a large diamond. John is nearly as proud of the watch as he is of his boy.

CHARGES DISMISSED.—Charles Larson, formerly a barkeeper in the Canada saloon, No. 51 North First street, was tried in Justice Bushwiler's court yesterday on a charge of robbery and of larceny by bailee. The complaining witness was Ben Tergerson, owner of the place. He tried to make the court believe that he, being awake, sober and in his right mind, made no resistance while Larson reached into his pocket and took out a handful of silver; also that Larson embezzled $10. Both charges were dismissed. Larson put an attachment on the saloon for $15 wages due.

HE BORE FALSE WITNESS.—A demurrer to the indictment in the case of the state of Oregon vs. Ah Sun will be argued next Saturday in the state circuit court. March 20, 1885, Ah Sun justified on a bond of $1000 in the attachment suit of Fong Lung vs. Ching Wan. During the month of November following Ah Sun swore before the grand jury that he was not worth a cent, never signed the bond, etc. This was after the attachment case was settled. As Sun certainly swore to a lie on one of the occasions he was indicted, but the case has hung fire ever since.

HE WILL WRITE TO HIS FOLKS.—Tuesday, in the state circuit court, department No. 2, Charles Miller was convicted by a jury of petit larceny in stealing a saddle at Bonneville. Miller was to have been sentenced yesterday, but he made representation to the court that he had written to his people in the East for money to pay a fine, and on this showing the matter of pronouncing sentence was postponed until Monday next.

THE OLD AND THE NEW.—Mr. E. L. Norden, who by the mutations of politics, steps down and out of the office of city auditor and clerk, is entitled to thanks of OREGONIAN reporters for uniform courtesy shown them at all times. His successor, Mr. W. H. Woods, is particularly well fitted for the new duties, as those who have had business with him at the county clerk's office in past years will cheerfully testify.

RECOVERED HIS COMMISSION.—Last week the suit of John T. Little, a San Francisco real estate agent, against Ferry, McNaught & Mitchell, of Seattle, was tried in state circuit court, department No. 1, without jury. The action was to recover $1000 for securing a loan for defendants of $40,000 on some land in Washington territory. Yesterday Judge Shattuck decided in Little's favor.

ORDER FROM CHINA.—Wah Hing & Co., Chinese merchants, at No. 30 Alder street, yesterday purchased a household sewing machine from "Garrison's," which was shipped on the steamer Oregon via San Francisco. Slowly but surely civilization is forcing its way into the flowery kingdom, as this order for the latest improved American sewing machine attests.

TABERNACLE ENTERTAINMENT.—To-morrow night the sixth entertainment will be given. The programme will consist of an instrumental concert; talk by Dr. G. H. Chance, on "How to Save Dental Bills," and a grand concert, in which Miss Hallie Parish, Salem's favorite singer, Mr. C. C. Fallenius, and a quartette of well known singers of Vancouver will take part.

THANKS RETURNED.—At a regular meeting of G company, O. S. M., held last evening at their armory, the following resolution was passed: "Resolved, That this company tender its thanks to company K, O. S. M., for its hospitality and many courtesies extended us on the occasion of the late competitive drill."

DIVORCED.—Brily Grunwald was yesterday granted a divorce from Joseph Grunwald by Judge Stearns, on the ground of desertion, and awarded the care and custody of her minor children. The parties were married in Thibodeaux, Louisiana, February 15, 1878. The abandonment dates back three years.

CUT DOWN RECEIVER'S FEES.—A mandate was received from the supreme court yesterday in the case of E. Martin vs. Thomas S. Martin. In this case Judge Stearns allowed J. A. Taggart $2400 as receiver's fees. The supreme court modified this decree by allowing Taggart only $1800 for his services.

U. S. CIRCUIT COURT.—Judge Deady will announce a decision this morning, in the matter of the petition of H. Koehler, receiver, vs. Wells, Fargo & Co., for assessment of damages upon the injunction bond.

CHRISTMAS CARDS.—The windows of Sanborn, Vail & Co., show great taste in dressing, abounding in Christmas cards, which certainly are very fine, excelling previous efforts in that line.

GENTLEMEN'S DRIVING ASSOCIATION.—To-night at 8 o'clock the gentlemen interested in securing and maintaining good roads out of Portland, will meet at the council chamber for the purpose of effecting a permanent organization and electing officers. All who own good roadsters, or are otherwise interested, are invited to be present.

CHRYSANTHEMUM CONCERT AND SOCIABLE.—At Hall street church, Friday (to-morrow) evening. A splendid programme. Everybody has a pleasant time at the Hall street church sociables. Admittance, 25 cents.

MEDICAL COLLEGE BURNED.

The New Building Takes Fire from Stoves used for Drying Plastering—The Edifice Gutted.

At 1:25 this morning an alarm was turned in from box 27, (No. Three's engine house) for a fire in the Medical college building, under course of construction at the corner of Fourteenth and C streets. It was immediately followed by a second alarm. When first discovered the fire seemed to have involved the entire second story and soon burst through the windows. Not long after it crept to the third story and in less than ten minutes had burst through the mansard roof. A heavy rain was falling at the time and the roof of every building in the neighborhood was soaked. Fortunately, too, the wind was in the south, sometimes veering toward the west, and a mass of sparks, cinders and large pieces of burning wood were carried to two vacant lots on the north and northeast. At first Lawler Bro's. Club stables, on the east, across C street, and several two-story dwellings adjoining the college on the west were thought to be in danger, but the wind remaining in the south relieved fears.

All efforts of the department were directed toward the building itself, and for a time with little effect. The college was the most ornamental brick building in the city. There were fancy bits of wood tacked onto the brick walls in every direction, and as these were continually falling, the firemen could not work from ladders close to the walls. Such an act would have been suicidal. Then the engines had to be stationed so far from the fire that only weak streams could be thrown, none strong enough at the start to reach above the second story, and the fire was above that story. To make matters worse, several lengths of hose burst and every one knows how much time is lost when such things occur, particularly when the engine is several blocks away. The result was that nearly all the woodwork burned. About 2 o'clock one stream was thrown over the roof, and the heavy timbers which had not burned through were still standing. At 2:30 the fire was under control.

No estimate can be made at this writing of the loss, as it is impossible to say whether the walls must come down or not. One contractor and builder said to an OREGONIAN reporter that he questioned whether the heat had been great enough to crack them or throw them out of line. The building, finished, would have cost between $30,000 and $35,000. There was an insurance of $8000 or $10,000, so Mr. F. V. Andrews stated. He has $2000 in the Queen.

The insurance was carried by the Willamette university, under whose auspices the college was being built.

McKenzie & Holbrook were the contractors. They had six stoves in the building for the purpose of drying the plastering. Fires were kept up till 9 P. M., and a watchman employed till that hour. It is reasonably certain that the fire originated from one of these stoves.

REOPENING OF THE CASINO.

Favorable Impression Made by the Thompson Opera Company in "Macaire."

For some time public expectation has been on the qui vive in anticipation of the reopening of the Casino by the Thompson Opera company, and last evening the house was filled with a large and fashionable audience, assembled to witness the initial performance in Portland and by this company of the latest New York and London success, "Macaire." The plot of the opera, briefly outlined, is as follows: Its principal male characters are the two old-time thieves, Robert Macaire and Jaques Strop. They make their appearance at the customary Lion d'Or in the village Ponvert, on the birthday of Rosamond, the daughter of the Marquis LeFeira. On their way thither the two rascals have robbed and bound a young nobleman who was on his way to Ponvert as the expectant bridegroom of Rosamond. Finding, after their arrival, that the young nobleman had never been seen by any of those in the village, Robert Macaire, the bolder of the two thieves, conceives the idea of appearing in his person, and introduces his timorous and eccentric companion, Jacques Strop, as his friend, the baron.

The rest of the piece recounts the adventures in the Chateau Ponvert of the two masqueraders, and is full of whimsical absurdities and ludicrous incidents and situations. The only complication that need be mentioned is due to the supposition that Rosamond had never been told by her father of her betrothal by him to the young de Fallas, and meanwhile had fallen desperately in love with Leon, the trusted secretary of the marquis. The denouement comes when the two reprobates are caught in the attempt to rob the chateau, having devised an ingenious scheme to have Rosamond elope with the beloved secretary, and in the act of eloping, to aid them to get away with their plunder.

Of the music of the opera, only praise can be spoken. It is sparkling and bright and there are melodies running through it that haunt the memory after they have died away. They cannot be called catchy, but the oftener they are heard the better they will be liked. It is an opera whose music will unfold new beauties with familiarity, and when we consider the limited number of rehearsals which was given it, last night's performance was a smooth and even rendition. Of the company, as a whole, it can be said that it gives promise of doing as good work as the Thompson company of last season. There are some weak spots which will probably disappear. The cast of "Macaire" introduced several new faces, prominent among which was Miss Louise Eissing as Rosamond. This lady possesses a light soprano voice, of good compass and excellent quality, and her action is sprightly and natural. Her singing of the air "When Love is Young" was in admirable taste, and the "Lullaby" was given with expression and sweetness. Miss Laura Clements as Athalie did not have much vocal work to do, but sang an introduced song, "Only a Little While," in good style. She possesses a mezzo voice of moderate power and acts with ease and grace. Miss Hattie Starr, in the soubrette role of Fanchin, hardly had opportunity for a display of her powers, but she sang her solo, "Woman's Dress," with vivacity, and threw considerable chic into her acting of the part. Miss Genevieve Reynolds as the antique belle, Princess Pompadour, presented a most commendable appearance, and in her scenes with Jacques was quite amusing. The role however is not one in which she can be seen at her best. As a character artist she will have more opportunity in other operas to be produced. The action of the opera centers almost entirely in the two characters of Macaire and Jacques Strop, personated respectively by Wm. Wolff and Harry Brown, and to say that they kept the audience in roars of laughter by their grotesqueness and comicalities is but true. They are two good comedians and work hard to please, but are somewhat inclined to lengthen out some parts of their business until it becomes wearisome, as for instance in the bill of fare scene. This could have been cut off about one-half and thus made far more effective. Their duet, "Jail Birds of a Feather," was heartily encored. Mr. Wolff's nimbleness in this was something highly amusing, and the broad grimaces of Harry Brown set the house in roars. His topical song with whistling chorus, "What the Dicky-birds Say," is immense and earned an encore. The fun, however, is at times a little too broad. Mr. Wm. West's delineation of the ancient beau was a very clever piece of work, while Mr. Murray's Marquis was a careful and dignified personation. When this favorite of last season made his first entrance a perfect storm of applause shook the house, and it was some minutes before he could speak his opening lines. When he did get the chance, the first words of his part, "Kind friends, I thank you for this greeting," seemed to fit the moment so aptly as to call forth greater applause. His voice is apparently richer and more fully rounded than ever, and will undoubtedly charm as never before.

The remainder of the cast was fair. The chorus, however, seemed a little timid and uncertain at times, though on the whole it is a pleasing one. A night or two more, however, ought to show great improvement in this respect.

We must take occasion right here to protest against the very tiresome waits between acts. Nothing wearies an audience so much as this, except an indifferent performance. Last night more than a half hour's wait occurred between the second and third acts, and it was 11:30 before the curtain went down on the last act. The opera was handsomely costumed and well mounted, and the orchestra, though somewhat weak, was well handled.

"Macaire" again to-night.

PERSONAL.

Mr. M. Jacobs of Corvallis, is in the city visiting friends.

Mr. B. B. Markle left yesterday for Philadelphia. He will return after the holidays.

It is reported that Miss Belle DuBois was married in New York recently to a Mr. Colgate, whom she met in Italy two years ago.

Dr. W. B. Watkins, of this city, called at THE OREGONIAN New York office on the 9th inst. He will remain in New York city during the winter.

Mr. Philip Goldsmith, of New York, senior partner of the firm of Goldsmith and Loewenberg, is in the city, and will remain till after New Year's.

Mr. A. D. Charlton, general western passenger agent of the Northern Pacific, leaves for Chicago Saturday, and will spend the holidays with his parents.

Ex-Gov. George L. Woods arrived yesterday from Spokane Falls, and leaves to-day for Hillsboro as counsel for the defense in the Hyatt murder case.

THE STAGE.

THE NEW MARKET.—Despite the stormy weather and the attraction of an opening night at another house, "The Queen's Lace Handkerchief," drew a large audience at the New Market last night. To-night, we are to have "Prince Methusalem," the most popular production during Miss Winston's first season here. There will be the beautiful march and drill and the costumes are extremely handsome. In obedience to numerous requests, Miss Winston will sing "When the Leaves Begin to Fall." The advance sale is large.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. WM. T. COLEMAN & CO., Agts., San Francisco.

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SUCCESSOR TO

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149 First St., Portland, Or.

IMPORTER, MANUFACTURER, WHOLESALE and retail dealer in Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Silverware, Clocks, Spectacles, etc. Watch repairing. and Jewelry of all kinds manufactured to order. Country promptly attended to. Goods expressed on application. Sole agency for Rockford Watches.

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Corner First and Morrison.

Christmas Gifts!

That will be appreciated and will cost no more than foolish presents that lose their value after a few weeks, can be had at UNCLE MYERS'S. The following are a few of our immense bargains: Solitaire Diamond Ring, $10; Pair Solitaire Diamond Earrings, $15; Diamond Scarf Pin, $11; Diamond Studs, $7 apiece; Solid Gold Ladies' Watch, $20; Gent's Silver Watch, $11, etc., etc. All these goods are new. We have Presents to suit all classes, so if you want to get a Present that will last for a lifetime, don't forget to call on UNCLE MEYER'S, 160 1st st., near Morrison.

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The Men's Furnishers.

New Neckwear,

FANCY SILK INITIAL HDKFS.

SATIN SUSPENDERS,

Plain and Embroidered.

Smoking Jackets,

ETC. ETC.

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153 FIRST ST.

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FURNITURE.

Corner First and Yamhill.

CHAMBER SUITES

PARLOR SUITES

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DINING SUITES

BOOK CASES, WRITING DESKS, TABLES, CHAIRS, LOUNGES, ETC.,

In Walnut, Cherry, Oak and Ash.

ARTISTIC UPHOLSTERY GOODS A SPECIALTY.

Largest and Finest Assortment in the Northwest!

T. J. COLBERT,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

CARPETS

OIL CLOTHS, LINOLEUMS, RUGS, MATS, etc., etc.

Special Attention given to Country Orders.

First and Yamhill sts.........Portland, Or.

A CAR-LOAD

Of goods, way billed No. 21, passed through Huntington on the 11th, bound west, in which were

Maillard and Vermont Candies

And cases of

Imported & New Orleans Cigars.

TABLE DELICACIES.

They arrived yesterday and are now open at

STONE'S.

SKATES! SKATES!

New Skates Cheaper than Ever.

Send for prices. WEISTER & CO., 17 New Montgomery St., San Francisco, Cal.

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The Photographers. First and Morrison.

NO PAIN—NO BAD EFFECTS

Breathe vitalized air for painless extraction of teeth. Sets of teeth $10 to $15. Filling at eastern prices. All work warranted. PREHN BROS., graduates Phila. Dental College. Room 4, Union Block.

At Night always have Acker's Baby Soother at hand. It is the only safe medicine yet made that will remove all infantile disorders. It contains no Opium or Morphine, but gives the child natural ease from pain. Price 25 cents. Sold by all druggists.

Dr. E. C. Brown, Diseases of the Eye & Ear, ... First st.

[illegible]

—AT—

[illegible]

Fancy Goods Department:

Albums, Plush Boxes, Plush Satchels, Fans, Fine Leather Goods, Fancy Boxes, Writing Paper and an endless variety of Fancy Novelties suitable for Christmas gifts, at attractive, low prices.

Handkerchief Department:

In this department we are showing a very large variety of new styles in Silk, Linen, Linen Lawn, Linen Cambric and Lace Handkerchiefs; scolloped, plain, hand-stitched, colored borders, dots, embroidered in colors or plain white. The number of styles we show is large. Special price by the dozen and half-dozen.

Ribbon Department:

A great variety of new shades and widths; Satin and Gros-Grain Ribbons for fancy work; Silk Pon-Pons; large line new styles just received.

Silk Department:

Special reductions in every line throughout this department—in Black and Colored Silks and Satins, of every grade and style. Our assortment of Silk Plushes of every grade and width the most complete; our prices the lowest; we show the largest line of shades this side of New York in Colored Satins. Prices: 30, 50, 75 and 85c.

Black Goods Department:

Novelties in Black Goods, just opened, in exclusive designs.

Dress Goods Department:

The latest Basket Wool Cloths, in Checks and Diagonals, 40-inch heavy all wool, at 75c and $1 per yard. Exclusive designs in Pattern Suits in fancy worsteds: no two alike; very attractive prices.

Domestic Department:

Special drives in Linens, Towels, Spreads, and Blankets.

Lace Curtains:

New lines just received—great bargains.

Our Assortment in Every Department the Largest to Select From. Our Prices Decidedly the Lowest.

MEIER & FRANK

185 AND 187 FIRST STREET,

184, 186, 188, 190, 192, 194 Second st., and 27, 29, 31 and 33 Taylor street.

You can go direct to any department through entrances from Taylor, Second and First streets.

John Cran & Co

The enumeration of the following

Holiday Novelties,

May serve as a guide to persons in search of

Christmas Gifts.

These goods have been carefully selected for this season, and in order that all may be sold we will offer them at very attractive prices:

LINEN SETS,

FANCY EMB'D TOWELS

REAL LACE HDKFS

EMB. HANDKERCHIEFS

JAPANESE SILK "

EMB. HANDKERCHIEFS IN BIZARRE DESIGNS

LONG SEAL RUSSIA & ALLIGATOR POCKET-BOOKS, HAND-BAGS.

KID (undressed) GLOVES all lengths.

ELEGANT LACE DRESSES.

CRAPE LISSE EMB'D DRESSES.

FANS IN REAL OSTRICH FEATHERS,

HAND-PAINTED FANS,

SILK HOSE, ETC.

Edwin C. Burt's

LADIES'

Fine Shoes.

LEWIS BROS.

Special Agents.

RIGHT NOW!

LEWIS BROS., 248 First st., are offering some of the

GRANDEST BARGAINS

In Boots and Shoes. LEWIS BROS. are now offering the most

ASTONISHING BARGAINS

In Fine Boots and Shoes. LEWIS BROS. are now offering the most

WONDERFUL BARGAINS

Ever offered in the city.

RIGHT NOW!

Come in person or send in your orders. One Price for everybody.

Ladies' Gossamer Rubber Overshoes, the best makes, three styles, "Langtry," "Vassar," "Quaker," "Saratoga," "Bernhardt," and the "Promenade," sizes 2½ to 7½, only	$0 40
Misses' Gossamer Rubber Overshoes, all the desired styles, sizes 11 to 20, only	25
Ladies' Curacoa Kid Opera Toe Slippers, Mud and French heel	90
Ladies' Curacoa Kid Op. Toe Slippers, Beaded, satin tops, med. heels	95
Ladies' Sewed Pebble Grain Button, worked button holes, sizes 2½ to 7½, down to	1 10
Ladies' Pebble Grain Button, worked button holes, better grades, sizes 2½ to 7½, down to	1 65
Ladies' Soft Curacoa Kid, opera last, French fly, all sizes and widths	2 25
Ladies' Soft Curacoa Kid, opera and French toe, French fly, all sizes and widths	2 75
Ladies' French Curacoa, the very best wearing, in opera and common-sense last, will outwear three pairs of ordinary shoes, flexible sole, and a skirt protector attached, only	3 50
Ladies' French Kid Boots, all the best makes, all the latest styles, in med. and flexible soles, in opera, acme and common sense last, and warranted to give the best of satisfaction, at: $2 95, $4 50, $4 75, $5,	5 50

These prices on Ladies' French Kid Shoes are from $1 to $2 less than they can be had elsewhere.

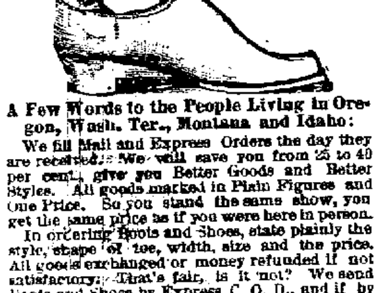
The $4 75, $5 and $5 50 French Kid shoes have a patent cord in the back; it will keep the skirts from cutting the back of the shoes, which is a big saving.

We are the sole agents for Edwin C. Burt's Ladies' Shoes. We will send or give a list to any lady wishing prices on Burt's. We have Cut Prices on every line.

Misses' Extra Fine Curacoa Kid Button in all shapes of toes, a big bargain (sizes 11 to 2, all widths; this shoe is sold elsewhere for $2.)	1 75
Misses' B Calf Bals, all sizes, 11 to 2, a good school shoe, only	1 00
Misses' Pebble Goat Bals, all sizes, 11 to 2, a good school shoe, very neat, only	1 25
Misses' Patent-Tip Curacoa Kid Toe Slippers, 11 to 2, just think	75
Misses' Extra French Kip Bals, riveted seams, 11 to 2, only	1 25
Misses' C. S. of Pebble Grain, worked button holes, sizes 11 to 2	1 25
Child's B Calf Bals, very good for winter wear, sizes 6 to 10½	75
Child's Tampico Pebble Goat Button, 6 to 10½	95
Child's Glove Calf Button, sizes 6 to 10½	95
Child's Gum Boots, Woonsocket brand, fleece-lined	1 15
Infants' Hand-sewed Goat, button or Kid, the best of wear	50
Child's French Curacoa Kid button, very nice finish and with tassels	1 50

The Greatest Cut Ever Made in Prices in Boys' and Youths' Boots, Boys' and Youths' Kip Shoes, Button Shoes, Lace Shoes, Rubber Boots.

Men's B Calf Congress or Buckle, all sizes and widths, 5 to 11	1 75
Men's B Calf Congress, fancy tip, warranted good wearing, 5 to 11	2 75
Men's B Calf Bals, broad, French or pointed toe, good wearing, 5 to 11	2 50
Men's B Calf Button, London toe with fancy tip, good wearing, 5 to 11	3 00
Men's Seamless Side Button, fair stitch, the best of French calf, a good $6 50 shoe, down to	4 00
Men's Seamless Side, Pointed Toe, Lace, fair stitch, the best of French calf, a good $6 50 shoe, down to	4 00
Men's Seamless Side, broad or narrow toe, fair stitch or congress, best of French calf, a good $6 50 shoe, down to	4 00
Men's Common Sense fair stitch shoes of the best French stock, in button, lace and elastic sides, broad toes, seamless sides, good value at $5 50, here they go	4 00
Men's Dongola Kid, very soft, in Congress, very easy for tender feet	4 00
Men's Boots, the best French calf throughout, our own manufacture, double sole, as good as a $12 custom-made boot, down to	4 50
Men's Boots, French kip throughout, saddle seams, our own manufacture, no better boot made, double sole $4, the same with tap soles	4 50
Men's Rubber Boots, long legs	3 00
Men's Woonsocket Hip is the best boot made, loose tops	3 50
Men's Woonsocket, rubber lined, hunting thigh top	3 90
Men's Woonsocket, rubber lined or friction lined, the best	2 75



A Few Words to the People Living in Oregon, Wash. Ter., Montana and Idaho:

We fill Mail and Express Orders the day they are received. We will save you from 25 to 40 per cent, give you Better Goods and Better Styles. All goods marked in Plain Figures and One Price. So you stand the same show, you get the same price as if you were here in person.

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THE HOLLADAY PROPERTY.

U. S. Circuit Court, District of Oregon.

Monday, December 13, 1886.

George C. Hickox vs. Joseph Holladay, Simon C. Elliott, William H. Effinger. No. 10[illegible]. Motion for order of sale to satisfy decree.

(1) SALE OF PROPERTY IN POSSESSION OF A RECEIVER.—When a receiver is in possession of property pending a suit involving the right to its possession merely, as in a suit to redeem from a mortgage, the court is of opinion that a mere sale of such property on the process of another court is not an interference with such possession; but in deference to the dicta of Mr. Justice Nelson in Wiswall v. Sampson, 14 How. [illegible], to the contrary, it declines to direct such sale.

(2) FINAL DECREE OF SUPREME COURT AS TO TIME OF REDEMPTION CANNOT BE ENLARGED BY CIRCUIT COURT.—A decree of the supreme court of the state in Holladay v. Holladay allowed the plaintiff to redeem the property therein mentioned from certain conveyances to the defendant on the payment of a certain sum of money within ninety days therefrom. The court to which the mandate was sent, on the application and consent of the parties, made an order enlarging the time for redemption to three years and placing the property in the hands of two persons as receivers during that time. Held, that these persons were not receivers, but only agents of the parties, and that their appointment would not prevent this court from directing the sale of a certain portion of said property on which the plaintiff herein has a lien by virtue of the decree heretofore given in this case.

DEADY, J.

On July 1[illegible], 1886, this court adjudged and made a decree in this case to the effect: (1) That a certain judgment obtained by the defendant Elliott in the supreme court of the state on August 10, 18[illegible], for the sum of $[illegible] principal and costs, against Ben Holladay, and then amounting with interest to the sum of $38,9[illegible] 12, does by virtue of a certain assignment of February 1[illegible], 18[illegible], from Elliott to the plaintiff Hickox, in consideration of the sum of $11,979 86 advanced to the former by Martin White on the security thereof, belong to Hickox in trust for White, subject to a claim of the defendant Effinger for services as attorney in said suit, for $[illegible],8[illegible]1 6[illegible]. (2) That sundry parcels of real property, in said decree mentioned and specified, had before then belonged to one Ben Holladay, who caused the same to be conveyed to his brother, the defendant Joseph Holladay, with intent to hinder and delay the plaintiff and others, his creditors, in the collection of their lawful debts and demands, and that Joseph Holladay gave no consideration for said conveyances and received the same with the intent to hinder and delay the plaintiff, and others, the creditors of Ben Holladay aforesaid. (3) That said conveyances are void as against the plaintiff, and the amount due him on said judgment is a charge on said real property, and Joseph Holladay holds the legal title thereto, subject to said charge and in trust for the payment thereof, and, (4) That unless Joseph Holladay shall, within sixty days pay into court for the plaintiff said sum of $[illegible] 975 62, with interest herefrom and $21[illegible] costs, the master of this court shall, on the order thereof, to be made on the application of the plaintiff, as soon as the receiver of said property in the case of Holladay v. Holladay, now pending in the state court, shall be discharged, sell, as on execution, so much of said property as may be necessary to discharge the claim of the plaintiff and costs of such proceeding.

On October 26, 1886, the plaintiff made application for the order of sale provided for in the decree, based on the affidavit of the defendant Effinger, to the effect: (1) That Joseph Holladay had not paid any part of said decree. (2) That the receiver of the property appointed by the state court in Holladay v. Holladay, namely, David P. Thompson, "had been discharged as such receiver, and there is now no legally appointed receiver in the possession thereof; and (3) The suit of Holladay v. Holladay "in which said receiver was appointed, has been finally determined by the supreme court of Oregon, upon an appeal taken by said Joseph Holladay from the decision of the circuit court for Multnomah county."

On November 20 the application was heard by the court on the pleadings, proofs and decree in this case and copies, offered by the plaintiff, of a deed of trust from Ben Holladay and others to George W. Weidler, dated September [illegible] 1886, of articles of agreement between Ben Holladay and Esther, his wife, of the one part, and Joseph Holladay and George W. Weidler of the other part and their counsel, dated July 1[illegible], 1886, and of the order of the circuit court, dated November 1[illegible], 1883, appointing the receiver in Holladay v. Holladay; and the affidavit of George W. Weidler, dated November 6, 188[illegible], offered by the defendant, Joseph Holladay, with copies attached thereto, of the final decree of the supreme court of the state in Holladay v. Holladay of June 29, 1886, and the mandate transmitting the same to the circuit court and the presentation of the same in said court by the attorney of Joseph Holladay on July 1[illegible], 1886, of the order of the circuit court of the same date removing D. P. Thompson from the receivership aforesaid and appointing Joseph Holladay and George W. Weidler thereto, and of the order of said court of September 7, 18[illegible], approving and providing for the enforcement of the terms of the agreement aforesaid between Ben Holladay and Esther his wife, and Joseph Holladay and George Weidler.

It appears that in January, 18[illegible], Ben Holladay being indebted to his brother Joseph Holladay in the sum of $[illegible]8,000, gave him his note therefor, and that on November 1, 18[illegible], he gave him another note of $[illegible]5, in payment of this and other indebtedness. Thereafter, until 1878, Ben Holladay, from time to time caused the real and personal property in Oregon—supposed to be worth not less than $[illegible]—of which he was the equitable owner, including that mentioned in the decree herein, to be conveyed to Joseph Holladay by deeds absolute on their face. Afterwards Joseph Holladay went into possession, and remained so until the appointment of the receiver, and took the rents and profits thereof to his own use, of which much the larger portion went to his brother's support.

In 1883 Ben Holladay commenced a suit against Joseph Holladay in the circuit court for Multnomah county, in which he stated the existence of the indebtedness to his brother and the conveyance of his property to him as aforesaid, and alleged that the conveyances, although absolute in form, were really intended to operate as mortgages, for the security of said debt, and asked to have them so declared, and to be allowed to redeem the property therefrom on the payment of what was due the mortgagee. In his answer Joseph Holladay affirmed that the conveyances were made to hinder and delay the grantor's creditors, and on the expectation that he would nevertheless hold the property in trust for him so as to prevent said creditors from subjecting it to the payment of their debts.

On appeal by Joseph Holladay the supreme court determined that the conveyances were executed with intent that they should operate as mortgages and not with intent to hinder and delay creditors, and that the grantor might redeem on the payment of the debt and costs of suit, which former the court found then to be $315,492 16.

The decree of the court also provides: (1) "That the redemption hereinbefore provided for be made by the plaintiff or his assigns within ninety days from the entry of this decree. (2) That during said ninety days, "unless otherwise ordered by the court below," the receiver or his "successors" shall keep the possession of the property. (3) If the plaintiff fails to redeem within the time limited, the receiver shall pay over to the defendant all money in his hands, and "turn over and deliver to the sheriffs of the respective counties where said property may be situated all of the property in their respective counties," who shall, under the direction of the defendant, sell all or so much thereof, "as upon execution," as may be necessary to satisfy said debt and costs, which sale shall bar the parties of all right in and to the premises except the right of redemption provided by statute; and (4) That the cause be remanded to the court below, "and that a decree be there entered and docketed in accordance herewith."

It does not appear that this decree has been either entered or docketed in the court below, but only that it was presented and read therein.

The giving and enforcing of a decision of the appellate court is regulated by § [illegible] of the Code of C. P.

Subdivision [illegible] of the section comprehends this case—one where "a new trial is not ordered," and it provides that on the receipt of the mandate by the clerk "a judgment or decree shall be entered in the journal and docketed in pursuance of the direction of the appellate court, in like manner and with like effect, as if the same was given in the court below."

The decision of the appellate court in Holladay v. Holladay cannot, it seems, have the force and effect of a decree or judicial determination of the controversy between the parties, until it is entered in the journal of the circuit court, as provided by statute, and directed by mandate of the appellate court.

So far, then, as appears, the proceedings and orders in the circuit court for the removal and appointment of receivers and the sanction and enforcement of the private agreement of the parties concerning the disposition of the subject matter of the suit, were coram non judice and void.

But the exhibits before me do not profess to contain a full copy of the record, and while it does not appear affirmatively that the decision was entered in the journal of the circuit court, it may have been, and therefore it will be taken for granted that it was.

According to § 1029 of the Code of C. P., a receiver may be appointed in a civil suit.

(1) "Provisionally before decree, on the application of either party when his right to the property, which is the subject of the suit, and which is in the possession of the adverse party is probable and the property or its rents or profits, are in danger of being lost or materially injured or impaired.

[illegible] After decree to carry the same into effect.

[illegible] To dispose of the property according to the decree, or to preserve it during the pendency of an appeal, or when an execution has been returned unsatisfied and the debtor refuses to apply his property in satisfaction of the decree [illegible] and [illegible] creditors [illegible] insolvent [illegible].

It is [illegible] that the appointment of a receiver in Holladay vs. Holladay [illegible] to [illegible] the defendant [illegible] a compliance with the demands of the plaintiff. [illegible] there does not appear to be any [illegible] in his statement [illegible] real property concerned. [illegible] the theory [illegible] claim of the plaintiff [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Weidler [illegible] [illegible] matter of the whole controversy before the court. If the plaintiff did not redeem within the time limited the right of redemption was gone, and the defendant was [illegible] the [illegible] to the conveyances, because the absolute owner of the property. The further provision in the decree that in case of a failure to redeem, the receiver instead of surrendering the property to Joseph Holladay as he ought to [illegible], shall turn it over to the sheriffs of the respective counties in which it was situated to be sold as upon execution on the order of Joseph Holladay, appears to be an extra judicial arrangement, devised by counsel, for the purpose of keeping up, what may be called an unlawful possession of this property in the hands of the officers of the state courts, in the hope of thus preventing the plaintiff, who has the first lien on it, from enforcing the same by the sale thereof on the process of this court, and thus collecting his demand against Ben Holladay.

The decree in Holladay v. Holladay is one allowing a mortgagor to redeem, and not one foreclosing these several mortgages and directing the sale of the property included therein to satisfy the debt secured thereby. This latter could only have been done by separate suits in and the decrees of the circuit courts of the various counties in which the property is situated (Code of C. P., § 383). But by this extra judicial arrangement the receiver is to turn over the property to these various sheriffs, who are without judgment or process of or from the courts of which they are officers or otherwise, to hold the same for Joseph Holladay and dispose of it, as upon execution, at his will and pleasure, which may be at once and may be never.

The agreement between the Hollidays and their counsel of July 1[illegible], 188[illegible], divides this property into two lots, described in two memoranda, the first of which contains [illegible] valued parcels, situate in six different counties, amounting in the aggregate to $[illegible],000, and includes the property mentioned in the decree herein. It provides as follows:

(1) That the debt of Joseph Holladay is increased $[illegible], making it $[illegible], drawing interest at [illegible] per cent, and Ben Holladay has the right to redeem the property mentioned in memorandum 1 or any parcel thereof within three years from the date of the agreement on the payment of the affixed value.

[illegible] The property mentioned in memorandum [illegible] [illegible] Holladay [illegible] gage and deed to George W. Weidler as trustee, to sell and dispose of the same and pay the debts [illegible] Ben Holladay to [illegible] the Mutual Life Insurance Company [illegible] Barlow and the attorneys and counsel in this litigation [illegible] which [illegible] Esther, his wife, to said Weidler, of September [illegible], 188[illegible], [illegible] trust to pay said debts [illegible] the agreement between said parties [illegible] of August [illegible] [illegible] payment [illegible] Joseph Holladay [illegible] preferred creditors of Ben Holladay [illegible] mortgages [illegible] Joseph Holladay [illegible] proceeds of the property in memorandum [illegible] and no creditor shall be paid anything until the [illegible] the agreement.

[illegible] The court [illegible] remove the present receiver D. P. Thompson and appoint Joseph Holladay and George W. Weidler receivers of the property in memorandum 1, [illegible] take charge of [illegible] the same during said three years, or until the redemption provided for [illegible], the court [illegible] direct the receivers to apply the income and proceeds of such property [illegible] as follows:

First—To the payment of taxes, assessments, repairs and [illegible] and the cost of this litigation.

Second—The payment of interest to Joseph Holladay and the [illegible] Holladay may compromise with.

Third—To the payment of $250 a month to Esther, the wife of Ben Holladay, for her subsistence pending the settlement of said indebtedness, which sum is in consideration of the execution by her of this agreement and of such mortgages, transfers and assignments [illegible] the carrying out of the [illegible] to bar all [illegible] upon said property of dower or otherwise.

Fourth—[illegible] payment of $[illegible] with interest to Joseph Holladay.

Fifth—To the payment of the claims of the above mentioned creditors of Ben Holladay.

[illegible] W. Weidler as trustee shall manage [illegible] property mentioned in memorandum [illegible] apply the proceeds as provided in the first, second and third subdivisions [illegible] and the [illegible] of the proceeds of the property in memorandum [illegible] shall be applied [illegible] the creditors first mentioned [illegible].

On the payment of Joseph Holladay, the property in memorandum [illegible] not before sold [illegible] disposed of shall be conveyed to George W. Weidler in trust for the payment of Ben Holladay's creditors, provided the debts due August Belmont, the Mutual Life Insurance Company, S. L. M. Barlow and the attorneys and counsel aforesaid shall be a lien thereon, second only to that of Joseph Holladay.

When any property is sold by said receivers or trustee the court may direct that the same be conveyed in payment of the purchase [illegible], and such conveyance shall have the effect to pass the said property to the purchaser, in fee simple, clear of all incumbrances.

On July 1[illegible], 1886, the court in pursuance of the stipulation of the parties removed D. P. Thompson from the receivership, and appointed Joseph Holladay and George W. Weidler receivers with directions to Thompson to turn over the property to them, who are to [illegible], manage and [illegible] the same "until discharged by the court."

On September 7, 1886, the court on the application of the parties and the filing of the agreement aforesaid, declared that the terms and conditions of said agreement should be enforced by the court and ordered [illegible] that the time specified for redemption be enlarged to three years, from July 10, 188[illegible], that the receivers [illegible] and George W. Weidler [illegible], all the property [illegible] and discharge the same [illegible] That the receivers [illegible]

I have [illegible] a substantially [illegible] of the facts [illegible] which the questions involved [illegible] understood.

Counsel for Joseph Holladay and Weidler, representing all the parties to the agreement of July, contend that the property is in the possession of the receivers of the state court and that this court cannot and will not do anything to interfere with such possession, and that a mere sale by a master, on the decree of this court, would be such an interference.

On the other hand counsel for the plaintiff insist that Holladay and Weidler are not receivers at all, but the mere agents of the Hollidays and their attorneys, in a scheme devised by themselves for the purpose of appropriating this property to their own use and that of three favored creditors, to the exclusion of the plaintiff and others having prior rights thereto; and that, even if they are receivers being in possession simply [illegible], a sale on the decree of this court would not interfere therewith.

On the latter point the case relied on by counsel for Holladay & Weidler is Wiswall v. Sampson, 14 How. [illegible]. The language of the opinion by Mr. Justice Nelson is very strong [illegible], much more so than the case [illegible] that a sale of property [illegible] the process of one court while the [illegible] receiver appointed [illegible] with great [illegible] Risley [illegible]. In each of these cases the receiver was appointed in a suit by a judgment creditor to set aside a fraudulent conveyance and [illegible] the property to the payment of the [illegible], and the ultimate purpose of the [illegible] was to sell the property and create a fund for distribution among creditors. In [illegible] was made at the instance of a judgment creditor whose judgment [illegible] preceded the appointment of the receiver, but was [illegible] to the execution of the [illegible] conveyance. In the first case the [illegible] the sale was held invalid, [illegible] was held valid. But [illegible] contempt [illegible] the question is merely [illegible] the legal [illegible].

[illegible]

I may [illegible] that when a court takes possession of property by its receiver, either at the instance of creditors for the purpose of disposing of the same and distributing the proceeds thereof among them according to their respective rights, [illegible] a sale or an attempt to sell such property on the process of another court is an actual interference with such possession. And this is so because the possession of the receiver in such case is not a mere provisional custody pending the litigation in which he is appointed, for the benefit of the party who shall be [illegible] entitled thereto, but it is a possession taken and held with a view to a final disposition of the property by converting it into money and distributing the same among the parties entitled thereto.

But in my judgment where real property is in the possession of a receiver merely provisionally for the purpose of preserving the same and the income thereof intact for the person to whom the judgment of the court may determine it belongs, the sale of the property pending such possession of the receiver on the process of another court, against one of the parties to the litigation, or the acquisition of a lien thereon by a judgment in another court against such party, is not an interference with the possession of the receiver. Ellicott v. U. S. Ins. Co., 7 Gill, 307.

And such is this case. The relief sought in Holladay v. Holladay, in no way involved the sale or distribution of the property, but only the right of the plaintiff to redeem the same from what he alleged were mortgages given thereon to the defendant, and thus be restored to his original right and possession. By the order of November 1, 1883, appointing the receiver, he was simply directed to take the property included in the alleged mortgages into his possession, manage the same—care for it—until discharged by the court. And the order of July 12, 1886, does no more. By it, Holladay & Weidler are only directed to take and manage the property until discharged by the court.

The receiver has no title to the property, (High on Rec., § [illegible]) and that is all that is affected or changed by a sale. If it becomes necessary to resort to legal proceedings, to obtain possession under such sale, the party must wait until the receiver is discharged or obtain permission from the court appointing him. And this present right to sell may be a valuable one. By the exercise of it the unsecured creditor of Ben Holladay, the confessed owner of the property, having an established claim against him and [illegible] first lien on the property, is enabled to realize on his security at once, without awaiting the result of the contentions or contrivances for delay of the parties to a suit in which he has no interest, and whose interests in the property are altogether subordinate to his. But considering the unqualified language or dicta of Mr. Justice Nelson, in Wiswall v. Sampson, supra, I do not feel at liberty, sitting in this subordinate tribunal, to follow my own judgment and direct a sale of property in the hands of a receiver for any purpose and particularly a court of another jurisdiction.

And this brings me to the consideration of the question—is this property now in the hands of a receiver at all, or is there now any receiver in Holladay v. Holladay?

After a careful examination of the subject I [illegible] constrained to answer this question in the negative.

The functions of a receiver usually terminate with the termination of the litigation in which he was appointed. High on Rec., § [illegible]. And though the [illegible] the power of the [illegible] until [illegible] for his trust and is formally discharged, yet his general functions and powers relating to the custody and management of the property terminate with the final decree, unless otherwise [illegible] for, as it may provide some [illegible] duty to be performed by him concerning the [illegible] of the property, other than the mere surrender of it to the party thereby entitled to receive it.

When it was determined in this case by the decree of the supreme court, that Joseph Holladay was only the mortgagee of the property and that Ben Holladay was entitled to redeem the same on the payment of what was due the former at a certain time, the litigation was practically at an end. It being also admitted that the mortgagee was rightfully in possession at the appointment of the receiver, the latter should have been directed or allowed to return the property to him to keep until the redemption was made. But for some reason, of which [illegible] to question the sufficiency or propriety, the receiver was directed to retain the possession during the [illegible] days allowed for redemption, and if the redemption was not then made to turn the same over to the sheriff for the purpose of being sold by them to satisfy Joseph Holladay's mortgage, when it would please him so to direct. No attempt was ever made to carry out this part of the decree, and the question of whether it was beyond the power of the court to make need not be any further considered than already suggested. The court having decided that the property should remain in the hands of the receiver pending the redemption, it may also be admitted that the court below might change the receiver during that period [illegible] fill a vacancy therein. It had no power to modify the decree of the supreme court, but [illegible] of the Code of C. P. [illegible] the same power to enforce it as if made by itself. And so far as a receiver was a part of the means appointed in the decree for its enforcement it might fill a vacancy or make a change therein when necessary. But at the end of the ninety days, whether the redemption was made or not, the receiver's functions were at an end, and the power of the court over the subject was confined to the enforcement of the decree by compelling Joseph Holladay to reconvey the property in case his debt was duly tendered to him. The power to change the provision for the custody of the property pending the redemption is the only direct power over the decree given by the appellate court to the court below. And under that it does not appear that the court could do more than change the receiver or restore the property to the possession of Joseph Holladay, from whence it was taken, and where it properly belonged. It is not admitted that the supreme court could, if it would, give the circuit court any direction contrary to the determination it made of the only question before it—the right of Ben Holladay to redeem the property.

I make no account of the further direction concerning the custody of the property until the levy made by the sheriffs of the various counties in which the property is situated under Joseph Holladay's direction. The provision is ambiguous, and if it is intended, as suggested on the argument, to give the court the power to control the custody of this property so as to prevent the plaintiff from enforcing his lien thereon, by a sale thereof sufficient to satisfy his debt not only during the term limited for redemption, but as long thereafter as Joseph Holladay shall please to extend it by delaying the levy, then I think the court has undertaken to provide a perpetuity in favor of a fraudulent debtor and his grantee that no one is bound to regard. Therefore I prefer to think that the reference to the levy as a point of time to which the custody of the court might extend, was only intended as cumulative or to emphasize the termination of the 90 days with which it was coterminous, and that the whole provision taken together means that the custody of the court shall terminate at the end of the 90 days—the time when the levy may be made. Now on the strength of this decree the parties and their counsel drop their contention and arranged a scheme for their mutual protection against the claim of the plaintiff. To this end a kind of family settlement of their claims is composed, by which this property is virtually put in their own hands as receivers for three years with leave to Ben Holladay to redeem in that time all or any of the eleven parcels into which it has been arranged—the money until therefrom to go to Joseph Holladay in payment of his debt, and if any of it is left after such payment it is to be applied on the claims of counsel and the three preferred creditors whom one of them represents. The remainder of the property, if any, is to be conveyed to Ben Holladay or his trustee, as he may think best. In the meantime the rents and profits of the property, after paying taxes, insurance and repairs, are to be applied to the payment (1) of taxes on the debts thereby secured, (2) of interest on Joseph Holladay's debt, (3) of $250 a month to the wife of the debtor, in consideration, it is said, of the release of her dower, though it does not appear that she would be entitled to dower in any of it, but the contrary; (4) [illegible] of Joseph Holladay's debt and (5) of the debts of counsel and the favored creditors.

Then the scheme is presented to the circuit court and by consent of the parties made to form a part of the decree of the court. If the court had the power to do this, it might have extended the time for redemption indefinitely on the consent of the parties, and in the meantime, by means of these so called receivers, have permanently protected the property from the claims and demands of all the other creditors.

In my judgment the functions and authority of the receivers over this real property terminated at the end of the ninety days and the jurisdiction of the court was gone, except to [illegible] the receiver to [illegible], and it may be, to compel the mortgagee to reconvey, if the tender of his debt had been duly made.

The consent of the parties so far at first as [illegible] the firm, is not an officer of the court, but merely an agent of the parties. Kelly v. Walker [illegible], cited in [illegible] High on Receivers.

The presumption is that the order for the enforcement of this scheme having been made [illegible] the [illegible] application and consent of the parties, the court did not consider [illegible] so far as the rights of third persons are concerned. And I doubt not that on the matter being brought to its attention, it will so declare.

The respect which I am bound to entertain for this tribunal will not allow me to believe, that it would give its deliberate sanction to a scheme, which, so far as this plaintiff is concerned, is nothing more or less than a fraudulent device to hinder and delay creditors.

My conclusion therefore is, that Holladay and Weidler are not receivers of this property and that there is nothing to prevent this court from directing a sale of so much of the same as will satisfy the decree herein.

The orders of the court will be that the master sell the property, as on execution, and that on the coming in of his report, the court will consider and determine whether, if [illegible] is withheld, to direct the issue of a writ of possession in favor of the purchaser or leave him to his action of ejectment.

Mr. James K. Kelly and Mr. C. E. S. Wood for the plaintiff.

Mr. Thomas N. Strong, Mr. George H. Williams and Mr. Charles B. Bellinger, for Holladay & Weidler.

REPLY BY ARCHBISHOP GROSS

M[illegible]SVILLE, Dec. 1[illegible].

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

I must once more request the privilege of your paper in order to notice your interview with Col. Parsons, published in Monday's OREGONIAN. Your reporter begins by expressing his sympathy with Col. Parsons for his sickness at St. Vincent's hospital. I presume I may be allowed to offer my condolence at the colonel's sickness and sincerely hope that, with God's blessing and the kind nursing of the Catholic sisters of the hospital, he may be speedily restored to health. If the sisters are in any way remiss in their duties to him, let him please report to me.

In the published account of the interview Col. Parsons brings no new argument against the position which I have made from the commencement. The account is but a rehash of charges against Catholic priests and sisters. The Umatilla was one of the few missions confided to the Catholics when the U. S. government arbitrarily parceled out the Indian missions. We had naturally sought to have a Catholic appointed as the government agent. Coffey had most kindly professed that supreme above all things, was his desire to promote at Umatilla the interests of the Catholic sisters, priests and the school. He had the advice, on the [illegible] most urgent wish of the archbishop of this diocese to inform him of any misconduct of sisters or priests. Patriotic Coffey broke all his pledges and promises, and last June turned out two of the sisters to make room for two of his own creatures, in order that he might make money. On my visit to Umatilla at the end of last August, the patriotic counsel to restore the sisters whom he had expelled. In reply to my inquiry, patriotic Coffey assured me that he had no fault to find with the priest or sisters. Now, a few weeks after this, Col. Parsons and two other United States commissioners to Umatilla. All at once Rev. L. Delatte, Rev. L. Conrardy and the sisters are [illegible] loaded with accusations. It is not my business to say how many of these accusations came from patriotic Coffey, who had a short time before turned out two of the sisters to gratify his lust for money. But [illegible] charges were made, and instead of Coffey and the commissioners saying one word to the ecclesiastical authorities who were both anxious and willing and able to repair abuses, Rev. L. Delatte was turned out and replaced by a full blooded Indian. Rev. L. Conrardy would have been driven off had they been able to do it. They contented themselves with reporting him, not to me, but to Washington. They expelled two of the sisters and put in their place two of Coffey's creatures! Had even all of the sisters resigned, did this give the commissioners and Coffey the authority to change a school given us Catholics by the government, into an undenominational one. But the commissioners have not even that poor excuse, for of their own authority they, without consulting the Catholic authorities, turn out the priest, the principal and two of the sisters. In the same arbitrary manner they took from us Catholics a school given us by the government, and turned it into an undenominational one. Who gave Coffey and the commissioners such powers? Without a word to the Catholic authorities, a Catholic school given us by the United States government has turned into an undenominational one—that is a school where no religion whatever, whether Catholic or Protestant can be taught to our poor Indians. Would not the common sense of justice have demanded of the United States commissioners and Coffey that if they in truth and reality did find abuses in our school they should call the attention of the Catholic authorities who are always willing to correct abuses. Had these commissioners visited an Indian school given by our government to the Methodists or Presbyterians and had agents, anxious to get their own creatures into office out of motives of avarice, accused the existing teachers in the school, or had the commissioners really detected abuses in teachers or school, would they not naturally have called the attention of the Methodist or Presbyterian authorities to such abuses and have them corrected. But had they without [illegible] a word to these authorities driven the Methodist minister off and expelled the teachers and turned the school over to the Catholics or into an undenominational one, where no God or religion can be taught, would not Methodists and the public generally have denounced this as an outrage. This is the position I have taken from the beginning of this controversy, and until Col. Parsons can show that just such conduct when done to us Catholics at Umatilla by the commissioners was not an outrage—all his vile charges against priests and sisters have no weight. To maintain that the commissioners have acted justly to us is to bring no argument; and consequently in making his vile accusations against priests and sisters he is simply trying to defend his cause by flinging mud.

Col. Parsons is quite surprised that I do not censure Rev. L. Conrardy. In fact, in that interview with me which he now is [illegible] us to consider as strictly confidential he urged me to do so.

After expelling one Catholic priest and two of the sisters and taking our school from us the colonel modestly asks the archbishop to drive off the remaining priest, as he cannot do so himself. Why, my dear colonel, such a proposal required of you more brass than ever was found in the buttons of your soldier coat. But now I have done. No doubt the colonel will continue. Inspired by the veracious Coffey, he will continue to use THE OREGONIAN in order to inform the public how sweet and lovely and [illegible] all things are at the Umatilla school. How could it be otherwise. The priests and sisters are away and Coffey's daughter and his creatures are drawing their salary. No doubt the chivalrous colonel will continue to fling mud at the priests and sisters. It is an easy occupation and to him evidently a natural one. But neither I nor priests nor sisters will notice any longer either the colonel or his mud.

W. H. GROSS, Archbishop of Oregon.

Hood's Sarsaparilla, by correcting acidity of the blood, cures rheumatism.

MR. GEER AGAIN

The subjoined article has been in hand for a considerable time, awaiting an opportunity for publication.—[ED.]

MACLEAY, Nov. 30, 188[illegible].

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

H. S. Lyman has a friend "Q," engaged in the potato business and because he raises 200 bushels of potatoes and 100 bushels of "rot" on his meadow, and only 100 bushels on his gravelly "patch," he concludes that the "rot" is a good thing to have among potatoes, though whether the "patches" are of the same area, or one twice as large as the other, Mr. Lyman leaves the reader in excruciating uncertainty. However he concludes that "Q's" logic concerning the "rot" is at least amusing, and thinks his friend must be "intoxicated."

By a singular coincidence I also have a friend "Q," who devotes considerable attention to potato raising. He has an acre of "[illegible]" land of alluvial formation which he claims is so rich in all the soil elements that contribute to the growth of potatoes that it ought never to fail to produce [illegible]. I have watched his management of the potato business during the past five years with much interest, and to my certain knowledge [illegible] he never [illegible] during any one year. [illegible] with them and all was [illegible]. He [illegible] would be satisfied with a more [illegible] the whole business. But his logic is [illegible]. We, his neighbors, are [illegible] and [illegible] conclude that [illegible] must be "intoxicated." [illegible] entertain [illegible] hearing the [illegible]. There are [illegible] engaged in potato culture.

There is nothing similar to the notion of my neighbor in the position of the different members of the Lyman family, and others, concerning the best method of governing the liquor traffic. And since H. A. Lyman invites me to a further discussion of the question I hope to be pardoned if I accept the invitation, "just for once," and at the outset, I concede the difficulty of debating it with a man who denies the practicability and even the moral right of the people to govern the whisky traffic. Its mere government does not suit Mr. Lyman and he will not stop anywhere short of its actual suppression. It is almost a waste of time to talk to such a man, because he simply contends for something that observation and experience, everywhere and every day, show to be actually unattainable.

Let it be said for once and all that there is not a particle of difference between the desire of Mr. Lyman in this matter and myself. I allow no man to go beyond me in utter abhorrence of whisky in all its relations to the human family—its manufacture, sale and consumption. Early in life I passed a prohibitory law, personal to myself and, it being a local option law, I have never found any great difficulty in enforcing it. I have a home and family which I deeply cherish and every interest, personal, social, and pecuniary combine to make me a friend of the prohibition of the manufacture and sale of intoxicants. Then why should Mr. Lyman and I differ? Indeed we do not differ as to what we want, but what we want is not the question; the question is what can we get. All of "Q's" neighbors, as well as himself, wanted 1,000 bushels of potatoes to the acre, but not being able to get them, took what they could get. "Q" took nothing in order to have his own way.

Those who clamor for the formation of a third party in American politics, and for prohibitory legislation for that party to enforce, claim that 80 per cent. and even more of the crimes committed by mankind are directly attributable to the effects of whisky drinking. The prohibition papers and orators are full of this claim. If, then, they succeed, and they assert they can and will, in making the prohibition of the whisky traffic absolute they will accomplish more at one stroke than the Almighty has been able to do in six thousand years.

It will be seen, therefore, at a glance that our prohibition friends are the victims of a delusion whose magnitude, at least, is not to be treated with disdain or derision.

That God "created evil," thrust it into the world and implanted it in the breast of man with a predetermined purpose and afterward [illegible], I showed in a former letter by a direct quotation from the bible, and since the [illegible] truth has been more firmly established than that this plan for the redemption of man, no matter what else may be said of it, has never involved the removal of the cause of his sin. That God could, if he would, remove all temptation to sin as easily as he created it, surely no one will deny, and that such a course would be the most speedy, satisfactory and effectual method of preventing crime, is equally self evident. But the idea of preventing crime by removing the cause of it appears to have never entered the infinite mind of God. That sublime scheme for materializing the great millennium has, for thousands of years, been lying in a state of ante natal development awaiting the coming of that period when the cycles of time should evolve from the shadowy mists of embryotic nothingness the great prohibition party, that supernatant element in the world's redemption from sin that is to supercede the Saviour and supplant Christianity.

But notwithstanding all this there are a great many common people who still hold to the crude belief that God's plan is the best, and that more can be done by teaching the people than by forcing them. Indeed, it is believed that history fails to name a single instance where God has undertaken to save any man from his sins by removing the temptation to sin. The world is as full of sin and temptation to sin to-day as six thousand years ago, and I believe the churches generally declare it to be increasing. If this be true it only proves that the plan of the Almighty is not to convert men from wrongdoing by removing the evil influences surrounding them, but by reaching their minds and hearts. Mr. Lyman, however, "goes one better" than this and proposes to rid the earth of four fifths of its crime at one fell swoop by legislative enactment. This step is expected to make at least eighty per cent. of mankind absolutely good by a system of [illegible] sanctification, for when the direct cause of so much crime is removed, the crime itself goes too. Compared with this prospectively beatific vision, how clumsy and almost absurd appears the old fogy plan of the atonement, faith, baptism and repentance which, after a trial of 1800 years, has failed to visibly restrain the headlong onslaught of sin and crime.

Primarily, the temperance question as viewed and presented by modern prohibitionists, is not a political one, but moral. Indeed, it has always been one of simply moral aspects. It is a question to be dealt with by the church, the school house and other similar agencies. The laws of God, Christianity, and the various influences radiating from them which constitute that great elevating power known as "moral suasion," must work all the good to mankind that will ever be realized in this world, and when a minister of the gospel, especially, who has devoted and still devotes a great deal of his time to these means of effecting the reclamation of wayward humanity, and who believes in the omnipotent power and unlimited wisdom of God, turns his attention to the agency of an average legislative assembly of the state of Oregon to accomplish the prevention of 80 per cent. of the crimes of her people, he pursues a course justly open to one of two criticisms: his stock of candor has reached a point of disheartening destitution, or he has lost confidence in the efficacy of "the faith once delivered to the saints."

It certainly would not be a reproach unreverence to wonder why Mr. Lyman expects the Oregon legislature to accomplish the abolition of 80 per cent. of the crimes committed by the people of the state, when all the laws of God, with all the help of the thousands of factors employed to secure their enforcement, of which he is a prominent one, have made no apparent advancement in that direction. This, too, is a proper and relevant query. I think I have before asked Mr. Lyman to point to a single instance where the laws of God have attempted or authorized any one to attempt, to compel any man to abstain from sin. I am quite sure that his own church unalterably holds to and teaches the doctrine of "free agency," and that salvation from future punishment depends exclusively on certain well-defined and important individual exertions which must be voluntary, entirely free from compulsion, and yet, when he sees a man groveling in the gutter, the miserable victim of the intoxicating cup, and on the certain downward road to hell, he abandons the plan of free agency which he preaches from the pulpit on Sunday, and says, in substance, "To day, Monday, I find this man a sinner, on the swift road to perdition, but I will say nothing to him about his 'free agency.' I will arm myself with the law, and save him by removing the cause of his downfall." But yesterday he said to the sinner from the pulpit: "God has never yet saved a man against his will, nor by removing the cause of his transgression. If any man is saved, it must be by his own untiring efforts, by his own signal triumph over the manifold immoral influences by which God has surrounded him."

If drunkenness constitutes 80 per cent. of the crimes and sin that come under the observation of the average prohibitionist, and he proposes to annihilate that amount of the world's inducement to sin by a system of compulsory legislation, [illegible] it makes the transgressors good, not by any change of heart or desire, [illegible] by any reformation of character nor through any exercise of this free moral agency (which was his only means of salvation on Sunday), but making it impossible for him to sin in that particular direction. If this lofty conception of the prohibitionists should ever enter the mind of the Almighty, how easily he would find it to eradicate the other 20 per cent. of crime that will still curse the world, even after the prohibition party gets possession of it. If the prohibitionist idea of reclaiming sinners, by making it impossible for them to sin, could be proclaimed to the world by the four great evangelists, instead of those concerning "free agency" found and taught in the New testament, the means of salvation would have been greatly simplified and mankind would have been amazingly benefited.

Evidently the modern extreme prohibitionist is an aggravated type of phariseeism, which has reached a point where physical dissolution is perpetually imminent from a superabundant [illegible] of malignant egotism.

It may be that human laws are sometimes necessary for carrying into effect the laws of God, though, so far as they relate to crime, their general object is to punish it, not to prevent it; but when they are intended to be subsidiary to the higher law, common sense would declare the necessity of their conformance to that law.

I find it such an inexpressible pleasure to [illegible] with these harmless little fallacies of brother Lyman that I beg for pardon if I add somewhat to the length of this letter by reference to another bugbear that seems to haunt the acute sensibility of the prohibition "reformer" like a destroying nightmare. I allude to their perpetual cry that the use of intoxicants has been so wonderfully increased during the present and past generations that but for the intervention of some extraneous repressive power the country and even mankind will soon be a howling wilderness of indescribable desolation.

Of course, if to-day liquor drinking causes four fifths of the individual transgressions of our people, and is coming thundering down the ages with a rapidly increasing momentum, it is but a question of time when it will also cover the other fifth, and then "good bye" to all other forms of sin, vice and crime. As a means, therefore, of destroying the particular kinds of transgression to which mankind is susceptible, and which are "prohibited" by the New Testament, and especially by the ten commandments, it promises to stand unchallenged and unrivaled.

But there are thousands of good people who doubt the assertion that liquor drinking is alarmingly on the increase, or even on the increase at all. Why do they doubt it? Simply because their daily observation teaches them better. When my grandfather was a boy, indeed, during the boyhood days of my father, whisky was used in families as freely and unreservedly as coffee is to-day. Whisky drinking was not the exception, but the rule. To me, born and reared in Oregon as I have been, that such a condition of things ever existed, seems impossible. But the uniform testimony of every man who lived forty or fifty years ago, is corroborative evidence that such was the case. Even when my wife was a girl in Missouri, no family thought of eating breakfast without whisky on the table for old and young to drink, and if one neighbor took breakfast with another, and was not supplied with whisky, it furnished a text for neighborhood gossip that was fully and warmly discussed. Her father kept a store in a small town in that state, and sold whisky in all quantities, and when a farmer came to trade it was as customary for him to take a jug of whisky home with him as coffee or sugar. Yesterday I killed twenty five hogs, with five neighbors helping me. One old gentleman present said that if, when he was a boy in Indiana, a man had killed hogs without furnishing his help with all the whisky they could drink, he would have been perpetually disgraced in the estimation of that neighborhood.

When my uncle, R. C. Geer, was a young man in [illegible], many of the public taverns furnished whisky to their guests free. In fact, whisky drinking forty years ago was a custom of universal indulgence, and for an old gentleman to go to town and return home "tight" with a jug of whisky under one arm, and astride of his faithful old "mar," who could always be trusted to take him safely home no matter what his condition was an event of too frequent occurrence to excite comment.

It required neither capital nor license to distil whisky, and every community had two or three "still houses." I have a neighbor who to-day told me, how in 1840, he raised a large crop of hogs and traded them for whisky, and then sold the whisky.

That these statements are true is a matter of such common information as to need no proof. How does that condition of things compare with our habits of to-day? Within the entire circle of my acquaintance in my own neighborhood, in my county or elsewhere I do not know of one family that keeps whisky in the house as a beverage, or, indeed, for any other purpose. Outside of the cities and towns its disuse is almost absolute, and neither in this community nor in those surrounding it, does one man in a dozen so far as I know, even take a drink when he goes to town, say once or twice a month.

Does this seem to Mr. Lyman like the demon whisky dragging the human family down in the vortex of everlasting ruin? I take a more hopeful view of the matter, and declare my belief, as distinguished from that of Mr. Lyman, that the purpose of God is good, that the mission of Christ will not be allowed to become a failure, and that mankind is becoming better every day. These three declarations cannot of course be true, if whisky drinking is "alarmingly on the increase."

It is also known that this lessened appetite of our people for intoxicants is the result of better education, higher intelligence, free schools, vigilant church work, Christianity and of God's purpose—in fact, of "moral suasion," with neither touch nor taint of compulsion—of "prohibition."

Wonder if Mr. Lyman will deny this. If he believes the appetite for strong drink is rapidly gaining possession of the human family, so much so, in fact, that it threatens to soon constitute 100 per cent. of its crimes and wrong doing, where can he point to any good being accomplished by Christianity?

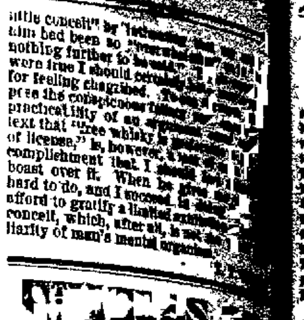
That prohibitory laws are a farcical failure wherever tried is too well known to need any evidence here. In spite of Mr. Lyman's feeble apology for Neal Dow's testimony in the late canvass, that gentleman's statement that prohibition is a practical failure in Maine is a matter of record. The testimony was unwittingly furnished in an attempt to show the necessity for a prohibition party, and claimed that the prohibitory law was a failure because of the negligence of the republican party in enforcing it. I have conversed with dozens of men who have lived in Maine whose evidence exactly corroborates Dow's. During this week a man and his family have moved to this neighborhood who spent the last year in Kansas, near the town of Wichita. This man told me yesterday that in Wichita he knew dozens of saloons kept open every day, with no attempt at concealment. This only accords with the statement of the Leavenworth *Times* that in that city there are 30 open saloons." My neighbor above referred to says that during a trip through Iowa last summer he found the same condition of things in existence. These declarations are in exact conformance to those of Dow as to the status of prohibition in Maine.

The prohibition brethren take great delight in referring to a recent statement of the mayor of Atlanta that prohibition is strictly enforced in that city and good results are derived from it. If this is true, it is significant only because it absolutely disproves the central idea of the prohibition agitators. Atlanta has a prohibitory law simply because it wants it. Atlanta is to-day ruled by a local option law. Georgia has no prohibitory legislation such as Mr. Lyman and his misguided brethren are working for. The state of Georgia has never undertaken to say whether Atlanta should sell and drink whisky or not, but Mr. Lyman proposes for the state of Oregon to say that Portland shall not indulge in the whisky traffic. Wonder if he can see the difference between Atlanta being governed by itself and Portland being governed by the state? If not he could easily see the difference in the result.

He will probably reply to this that in Atlanta the minority are compelled to prohibition, then why not "compel" them everywhere. But this compulsory process can only be successfully indulged in to an extent that does not transgress local limitations. A general law can never be made that will cover the requirements of local conditions. When Mr. Lyman learns this he will have reached that point of practical information where the Georgia prohibitionists began. Georgia is the only successful prohibition state in the Union, and its laws are of strictly "local option" character, extending over only about two-thirds of the state.

I have now arrived at that point in this letter where I should enjoy noticing some of the erratic conclusions of Mr. Lyman, but encroaching bed time, and the unavoidable pressure of farm work, render it inconvenient to write at any length on this occasion.

I have but one fault to find with Mr. Lyman. He says that in my last letter I indulged a "naive little conceit" by [illegible] him had been so [illegible] nothing further to be said [illegible] were true I should certainly [illegible] for feeling chagrined. [illegible] press the conspicuous [illegible] practicability of an [illegible] text that "free whisky is [illegible] of license," is, however, a [illegible] complishment that I should [illegible] boast over it. When he gives [illegible] hard to do, and I succeed, [illegible] afford to gratify a limited [illegible] conceit, which, after all, is not [illegible] [illegible] of man's mental organization.



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Overland receipts include 900 cs 2 tank cars coal oil, 115 cs bird [illegible] printing paper 100 csks [illegible] cs candy 60 cs buck [illegible], 142 kegs [illegible] 72 cs 25 drums 35 butts [illegible] flour [illegible] bbls whisky [illegible] 41 cs soap 1 bx [illegible] 120 cads tobacco 1 cs [illegible] 10 bxs bottles 8 [illegible] and shoes [illegible] 10 bdls iron 2 cs [illegible] broom [illegible] 2 rls carpet 1 cs ax [illegible] goods 2 cs [illegible] 4 cs playing [illegible] 20 organs [illegible] 12 radiators 6 [illegible] 6 doz [illegible] trunks 23 cs axes [illegible] shafts [illegible] 31 bdls wall [illegible] bdls fork [illegible] csks glassware 18 bdls paper, 8 bxs [illegible]

[illegible] past week compare well [illegible] yet mo[illegible] lines [illegible] with those of [illegible]. The greatest change is [illegible] exceeding those [illegible] some [illegible] centals. Last [illegible] in wheat [illegible] such an exhibit [illegible] the eastern [illegible] the excess [illegible] in the midst of a season [illegible] made [illegible] are selling or have [illegible] that [illegible] than those on the other [illegible] selling [illegible] no doubt been [illegible] of the mountains [illegible] extent as indicated. [illegible] for the large receipt of [illegible] until near the close these [illegible] per ton from [illegible] at the close the traffic [illegible] river and [illegible] new schedules [illegible] These make [illegible] lowest rate [illegible] to fined to [illegible] rate [illegible] are [illegible] a low Portland rate [illegible] to [illegible] arrived at [illegible] cannot handle [illegible] event. Wed [illegible] grades [illegible] has not [illegible] at $1 50 to a [illegible] for the same [illegible] there but [illegible] to handle [illegible] this going [illegible] potatoes is not [illegible] quantity [illegible] week for local brew[illegible] of barley came in [illegible] account.

[illegible] letter [illegible] of November [illegible] reading [illegible] though a mere [illegible] statistical [illegible] very bullish [illegible] make its [illegible] tion of wheat [illegible] three or four [illegible] in a short time [illegible] the steady in [illegible] days there [illegible] a fortnight in [illegible] provement [illegible] 10s per qr [illegible] which period [illegible] the sole cause [illegible] increase in your [illegible] should have [illegible] from an invisible [illegible] It is a [illegible] much [illegible] enough [illegible] too that [illegible] reason that [illegible] because a dec [illegible] the trade [illegible] weeks [illegible] pointed out [illegible] that [illegible] the next three [illegible] of the prophet [illegible] the improvement [illegible] what [illegible] the next four months a subject [illegible] general at [illegible] tention. One [illegible] Broomhall [illegible] during that [illegible] the February [illegible] foreign and [illegible] a total of [illegible] requirements [illegible] stocks in [illegible] November [illegible] 500 qrs [illegible] that were [illegible] in question [illegible] supplement [illegible] must rise [illegible] per qr. As [illegible] their people [illegible] a rise of [illegible] 4s per [illegible] we would get sufficient supplies [illegible] with them [illegible] take of comparis[illegible] which I propose to [illegible] the subject that Broomhall [illegible] their total supplies as follows: Aire [illegible] 500 qrs [illegible] shipments from the Atlantic ports up to February [illegible] 80,000 qrs per week [illegible] from India [illegible] countries 450,000 [illegible] 50,000 qrs for the [illegible] be diverted to the continent and [illegible] 00,000. For myself I think their [illegible] those referring [illegible] from the Atlantic ports [illegible] will be nearer 150,000 qrs than 80,000 qrs [illegible] Since August the United States [illegible] the average 50,000 qrs per week [illegible] total of [illegible] 0,000 qrs. Assuming that the [illegible] is 3,000,000 qrs [illegible] leave 2[illegible],000 qrs per week still to be [illegible] the tropical countries will want [illegible] qrs and we should then have 25,000 qrs per week for Europe. California and Oregon [illegible] will probably amount to 75,000 qrs per week up to next month, leaving 145,000 qrs for the Atlantic ports, 30,000 qrs per week of this will [illegible] by the continent, and the United [illegible] would then have 115,000 qrs weekly [illegible] only main[illegible] [illegible] is sure to be larger than later [illegible] we may safely expect 150,000 qrs per week [illegible] there is little doubt that prices [illegible] sufficiently to attract the quantity [illegible] other alterations I make the probable [illegible] from Nov 1 to Feb 1 as follows:

Wheat [illegible]	Qrs.
Stocks in United Kingdom Nov 1	[illegible]
On passage	[illegible]
Shipments from Atlantic ports up to Feb 1	[illegible]
Shipments from India to United Kingdom [illegible] 50,000 qrs per week	450,000
Shipments from European countries	450,000
Supplies from farmers 1[illegible]0,000 qrs per week	3,000,000
Total supplies	[illegible]
Deduct cargoes [illegible] continent	350,000
Requirements at [illegible] per week	[illegible]
	9,100,000
Stocks remaining [illegible]	[illegible]

The lowest point [illegible] have touched [illegible] the last twenty [illegible] July 1 1885 when prices were [illegible] than they now are. Such is the [illegible] early in the season warranted [illegible] the effects have been nullified [illegible] movement of wheat from A[illegible] clearly I may [illegible] the case [illegible] of the [illegible] this country [illegible] our side we [illegible] naturally [illegible] What we have [illegible] less than [illegible] for [illegible] stocks [illegible] last year [illegible] actually [illegible] For the next [illegible] be practically [illegible]

PRODUCE [illegible]

[illegible]

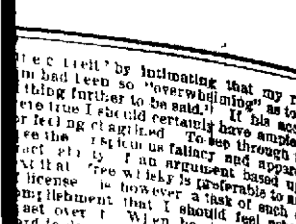
Receipts [illegible] articles of produce by principal routes [illegible] August, as compared with the same period last year have been:

ARTICLES	1886 [illegible]	Eastern	Valley	1885 Eastern
Wheat, ctls	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Flour, bbls	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Oats, ctls	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Barley, ctls	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Bran, ctls	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Millstuff, ctls	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Potatoes, sks	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Wool, lbs	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Hides, lbs	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Hops, lbs	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Flaxseed, sks	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lime, bbls	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

EXPORTS—To San Francisco per str Oregon [illegible] ctls wheat 1,[illegible] qr [illegible] 100 hf sks flour [illegible] ctls [illegible] sks flaxseed 110 bxs pears 183 bbls [illegible] apples, 1[illegible] sks potatoes 4 sks horseradish [illegible] livestock, 3 cs 8 bls blankets 2 cs cassimeres [illegible] 31 bls (5670 lbs) hops 200 cs pilot [illegible] lbs scrap iron 20 cs dried prunes [illegible] hides, 1 bl dry hides 2 bls [illegible] skins 6 [illegible] calfskins, 1 bl pelts 2 pkgs furs, 59 [illegible], 66 cook and 45 heating stoves, 40

[illegible] by intimating that my reply [illegible] had been so "overwhelming" as to "leave nothing further to be said." If his accusation were true I should certainly have ample [illegible] for feeling chagrined. To see through and [illegible] the [illegible] fallacy and apparent [illegible] of an argument based upon [illegible] that free whisky is preferable to any [illegible] license is however a task of such easy [illegible] that I should feel ashamed [illegible] over it. When he gives me something [illegible] to do and I succeed in doing it, I [illegible] afford to gratify a limited exhibition of [illegible] conceit, which after all is not the worst [illegible] of a man's mental organism.

T. T. GEER



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Price $1, at Druggists. In Liquid, Pills, Lozenge form, [illegible] for $5.) [illegible] OF THE LATTER [illegible] BY MAIL [illegible] "GUIDE TO HEALTH" AND CONFIDENTIAL [illegible] SENDING ADDRESS [illegible] Mention this Paper

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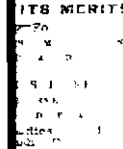

Young, Middle-aged and Old, Single or Married Men And All who Suffer from

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[illegible]VERDING & FARREL. Timothy, [illegible] SEED [illegible] FROST AND ALDER STS.

OPIUM MORPHINE AND WHISKY [illegible] Gold Remedy [illegible] Agent for Pacific Coast.

PORTLAND BOILER WORKS. [illegible] OF STEAMBOAT AND [illegible] Iron Work of all de[illegible] [illegible] JAMES MEES WM NORTON, [illegible] Thirteenth and [illegible] Sts., Portland.

WORTH FREE! Ladies [illegible] lovely velvety complexion [illegible] Home Treatment. [illegible] DR. L. C. BARROW, [illegible] 814 Haight St., San Francisco.

WOOD! WOOD! WOOD! [illegible] wood—$1 50 per load—from IWEDDLE[illegible] Orders left at mill or in the box at [illegible] promptly attended to. W. S. M. L. & M. Co.

COMMERCIAL.

WEDNESDAY Dec. 15

[illegible] receipts include 900 cs 2 tank cars coal [illegible] lard, 278 bdls printing paper 100 csks [illegible] fish 30 pks 5 cs candy 50 cs buck[illegible] 2 bbls whisky, 30 cs 25 drums 35 butts [illegible] tobacco, 13 cs cigars 45 cs soap 1 bx [illegible] 30 cs rubber do 10 bxs bottles 6 [illegible] wire, 12 barrows 10 bdls iron 2 cs [illegible] umbrellas 3 rls carpet [illegible] drums, 200 hf doz shovels 4 cs playing [illegible] baskets, 30 ctes elbows 12 radiators 6 [illegible] spokes, 10 nests trunks 23 cs axes [illegible] bxs wringers 1 safe 31 bdls wall [illegible] 3 tcs 3 csks glassware 16 bdls [illegible] lounge

[illegible] arrivals for the past week compare well [illegible] the week preceding yet [illegible] The greatest change is [illegible] falling off [illegible] arrivals of valley exceeding those [illegible] section by 23 120 centals. [illegible] was 2288 centals Such an exhibit [illegible] especially in the midst of a season [illegible] that valley holders are selling or have [illegible] more readily than those on the other [illegible] mountains. Such has no doubt been [illegible] to such an extent as indicated [illegible] prominent reason for the large receipt of [illegible] rates Until near the close these [illegible] low or down to $1 per ton [illegible] and rail points At the close the [illegible] partly closed and new schedules [illegible] put out by the rail lines This make[illegible] and there is a general advance [illegible] per ton. While in many cases the rate [illegible] extended to freight for [illegible] it was not wholly confined to [illegible] The narrow gauge roads are [illegible] considerable at a low Portland rate [illegible] made by the O & C would in [illegible] an understanding arrived at [illegible] that road and the [illegible] route [illegible] the latter cannot handle [illegible] a certain quantity in any event. Wed[illegible] steamer carried [illegible] grades [illegible] offered in San Francisco has [illegible] bids that it [illegible] valley reported was [illegible] at $1 50 to a [illegible] there bid $1 48¾ for the same [illegible] no reason why our wheat should not [illegible] even figure with California there [illegible] that state simply do not care to handle [illegible] free receipt with 1860 [illegible] steamer Oats in very light [illegible] advance last week in potatoes is not [illegible] additional supplies [illegible] during the week for local [illegible]

[illegible] Miller's London letter of [illegible] rather interesting reading [illegible] readers may think the tenor of it a [illegible] However the statistical [illegible] is strong and likely to [illegible] For the last three or four [illegible] has been a pause in the steady im[illegible] which had lasted about a fortnight [illegible] values had risen about [illegible] per [illegible] cause of this pause [illegible] to your visible supply last week [illegible] understand why this [illegible] should have [illegible] influence but the fact remains. It [illegible] the influence [illegible] enough [illegible] decline probably for the reason that [illegible] up to what I have already [illegible] to you in the last two or three weeks [illegible] stocks are undergoing a ser[illegible] and that this is likely to [illegible] three months This we [illegible] have been at work for [illegible] of stocks will be [illegible] the next four [illegible] subject which is engaging general [illegible] firm of Young, Kirby & Co [illegible] our supplies [illegible] February would not exceed [illegible] and 2,800 000 qrs of [illegible] 6,200 000 qrs against [illegible] of 2,100 000 qrs [illegible] in first hands [illegible] would be more [illegible] possible but not be [illegible] consider that [illegible] supplies prices must [illegible] the case with a [illegible] try to prove [illegible] If they had [illegible] per qr would be [illegible] supplies [illegible] very much [illegible] comparison with my own figures [illegible] to give you this week on the [illegible] Kirby & Co get their total [illegible] Already afloat [illegible] Atlantic ports up to February [illegible] per week) 1,200,000 qrs [illegible] 400,000 qrs total [illegible] for this quantity likely to be div[illegible] and we have [illegible] 000 For myself I [illegible] items are all on the right side [illegible] to the probable supplies from the [illegible] ports which I fancy will be [illegible] qrs for this reason [illegible] United States have exported [illegible] per week, or a total of [illegible] that the remaining [illegible] qrs, this would leave [illegible] to be exported Of this [illegible] will want say [illegible] qrs per week for Europe [illegible] Oregon a portion of this will probably [illegible] qrs per week up to next month [illegible] qrs for the Atlantic ports 30 000 qrs [illegible] of this will be wanted by the continent [illegible] United Kingdom would then have [illegible] if the bare average were only main[illegible] in this period the quantity is sure to [illegible] than later on so that we may safely ex[illegible] qrs per week, especially as there is [illegible] that prices will rise sufficiently to attract [illegible] With this and other alterations [illegible] probable movement from Nov 1 to [illegible]

Wheat and Flour [illegible] Qrs.
[illegible] United Kingdom on Nov 1 [illegible]
[illegible] from Atlantic ports up to [illegible] [illegible] 0 000
[illegible] from India to United Kingdom [illegible]
[illegible] per week [illegible] 4 000 0
[illegible] from European countries [illegible] 4 000
[illegible] from farmers 176 000 qrs per wk [illegible] 000
Total supplies [illegible]
[illegible] likely to be diverted to the [illegible] continent [illegible] 000
[illegible] 500 000
[illegible] at 620 000 qrs per week [illegible] 000
Stocks remaining on March 1 [illegible]

[illegible] lowest point which stocks have touched in [illegible] twenty years was 625 000 qrs on July [illegible] prices were [illegible] per qr higher than they [illegible] is the outlook which figures early in the [illegible] warranted but of which the effects [illegible] by the early and large movement [illegible] American farmers [illegible] put the case [illegible] point out but in spite of the [illegible] abundance of wheat on your side we [illegible] have, since the beginning [illegible] received about [illegible] 000 bushels [illegible] required [illegible] favorable rate of the [illegible] last year we received in this [illegible] more than [illegible] only about 8 000 000 bushels more than [illegible] three months American [illegible] only our [illegible]

[illegible] RECEIPTS [illegible] wheat, 1040 bbls flour [illegible] barley 40 ctls bran [illegible] lbs hides [illegible] pkgs dried fruit [illegible] hogs, 19 cattle [illegible] section 17 141 ctls wheat 530 [illegible] barley [illegible] hides [illegible] for the same [illegible] aggregated 155 15[illegible] ctls wheat [illegible] bbls [illegible] oats 836 ctls barley [illegible] 82 sks bran [illegible] wool [illegible] lbs hops 18?2 sks flaxseed [illegible] 4 63 bxs fruit including [illegible] section [illegible] ctls wheat [illegible] barley 14 ctls [illegible] hides [illegible] last year receipts aggregated [illegible] bbls flour 310 ctls oats [illegible] ctls bran [illegible] lbs wool [illegible] lbs hops [illegible] from the east [illegible] ctls wheat [illegible] ctls millstuff 1485 [illegible] wool [illegible] sks flaxseed

[illegible] of leading articles of produce by [illegible] means of transportation since August 1 as [illegible] with the same period last year have [illegible]

[illegible]	1886 Valley	1886 Eastern	1885 Valley	1885 Eastern
[illegible]	814 806	2 170,021	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	59 90[illegible]	40,6[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	10,370	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	11 22	13 4	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	36,95	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	9 440	5 0[illegible]	9 831	3
[illegible]	631,285	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	270 520	60 4[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	4,500,793	385 7[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	15 [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	50,47[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	10,471	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

EXPORTS—To San Francisco per str Oregon [illegible] wheat, 1261 qr 2100 hf sks flour [illegible] flaxseed, 119 bxs pears 184 bbls [illegible] sks potatoes 4 sks horseradish 34 [illegible] 3 cs 8 bls blankets 2 cs cassimeres [illegible] bls (6870 lbs) hops 200 cs pi[illegible] scrap iron, 20 cs dried prunes [illegible] dry hides, 2 bls [illegible] 1 bl pelts, 2 pkgs furs, [illegible] and 45 heating stoves, 40 pkgs holloware, 39 drums soda, 1600 bdls lath, [illegible] Total [illegible] 21 horses [illegible] treasure

FREIGHTS Heavy weather continues at the mouth of the river and there are no new arrivals. None of the outward bound grain fleet are at bar at clearage

WHEAT—Advices rather less favorable and the American markets show a weak front. Locally there is little new business Valley may be quoted $1 2[illegible] and Walla Walla $1 25@1 26

FLOUR Receipts for the week [illegible] bbls valley and [illegible] bbls Walla Walla and shipments by two steamers 2400 hf and [illegible] qr sacks The Eudora, to load for Hong Kong is near at hand The Ardvar for Eng and has about filled up The Scottish Hero cleared final for Cork on the 6th with 13 0[illegible] bbls from the Portland mills Local demands are even and the market steady at full prices Standards quoted on basis of $4

Minneapolis dates to 8th inst report the week's production as 119 000 bbls against 10[illegible],980 the preceding week. A pool had been formed for a division of water to go into effect on the [illegible] By this one-third the mills using water power are to be kept idle while two thirds run. Those having steam use it when the provisions of the pool cut off their water

OATS—Receipts for the week only 2 59[illegible] and two steamers carr[illegible] the one of Wednesday [illegible] centals. Local supplies have been steadily light with last sales up to 44@ 4[illegible] As offerings and stocks are light the market is firm in the face of lower advices. At present there is little or no inducement to ship and it is expected that this will result in increased local offerings

DRIED FRUITS Receipts for the week 103 pkgs local [illegible] The request continues good [illegible] there is ready sale for all approaching [illegible] and at rather better prices Apples show considerable strength prices being further advanced We quote selling prices from dealers Sundried [illegible] apples [illegible]@7c sliced 7@[illegible] new [illegible] 8@[illegible] [illegible]@12½c new prunes 10@12c French 8c graded 8@10c pitted plums [illegible] peeled 12½@13c grapes [illegible]@6c new Bartlett pears [illegible]

PROVISIONS—The Chicago market showed little change [illegible] week pork being higher and lard slightly lower [illegible] rather weakens it here [illegible] there is no effect [illegible] pork now quotations and prices are [illegible] There is a fair supply of [illegible] cured meats there [illegible] is good and [illegible] steady We quote selling value City [illegible] hams 10½@11c [illegible] Eastern hams 11@11½c bacon [illegible] breakfast bacon 10c [illegible] local in 5 and 10 pound pails [illegible]

POULTRY [illegible] to have lessened [illegible] the last days better [illegible] with an up[illegible] at $4@[illegible] Turkeys [illegible] at 9@10c with a [illegible] be plenty

EGGS [illegible] today although receipts are [illegible]

HIDES [illegible] receipts and [illegible] New York [illegible] dry hid[illegible] 15@16c light [illegible] heavy [illegible] dry kip and calf [illegible] salt calf [illegible]@10c salt veal [illegible] deerskins 20[illegible] for winter and summer Eastern Oregon [illegible] for winter and summer [illegible] $1 [illegible] Horse [illegible] wool [illegible] $1 50 to [illegible]

Tallow [illegible] for common

HAY [illegible] market is exhibiting nothing of [illegible] interest With supplies are [illegible] they are [illegible]

[illegible]

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE

[illegible]

[illegible] bark [illegible] at [illegible]
[illegible] Br bark [illegible]
Bark Ah[illegible] Br [illegible] Hongkong [illegible] Dec [illegible]
Ship [illegible] Oakes [illegible] from [illegible] for San Francisco
Bark [illegible] tober [illegible]
Ship [illegible] Br [illegible]

In view of the recent reports [illegible] the past month [illegible] the straits [illegible] very strong current [illegible] the straits at this season of the year

Hazen & [illegible] Valparaiso [illegible] October [illegible] freights [illegible] from vessels [illegible] being about filled [illegible] market closes dull with tendency to shade these figures Chartering [illegible] is still delayed

Mr J [illegible] one of the managing owners of the missing ship Cross Hill in the city [illegible] ambition into her [illegible] loss [illegible] that on her last voyage she was [illegible] on the hull and [illegible] disbursements [illegible] received [illegible] This will [illegible] November 1 [illegible] that the vessel had been in a terrible [illegible] which was experienced in the vicinity of Astoria shortly after the date of her sailing. The captain of the [illegible] that when the [illegible] the Cross Hill was [illegible] a mile or [illegible] The wind [illegible] terrible and when the atmosphere had cleared the Cross Hill could not be seen

DOMESTIC PORTS

SAN FRANCISCO Dec 15—Arrived—Str Mexico [illegible] Departure [illegible] Str Granada Panama [illegible] bk California [illegible] Townsend Br ship Ard[illegible] Cork Br [illegible] Helensburgh Cork bk John Worster Port Townsend

POINT DISCOVERY Dec 15—Sailed—Ship Richard III San Diego

ASTORIA Dec 15 Cooke arrived down with Br bk Kooringa at 4 P M yesterday [illegible] and schr Excelsior passed out yesterday Str Columbia arrived in at 10 A M and left up at 10 40 A M Str Alki anchored at Sand island Cooke left up at 9 30 A M with Br bk Deanfield. Str Oregon arrived down at 11 45 A M and will probably leave out [illegible] the morning Br barks Rothesay Bay and K[illegible] clear[illegible] today for Queenstown At 5 P M weather cloudy wind south

Eastern sorts of which there is now a good stock The request throughout is not marked. Tomatoes are quoted $1 [illegible] San Francisco quotes apricots $1 10@2 blackberries $1 75 cherries $2@ 2 75, peaches $2 15@2 50 pears $2@2 15 plums $1 50@1 60 for [illegible] tomatoes $1 12½@1 15 Demand there falling off

PICKLES Quote kegs 85@90c

COFFEE Salvador higher at [illegible] San Francisco [illegible] sales [illegible] 14½@15c There all good sorts are firm and in the advance [illegible] markets strong and generally higher Our list will doubtless be quoted higher before another week Quote Costa Rica 16c Salvador 14@15c Guatemala 13@14c Arbuckle's 18½c

RICE New stocks coming from San Francisco [illegible] dealers carrying lightly Values are not strong but are locally steady to firm Quote Island $5 China mixed $4 [illegible] $4 60 [illegible]

SALT—Request [illegible] and stocks light. In a small way Liverpool is quoted $14 50 $16@18 large buyers obtaining the usual reduction Coast stock quoted $6 50@8 60

SUGARS [illegible] marked up one quarter of a cent to conform with the San Francisco advance of [illegible] We quote sixty day prices Confectioners A 6[illegible] extra C 5[illegible] dry granulated [illegible] cube crushed powdered and fine crushed [illegible] halves and boxes [illegible] higher

NUTS [illegible] filberts 12c walnuts 12[illegible] Brazils 10c almonds 18@20c

THE MEAT MARKET

Receipts past week were [illegible] cattle [illegible] sheep and [illegible] hogs Mutton [illegible] and slightly higher being quoted 3@[illegible] for live and 5[illegible] for dressed Supplies light Beef steady but with a [illegible] at [illegible] gross and [illegible] dressed Veal firm at 8@9c Hogs rather dull at [illegible] for dressed

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

MONEY BONDS AND STOCKS

New York Dec 15—Money on call was [illegible] with an active demand ranging from [illegible] per cent [illegible] The last loan was made at [illegible] per cent and [illegible] Prime mercantile paper 4@5 Sterling exchange [illegible] $4 [illegible] for sixty day bills and $4 [illegible] for demand

BONDS

4s	10[illegible]	4½s coupon	10[illegible]
4s (coupon)	1[illegible]	Pacific 6s	12[illegible]

STOCKS

American Express	[illegible]	Northwestern	11[illegible]
Canadian Pacific	[illegible]	N Y Central	11[illegible]
Canada Southern	[illegible]	Oregon Navigation	10[illegible]
Central Pacific	4[illegible]	Transcontinental	[illegible]
Burlington	[illegible]	Improvement	[illegible]
Lackawanna	[illegible]	Pacific Mail	[illegible]
Denver & Rio Grande	[illegible]	Panama	[illegible]
Erie	3[illegible]	Rock Island	12[illegible]
Kansas & Texas	[illegible]	St Paul	[illegible]
Lake Shore	[illegible]	Texas Pacific	[illegible]
Louisville & Nashville	[illegible]	Union Pacific	[illegible]
Michigan Central	[illegible]	U S Express	[illegible]
Northern Pacific	2[illegible]	Wells Fargo Express	[illegible]
N P Preferred	[illegible]	Western Union	[illegible]

MINING STOCKS

New York Dec [illegible] The Mail and Express [illegible] the mining market opened very dull [illegible] Though [illegible] have fallen [illegible] brokers [illegible] there are [illegible] renewed activity [illegible] Silver Cliff [illegible] Union Con $4 [illegible] $1 10

SAN FRANCISCO MINING STOCKS REPORT

SAN FRANCISCO Dec [illegible] Consolidated [illegible] Best & Belcher $[illegible] Mexican $[illegible] Con Virginia [illegible] Other $17 50 [illegible] of this session [illegible] On the after [illegible] the market [illegible] Best & Belcher Sierra Nevada Mexican Ophir [illegible] [illegible] 10 to [illegible] cents [illegible]

[illegible]	[illegible]	Chollar	4 [illegible]
Best & Belcher	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Gould & Curry	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Yellow Jacket	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

MONEY MARKET

[illegible]

SAN FRANCISCO MARKETS

SAN FRANCISCO Dec [illegible] Weather [illegible] Receipts Wheat [illegible] flour [illegible] potatoes 1 00 [illegible] Freights—[illegible]

Wheat [illegible] market is firm [illegible] buyers [illegible] at $1 48¾@1 [illegible] Large business [illegible] prices are lower [illegible] buyer [illegible]

Oats Very [illegible] Oregon [illegible] Chile [illegible]

Potatoes—Firm Oregon [illegible]

Butter [illegible] roll [illegible]

Eggs Weak at [illegible]

Wheat—Call closed at [illegible] buyer season $1 [illegible] buyer year

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK MARKET

Cattle Receipts [illegible] Christmas [illegible] 5 30 shipping steers [illegible] to 1500 lbs [illegible] stockers and feeders [illegible] Texas cattle [illegible]

Hogs Receipts [illegible] active and 10c higher rough and mixed [illegible] packing and shipping [illegible] light $4 16

Sheep Receipts [illegible] strong Christmas $[illegible] western [illegible]

[illegible] MARKETS

CHICAGO Dec [illegible]—Wheat [illegible] January [illegible] February [illegible] March [illegible] May [illegible] December [illegible] January [illegible] February [illegible] May

Pork $11 [illegible]½ January lard $6 [illegible] January ribs [illegible] January [illegible]

NEW YORK MARKETS

New York Dec [illegible]—Wheat opened [illegible] January [illegible] February [illegible] March [illegible] May At noon [illegible] January [illegible] February [illegible] March [illegible] May [illegible] January [illegible] May

MISCELLANEOUS

New York Dec 15 Petroleum steady [illegible]

Hops barely steady Pacific coast [illegible]

Foreign Markets

[illegible]

LONDON Dec [illegible] Weather [illegible] Mark Lane Express [illegible] dear [illegible] English wheat [illegible] French [illegible] [illegible] to continent [illegible]

THE HOTELS.

QUIMBY

Ed Duncan Oregon
J Hall Salem
C J Richards Salem
R C [illegible] Warrenton
W Crider[illegible] Murray
J M Lee [illegible]
T B H[illegible]
O Jeldness Astoria
J F Campbell Vancouver
Miss [illegible] Seattle
B B [illegible] & wf do
H J Ferguson do
J W Spalding Salem
F P [illegible] Tacoma
C H [illegible]
C H Smith do
Fred Breyman do
H A B[illegible]
J C Haines O R & N
A J Stallard [illegible]
Fred Swringer Tacoma
I W Taylor do
J W [illegible] Shedd
[illegible] Independence
[illegible]

A F Goodrich San Fran
J H Weaver do
Wm Bethune do
Mrs W Bethune do
D W Boone do
Mrs D W Boone do
Master Boone do
Miss Boone do
Miss Smith do
J H Hall do
Mrs J H Hall do
Master Hall do
Miss Hall do
Miss I Hall do
William Hall do
Miss A Hall do
A Kiesich do
Thomas Reed do
F D Hudson do
Miss Bamgaser do
M Lindsay do
W W Wallace do
C H Reamer do
Wm Reamer do
[illegible] Overatt do
James Overatt do
[illegible] Sifford do
[illegible] Hackney do
Grant Johnson do
I E Anderson do
Mrs A G Fraser do
Mrs J W Barnes do
A B Falkner do
Miss M Falkner do
James Cox do
H Weiser do
W C Haynes do
F C Devlin do
D I Clouse do
M Lindsay do
[illegible]
Ed Hawkins
Sam Wade
Miss Ella Hawkins

INTERNATIONAL

W C [illegible]
[illegible]
W H [illegible] Dalles
[illegible]

J J Austin Olchalis
I S Smith do
[illegible] Walula
W Morgan Seattle
C B [illegible]
A R Wooley Wasco
W S [illegible] Alkali
O B Dinge Woodland
W Farper [illegible]
Mrs Cribble & [illegible] Salem
[illegible] Tacoma
[illegible]
G Lewiston do
[illegible] Marks do
[illegible]
A C Tryson [illegible]
J Hayes [illegible] Independence
[illegible] Dakota
M H H Irving
[illegible]
W A Cole
[illegible]
[illegible] Woodburn

[illegible]

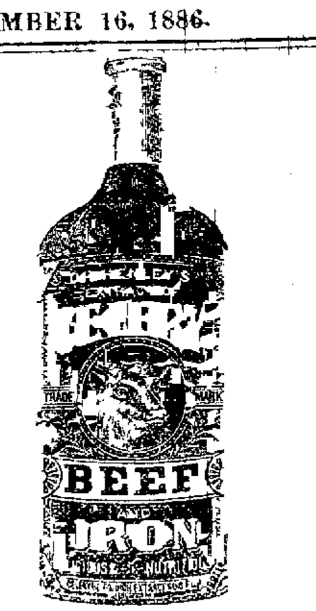
[illegible]

J D Merryman [illegible]
[illegible]
C H [illegible] do
[illegible] South Bend
A Smith [illegible]
[illegible] Salem
W B Chase Corvallis
[illegible]
F R C [illegible] & wf [illegible]
[illegible]
J A Marris do
[illegible] Dalles
[illegible]
H N Howard La Conner

ESMOND

F S Davenport & wf Salem
[illegible]
R Watson St Paul
[illegible] do
[illegible]
C N Frund Big Point
[illegible]
M I Bow [illegible] N Y
F H Carver Los Angeles
[illegible] St Paul
John Lindsey Yokohama
F D Madison & wf W T

W H Crawley Ft Wayne
[illegible] Walla Walla
[illegible]
M Discomb [illegible]
C M Hudson do
[illegible] do
H B Millar do
J H Philips do
H Feyser do
[illegible] do
R S Clayton do
Jno Dawson [illegible]
Mrs Wormsey Dalles



DR. HENLEY'S POPULAR REMEDY

[illegible]

DR. SPINNEY

THE CELEBRATED SPECIALIST,

[illegible] to treat with the same [illegible]

ALL CHRONIC, NERVOUS & PRIVATE DISEASES

[illegible]

YOUNG MEN

Who may be suffering from the [illegible] DR SPINNEY will Guarantee to Forfeit $500 [illegible]

Middle-aged Men

There are many at the age of 30 to 60 who are [illegible] DR SPINNEY will Guarantee a Perfect Cure in [illegible] Call or write for pamphlet and list of questions.

HUMPHREYS' Homeopathic Veterinary Specifics for HORSES, CATTLE, SHEEP DOGS, HOGS POULTRY

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HUMPHREYS' HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFIC No. 28

[illegible] Nervous Debility, Vital Weakness, [illegible]

ASTHMA CURED

GERMAN ASTHMA CURE

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The Original and Only Genuine.

[illegible] LADIES, Ask your Druggist [illegible] NAME PAPER. Chichester Chemical Co [illegible] 2818 Madison Square Phila. [illegible] Sold by Druggists everywhere [illegible]

HENRY'S CARBOLIC SALVE.

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Henry's Carbolic Salve cures Sores.

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[illegible]

HALL'S SARSAPARILLA

Cures Pimples, Boils, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Neuralgia, Rheumatic and Mercurial Pains. It Purifies the Blood, [illegible] the Liver and Kidneys to healthy action and makes the Complexion bright and clear.

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THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.

For Liver Bile Indigestion etc. Free from Mercury [illegible] Pure Vegetable Ingredients.

DEAFNESS [illegible] CURE [illegible]

LOST VIGOR Exhausted Vitality, Nervous Debility and Weaknesses [illegible] Stomach Medication by [illegible] Marston Bolus. [illegible] Marston Remedy Co, 19 Park Place, New York.

MANHOOD RESTORED. A victim of youthful imprudence causing Premature Decay, Nervous [illegible] Lost Manhood, [illegible] having tried in vain every known remedy, has discovered a simple self-cure, which he will send FREE to his fellow-sufferers. Address, C. J. MASON, Post Office Box 3179 New York City.

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On and after Monday [illegible] the STR TRAVELER will leave Columbia River Paper Co's D[illegible] foot Alder st, for LaCamas Tuesday Thursday and Saturday at [illegible] A M Leave LaCamas Monday Wednesday and Friday at [illegible] A. M. calling at Vancouver Fisher's and all intermediate landings For freight or passage apply at dock or on b[illegible]

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For Astoria—Fast Time.

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LEAVES ALDER STREET TUESDAY [illegible] leaves Astoria Monday Wednesday and Friday at [illegible] A M

Close connections at [illegible] and Gray's Harbor [illegible] Connects [illegible] Portland [illegible] O & C [illegible] Vancouver and Oregon City boats, and East-bound trains. [illegible] Agent Portland

U. B. SCOTT Prest [illegible] No 1

ASTORIA TO GRAY'S HARBOR

STEAMER "GEN. MILLS"

Will Leave Astoria for Gray's Harbor 1st and 15th each month.

[illegible]

CHANGE OF TIME

COMMENCING [illegible] STEAMER [illegible]

Willamette Steamboat Co's Str's

MULTNOMAH [illegible] LaCamas [illegible]

Vancouver Transportation Co.'s

STRS. LURLINE OR VANCOUVER

Capt Jas T Gray, leave Portland at 3 P M, and Vancouver at 8 A M daily Sundays excepted. For freight or passage apply on board at foot of Morrison street.

TOWING between 10 A M and 3 P M

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Wholesale Butcher and Packer

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Six months 5 "

Nine months 5½ "

One Year 6 "

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[illegible]

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Assets ..... $8[illegible],601 19

Net Surplus $5,099 60

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OREGON PACIFIC RAILROAD

ONLY POPULAR ROUTE

OVER PICTURESQUE RANGES

Fast Time Sure Connection! New Equipment!

225 MILES SHORTER! 20 HOURS LESS TIME!

Accommodations Unsurpassed for Comfort and Safety—Fares and Freights MUCH LESS than by any other route between all points in Willamette Valley and San Francisco!

ONLY ROUTE VIA YAQUINA BAY! —TO— SAN FRANCISCO.

DAILY PASSENGER TRAINS

Except Sundays

Leave Corvallis [illegible] P M | Leave Yaquina 7:30 A.M.

[illegible] and [illegible] Westside trains connect at Corvallis.

THE OREGON DEVELOPMENT CO'S FINE A1 STEAMSHIP

YAQUINA CITY

SAILS

FROM YAQUINA	FROM SAN FRANCISCO
[illegible]	Saturday Dec. 4
[illegible]	Thursday Dec. 16
[illegible]	Tuesday Dec. 28
[illegible]	Sunday Jan. 9
[illegible]	Friday Jan. 22

The Company reserves the right to change sailing days.

Fares between Corvallis and San Francisco: [illegible] and Steerage $9 35

For further information apply to CHAS. C. HOGUE A. G. F. & P. Agt. Corvallis.

OVERLAND TO CALIFORNIA VIA Oregon & California R. R.

And Connections. Time 2½ Days.

Fare to San Francisco $32; to Sacramento $32

[illegible] connections made at Ashland with stages of the [illegible] Oregon and Idaho Stage Company

(DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAYS)

East Side Division.

BETWEEN PORTLAND AND ASHLAND

Mail Train.

LEAVE		ARRIVE	
Portland	[illegible] A. M.	Ashland	4 00 A. M.
Ashland	[illegible] P. M.	Portland	[illegible] P. M.

Albany Express Train.

LEAVE		ARRIVE	
Portland	4:00 P. M.	Lebanon	9:20 P. M.
Lebanon	4:45 A. M.	Portland	10:05 A. M.

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars

[illegible] between Portland and Ashland.

The O. & C. R. R. Ferry makes connection with all the regular trains on the East Side Div. from foot of F St.

West Side Division.

BETWEEN PORTLAND AND CORVALLIS

Mail Train.

LEAVE		ARRIVE	
Portland	[illegible] A. M.	Corvallis	12 25 P. M.
Corvallis	[illegible] P. M.	Portland	6 15 P. M.

At Corvallis connect with trains of Oregon Pacific [illegible]

Express Train.

LEAVE		ARRIVE	
Portland	[illegible] P. M.	McMinnville	[illegible] P. M.
McMinnville	[illegible] A. M.	Portland	9:00 A. M.

[illegible] Baggage checked at company's [illegible] Second streets. [illegible] California can only be [illegible]

Corner F and Front Sts. Portland, Or.

[illegible] East and West Side Divisions.

R. KOEHLER, [illegible] E. P. ROGERS, G. F. & Pass. Agent.

OREGON RAILWAY AND NAVIGATION Co. COLUMBIA RIVER ROUTE

Trains for the East leave Ash st. wharf every day at

3 15 P. M.,

[illegible] Through Pullman Sleeping Cars to Council [illegible] Walla Walla and Dayton without change. Trains from the East arrive at 10:15 [illegible] every day.

SAN FRANCISCO LINE.

Leaving [illegible] | Leaving Spear st. wharf at 10 A. M., as follows:

[illegible]	State Friday	Dec. 3
[illegible]	Oregon Wednesday	Dec. 8
[illegible]	Columbia Monday	Dec. 13
[illegible]	[illegible] Saturday	Dec. 18
[illegible]	[illegible] Thursday	Dec. 23
Oregon [illegible]	Columbia Tuesday	Dec. 28
[illegible]	State Monday	Jan. 3

The Company reserves the right to change steamers or sailing days.

TO ASTORIA.

[illegible] leaves Ash st. daily except Sunday at 6 A. M. for Astoria.

TO DALLES AND CASCADES.

Leave Ash st. at 7 A. M. except Sunday

TO OREGON CITY DAYTON AND CORVALLIS:

[illegible] A. M. Mondays, Wednesdays [illegible] for Dayton and way points. [illegible] at 6 A. M. Tuesdays, Thursdays [illegible] leave Portland [illegible] Thursday and Sunday [illegible] Portland 3 P. M. Tuesday, [illegible] Fridays and Saturday

TICKET OFFICE, ASH STREET WHARF

A. L. MAXWELL Ticket Agent.

[illegible] BYRNE Gen. Pass. & Ticket Agent.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

SHORTEST, QUICKEST, [illegible] EVERY RESPECT THE BEST ROUTE.

Montreal, Toronto, Ottawa, Halifax, Portland, [illegible] New York, Chicago, St. Paul, [illegible] Kansas City, St. Louis and All Points East and Southeast,

Finest Dining & Sleeping Car Route in the World!

[illegible] Luxurious Smoking [illegible] Elegant Bath Rooms attached to all Sleepers.

[illegible] Second Class Sleepers from [illegible] Montreal, Free of Charge

[illegible] Splendid Passenger [illegible] Thousand Miles of [illegible] Track Ballasted [illegible] Length! [illegible] of Grand and [illegible] Scenery!

[illegible] the Atlantic by this [illegible] uninterrupted magnificence [illegible] lakes, rivers [illegible] beautiful canyons [illegible] a glacier front [illegible] and the Gold [illegible] that of the

[illegible] Railway is the Only [illegible] from Portland via [illegible] Victoria and [illegible] Puget Sound Points.

[illegible] reserved in advance [illegible] LOWEST RATES

[illegible] call on or address

C. F. DIXON [illegible] and Freight Agt., [illegible] Washington st., Portland, Or

[illegible] BROWN [illegible] Passenger and Freight [illegible]

GREAT OVERLAND ROUTE.

Northern Pacific Railroad,

Shortest Line to Chicago & the East.

The Shortest Line to Council Bluffs, St. Joseph, Atchison, Leavenworth, Kansas City, Burlington, Quincy, St. Louis, Indianapolis, Cincinnati, New Orleans, and all points south and southeast,

VIA ST. PAUL and MINNEAPOLIS.

THE NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R.

Is the ONLY Line Running

Passenger Trains,

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars,

Palace Dining Cars (meals 75c),

Luxuriant Day Coaches,

Emigrant Sleepers (free of charge),

From Washington and Oregon Points

To the East

VIA ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS.

SEE THAT YOUR TICKETS READ

Via the Northern Pacific R. R. and avoid change of cars.

Leave Portland at 3 P. M. daily; arrive at Minneapolis or St. Paul at noon, fourth day.

PACIFIC DIVISION.

Trains leave From and G daily at 11:00 A. M.; arrive New Tacoma 6 15 P. M., connecting with Co's boats for all points on Puget Sound.

CHAS. S. FEE, Gen'l Pass. Agent, St. Paul.

A. D. CHARLTON, Gen'l West'n Pass. Agent, No. 2 Washington st., Portland

THE CITY COUNCIL.

W. H. Wood, ex Clerk of the County Court, Elected Auditor and Clerk.

James Lotan Appointed and Confirmed Fire Commissioner—All Unnumbered Houses Ordered Numbered—Proposed Curfew Ordinance Etc

A regular meeting of the city council was held last evening, Mayor Gates in the chair, and all the members present except Gallagher

FIRE COMMISSIONER APPOINTED.

From his honor, the mayor, appointing James Lotan fire commissioner.

On motion the appointment was confirmed.

COMMUNICATIONS, PETITIONS, ETC.

From C. F Sliter, asking permission to lay a stone crosswalk across First street in front of his saloon Granted

From Bays & Jeffery, asking for an extension of time in which to complete the contract for the improvement of North Seventh street, between H and J Filed

From Rasmussen & Co, asking permission to erect a lamp in front of their place of business Granted

From J W Whalley, asking to be released from assessment for Harrison street sewer, on the ground that his property is not benefitted thereby. Referred to the judiciary committee

From A. W Oliver & Co., asking that the west city boundary be surveyed Granted.

From Cornelia S Jones, asking for a lamp at Seventeenth and F streets referred to street committee.

From H. H. Northup, in regard to his qualifications as a viewer in the matter of the Tanner creek culvert, referred to judiciary committee

From the job printers of the city, asking that the ordinance prohibiting the distribution of hand bills, circulars, etc., be repealed referred to street committee.

From the Oregon Pottery company, giving notice of the completion of their contract for a sewer in G street, and that $17[illegible] is due thereon filed.

From A. J. Spicer, inquiring by what authority J. A. Norman had done work covered by his (Spicer's) contract for horseshoeing and repairing for the street cleaning department referred to street committee.

From the Oregon Artificial Stone company, giving notice of the completion of their contract for a sewer in First street, and that the sum of $523 40 is due them filed.

From the Oregon Paving and Contract company, giving notice of the completion of the improvement of Ninth street, and that the sum of $527 85 is due therefor filed

From Mrs. A. Kubler, asking to be relieved from a city tax, as her property was improperly assessed, being out of the city limits, referred to committee on ways and means.

From Espey & Co and others, asking for the improvement of Williams street from Water to Front, referred to committee on streets.

From Thomas J Mountain, asking for the reward provided by section 4851 for the conviction of any one bribing voters, he having arrested Wise and Centner for bribing Wm. H Pearson for such crime, and they were convicted and sentenced, on which account he claims $[illegible]00 referred to judiciary committee and city attorney.

From H. C Smithson and others asking for lamps at Eighteenth and O streets, Eighteenth and N, Seventeenth and N, Seventeenth and O. Referred to committee on streets and street superintendent.

From Waterford & Co, offering to sell their street sweeping machine to the city for $400 Referred to street committee

REPORTS.

From the judiciary committee recommending that George Frank be paid $12 70, due him on a horse sold by the chief of police. Adopted.

From the judiciary committee recommending that the bondsmen of L Besser be notified to settle the judgment held by the city against him, and that in default of such settlement proceedings be commenced against them They further recommend that the proposition of Wm. Watkinds to buy said judgment, be laid on the table until further action by the council. Adopted.

From the judiciary committee, recommending that the communication of Rachel Hawthorne, in regard to assessment for the Harrison street sewer, be placed on file. Adopted

From the committee on streets, awarding the contract for sewer on First street to Ofeldt Bros., and the sewer on E street to John Gibson. Adopted.

From the committee on streets, stating that the bids for sidewalk on J street, are in excess of the appropriations, and ask for further instructions.

On motion of Gerdes the committee was instructed to let a contract for $100 worth of sidewalk.

CLAIMS ORDERED PAID

George Harold	$1 50
Portland Ice Co	90
George L. Curry	3[illegible]0 00
R. H. Schwab & Co	142 [illegible]
A J Spicer	11 4[illegible]
S. A. Neppach	5 [illegible]
Smith Bros & Co	4 11
Willamette Mills	1 [illegible]
Everding & Farrell	10[illegible] [illegible]4

NEW ORDINANCES

Granting the Pacific Postal Telegraph company the right to erect poles and string wires through the city read twice and referred to the committee on streets and city attorney

To amend the ordinance concerning offenses and disorderly conduct so as not to allow a minor to roam the streets after [illegible] P M from October to March, and not after 8 P M, unless such minor shall have permission or be accompanied by parents, etc. read twice and referred to judiciary committee and city attorney

To amend section 1 of the ordinance providing for the time and manner of improving North Seventh street, to extend the time for completing the contract passed

Adopting the report of the assessors in the matter of the sewer in First street and making appropriation therefor, read twice

Adopting the report of the city surveyor in the matter of the extension of North Eighteenth street, read twice.

Permitting the Chinese to burn fire crackers during their holidays from January 22 to February 2 between the hours of 6 and 7 A. M. and 6 and 8 P. M., read twice

An ordinance introduced by City Attorney Tanner to discontinue the proceedings in the matter of the opening, laying out and extension of D street from the west line of North Nineteenth street to the east line of North Twenty second street, commenced December 15, 1885

The city of Portland does ordain as follows

Sec. 1 That all proceedings heretofore had and taken by the common council in the matter of the extension of D street from the west line of North Nineteenth street to the east line of North Twenty second street, in said city of Portland be and the same are hereby discontinued and abandoned and that all ordinances and parts of ordinances relating to the said extension of said street as commenced by the common council on the [illegible] day of December, 1885 or in conflict with this ordinance be, and the same are hereby repealed

Section 2. That the auditor and clerk be and he is hereby directed and required to cancel all assessments of benefits against property along the line of said proposed extension and to cancel all entries in the docket of city liens relating thereto

Transferring $1000 from the general fund to the street cleaning fund passed.

Authorizing the employment of a competent person as an inspector of city licenses read twice and referred to judiciary committee and city attorney.

Repealing the ordinance prohibiting the distribution of bills, placards and advertisements on the streets, read twice and referred to committee on streets.

Accepting the sewer constructed by James Frainey in Fourth street, and providing for payment therefor passed

ENGROSSED ORDINANCES.

Declaring the probable cost of improving Ninth street from Market to Montgomery and making appropriation therefor passed

Authorizing insurance on the tug Hermann laid over

Accepting the completed improvement of North Seventh street made by Bays & Jeffery and making appropriation therefor passed

Declaring the probable cost of improving North Seventh street from A to [illegible] First passed.

RESOLUTIONS.

Instructing the city surveyor to survey [illegible] with the west boundaries of the city as established by the last amendment to the charter adopted.

Authorizing the auditor to have printed the law concerning the docking of ships on [illegible] posters, for distribution adopted

Directing the superintendent of streets to see that all houses not properly numbered are furnished with numbers forthwith adopted

Instructing the city attorney to commence suit in equity against the N P Terminal [illegible] to enjoin them from asserting any right [illegible] North Third street from H to North Front, or from interfering with this street in any way referred to judiciary committee and city attorney

Requiring the auditor to notify assessors appointed by the council that they will not receive any report assessing property to unknown owners, adopted.

Appointing R. L. Durham, Elijah Corbett and F. Opitz assessors in the matter of the construction of G street sewer referred to committee on streets.

W. H. WOOD ELECTED AUDITOR AND CLERK

Mr Fliedner moved that the council proceed to the election of an auditor Carried.

Mr Norden said he had the ballots prepared. Gerdes said that the auditor was in the midst of preparing the annual reports and he was also the clerk of the charter revising committee It was very unwise to swap horses in the middle of the stream He moved an amendment that the election be postponed till the first meeting in January

Mr Norden said he was under $25 000 bonds to keep his accounts straight, and he asked the council to extend the courtesy of allowing him to hold his position till he had made up his reports and balanced his books. He assured the council that if this courtesy was extended he would take no means to frustrate the intentions of the council in removing him

Gerdes' amendment was put and lost by a vote of 5 to 3.

The main question was put and carried by the same vote.

The ballot was spread and the first count stood W H Woods 5, Ben Norden 3

So Mr. Woods was declared duly elected auditor and clerk.

Mr Norden returned thanks to the members of the council for courtesies extended and especially thanked the republican members for allowing him to retain the office as long as they had Adjourned.

THE EAST SIDE

The M E Church Entered by a Suspicious Character—Strangers in the City—Marriage at Albina—Personals

Mr I H Wells has been engaged as the East Portland reporter of THE OREGONIAN, and any favors extended to him will be appreciated

The other night, about 10 30, some one was discovered in the M E church. On closer investigation the party was seen making his escape from one of the windows. He disappeared in the darkness, and was seen no more Just what the tramp wanted in the church is beyond even conjecture He could not have expected to have found anything to eat there and it is a very poor place in which to sleep Perhaps he intended to steal the benches A number of suspicious characters are in the city, and it would be well for our authorities to keep a sharp lookout

[illegible]

Among those who arrived in the city during the week is Mr A B O'Brien, a miner and prospector from Alaska He reports having been in a district called Wonderland Islands, in the interior about 400 miles from Juneau From the description he gave of these islands it is evident that they are well named About one hundred and fifty men are now mining on the islands Mr O'Brien will return to Alaska early in the spring

F I Bengg and A H Helmer, from Gresham, Iowa, have been in the city examining the place and looking around for a location. They have gone to Southern Oregon, where they will remain and examine that portion of the state. They express themselves as much pleased with East Portland and its improvements.

John Puller, from Michigan, also has been looking over the city Our city will rival our big sister across the waters in time, and even surpass her, some of our people think, when the bridge shall have been completed.

PROGRESS MADE.

The builders of the bridge showed their good sense and appreciation of the importance of this side when they began construction from East Portland Whether this was the motive governing their action does not matter, the fact remains, and our people are perfectly willing that Portland should have all the glory of being the terminus of the other end, when construction shall have carried the last span to a resting place on the west side False work for the second span has been built, and the span will soon be put up The progress made is watched with interest, and faithfully noted by the reporter Just what the east side reporter will do when the bridge is finished is a reflection too appalling to be long entertained

IN HOLLADAY'S ADDITION

Some building is going on in this addition to East Portland A fine new residence was begun recently and during the pleasant weather work was pushed energetically, but yesterday's rain caused a suspension Soon, however, work will be resumed, and another residence added to that already beautiful addition. The people living there entertain the hope of prosperous times in the matter of improvements and real estate investments The addition and other improvents made to the Congregational church are very creditable to its members, and make their edifice one of the finest in the city However, the church and grounds need to be enclosed, and doubtless this will be done soon

POSTPONED

Owing to the unavoidable detention of Rev I D Driver in Walla Walla, the lecture announced to be given by him at the M. E church last night was postponed This was unfortunate, as the lecture had been generally advertised by handbills, and it was not learned that the speaker could not be present until a late hour However, another appointment will doubtless be made, when the speaker will be present, and those who have been looking forward to the lecture with interest, will have the opportunity of hearing him on the important subject of his lecture Rev Driver has been at Walla Walla delivering lectures on infidelity, and was expected to return by the train yesterday morning

AMONG REAL ESTATE MEN

Conversation with some of the real estate men in the city brings out the information that sales have been light within the past week However, they report that this side has been receiving a good share of newcomers. At no time for years have there been so few vacant houses, nor has the demand for them been so great. The streets are thronged with new faces and general activity seems prevalent among all classes.

TO ATTEND THE INSTITUTE.

The teachers institute, which convenes in Portland next Saturday will be honored by a visit from the East Portland high school. Class "B," which has been engaged in the study of English literature, will illustrate the method adopted before the institute Under Prof. Wetzell the class has made excellent progress, and without doubt will acquit themselves with honor

COMPANY F

Company F held their regular monthly meeting and drill Tuesday evening. Four new members were received at the meeting, and the members report the company in a prosperous condition The boys, no doubt, would do effective work in case they were called into active service

PERSONAL NOTES

Mrs Davenport, wife of Hon. T W Davenport, is in the city visiting among her friends

Mrs A B Slauson, who went to Denver some weeks ago, reports the gratifying intelligence to her friends that she is improving substantially in health She expects to remain in Denver until April if her health continues to improve

Yesterday morning, at the residence of the bride's parents, Capt and Mrs W H Foster, in Albina, Mr D M McLauchlan and Miss Nellie V Ladd were united in marriage, Rev W O Forbes performing the ceremony The happy couple took the morning train for Victoria, B C, and the Sound country, where they will spend a few days on a wedding tour

A STATEMENT CORRECTED

EUGENE CITY, Dec 11

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN

An editorial in THE OREGONIAN of Friday, December 10 entitled "Sojourners, Not Citizens, contains the following "Two or three years ago one of the professors of the state university at Eugene City, with the lack of judgment common to college professors, marshaled all the students of legal age that he could muster to the polling booth in a local election and 'voted' them

I am requested to say that this statement is wholly incorrect and does the faculty great injustice Neither two or three years ago nor at any other time before or since, has any professor of this institution "voted" a student, or in any way encouraged him to vote but, on the contrary, some years ago members of the faculty, on hearing that certain students from abroad intended to vote, went to them personally and advised them not to vote giving as their opinion that such students had no legal right to vote here in city or county elections

As we do not suppose it is your desire to misrepresent the faculty we ask you to give this article [illegible] and [illegible] [illegible] this [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] Secy Faculty [illegible]

[illegible] say that the [illegible] [illegible] How ever [illegible] [illegible]

ED

Weak lungs, spitting of blood [illegible] and kindred affections cured without physician Address for treatise with 10 cents in stamps World's Dispensary Medical Association 663 Main street Buffalo N Y

The best substitute for Tea and Coffee Ghirardelli's Chocolate. Wholesome and agreeable. 10

THE BULL RUN PIPE LINE.

Bids Opened Yesterday by the Water Committee

Figures of One Bidder for the Work, Complete, $655 197—Other Bids by Sections—The Exact Cost Soon to be Learned.

A meeting of the water commission was called for 12 o'clock noon yesterday, but there not being a quorum present, a meeting of the subcommittee was held, W S Ladd in the chair and all the members present Inquiry was made by some of the bidders as to whether the checks of unsuccessful bidders would be retained until the contract was made.

Mr Corbett moved that checks accompanying bids which it was evident could not be entertained be returned within twenty four hours, checks of other bidders to be kept, and if a contract was not entered into within ten days they could be withdrawn Engineer Smith said twenty four hours was not time enough in which to canvass bids, and suggested that four days be substituted

The motion was so amended and carried

Mr Loewenberg moved that no bids which were not in the hands of the secretary be considered after the reading of bids had commenced carried

The secretary was instructed to proceed with the reading of bids, as follows

Risdon Iron and Locomotive works of San Francisco, offered to manufacture and lay the wrought pipe line in eighteen months after the receipt of the iron, which is to be furnished by the city, for a lump sum, $3[illegible] [illegible]3 25

The San Francisco Bridge company made an offer to build the entire line of pipe at certain rates per foot, according to the size of pipe, the submerged pipe to be $[illegible] per foot

The Oregon Paving and Contract company offered to build the reservoirs for $2[illegible], and the roads for $8 10

The American Bridge and Building company offered to furnish the material and build the three bridges for the pipe line for $20 401

The Pacific Bridge company offered to build the bridges for $15,060

Scannel & Whaley offered to construct the wrought iron pipes for four and a half cents per pound the city to do the excavating No check accompanied this bid

Canuto & Zanello offered to build the reservoirs for $36,500

Trenkman & Wolf made a bid for the whole work, as follows Building roads, $10,400 pipe line $548 68[illegible] 8[illegible] submerged pipe, $50,000 bridges, $12,990 reservoirs, $3[illegible],12[illegible] total $6[illegible],1[illegible] 8[illegible]

Thompson, DeHart & Co offered to furnish iron for three fourths of a cent per pound and [illegible] per cent commission on board cars at mills

The King Iron Bridge company of Cleveland, O, bids on the bridges for $12,500 on one specification

The Pittsburg Bridge company offered to build the bridges at seven cents per pound, or to furnish iron at Chicago for [illegible] 107 cents per pound

John F Ward, of Jersey City, offered to lay the submerged pipe, with flexible joints, at $[illegible]0 per lineal foot.

On motion, the bids were referred to the engineer, to make his report to the committee as soon as possible.

As most readers of THE OREGONIAN are aware, the work was advertised to be let in different sections, namely Building roads, furnishing iron, making the iron into pipe, excavating for the pipe line, furnishing and laying the submerged pipe in the Willamette river, building the bridges and building the reservoirs The only bid for the entire work was Trenkman & Wolf's, whose figures are $655,197 85, which is $115,000 more than the engineer's estimate Other bids, separately, take in the entire work, but it will require some figuring before the exact cost can be learned, and whether combined, they will exceed or fall below Trenkman & Wolf's. This will be known and made public in a few days

THE COURTS

U S CIRCUIT COURT

F Elliott vs Salem Capitol Flour Mills Co continued in accordance with stipulation

Oregonian Railway Co vs O R. & N Co tax case set for hearing January 5

U S vs H C Messenger judgment on verdict for $640.

U S vs Morrill & Hempel verdict of not guilty

CIRCUIT COURT DEPT NO. 1

Bernard Triest against Nathan Walker, judgment by default for $863 69

Portland Savings Bank against Willamette Steam Mills Co motion to strike out parts of answer allowed five days granted in which to further plead

M I Culver against Chas. Cox and others demurrer to answer overruled

August Story against B B Acker motion for a new trial denied

John T Little against Jos. McNaught and others findings of the court in favor of plaintiff

August Story against B B Acker judgment on the verdict for the plaintiff for $250

Wells, Fargo & Co against W A. Thompson judgment on verdict rendered January 7 for $1[illegible]5 in favor of plaintiff Attached property ordered sold for money paid out.

Meyer, Wilson & Co against Thompson DeHart & Co order allowing name of Walter S Thompson to be inserted as defendant in the complaint.

Jim Fay vs F Shannon, on trial.

STATE CIRCUIT COURT, NO 2

Emily Grunwald vs Joseph Grunwald decree of divorce

State vs Ah Sing, arraigned plea of not guilty, Tuesday 21st for trial

State vs John Brannon, plea of not guilty To day for trial

State vs. Charles Miller Monday next for sentence

State vs Ah Sun hearing for demurrer to indictment set for Saturday, 18th

Louis Love vs City of Portland argued and submitted

E Martin vs T S Martin mandate from supreme court entered

State vs Amanda and Louise arraigned Saturday to plead

State vs. Mary Cook guilty fined $100

Grand jury return one indictment and five not true bills.

POLICE COURT

Yesterday in the police court a case of drunkenness against George Howard was dismissed E. Johnson, arrested for passing a worthless check on a Chinaman, asked a further continuance for examination until to-day and the same was granted Mattie E. Keyes had an examination on a charge of the larceny by bailee of a silver watch from Mrs. Mary Leonard, the female lawyer Mrs Keyes brought witnesses to prove that she had given the timepiece to a young fellow named Sid Matthews to regulate Judge Dement held that the prosecution failed to show that Mrs Keyes had converted the property to her own use, so he dismissed the case

A FARMER ON THE TARIFF

McCoy, Or, Dec. 11

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN

Please allow me a little space to gainsay some erroneous statements made by a protectionist writer, Robert P Porter, and published in THE OREGONIAN of the 10th inst. Speaking of the president s message to congress on the tariff, he says "Can any one believe in the sincerity or convictions of a man who, recognizing that the farmers of the country are being sorely pressed in the markets of the world with the products they raise for export, calmly recommends that the one product for which they have a profitable market be swept into the free list, and thus supplanted, to a large extent, by the products of countries which are sorely pressing them in other commodities

Evidently the above named writer has reference to the protection on our wheat, wool, not wheat [illegible] and his emanation is on a par with all the writers I have noticed in favor of protection But THE OREGONIAN has frequently shown its readers that tariff on wheat does not and cannot be of any benefit to the farmer as long as we export wheat to foreign countries

I am not satisfied with simple exposure of [illegible] writers [illegible] I intend to prove that protection is a great drawback to the farmers all over the United States Every farmer in America ought to know his master to [illegible]

He should also know the object of the tribute That it is necessary and right to collect a tribute from farmers as well as all others, to maintain our government, no honorable man will question but the tribute we pay to our government amounts only to $[illegible]00,000,000 a year, while we pay, in addition, the great sum of $[illegible]00,000,000 to protected manufactories in the United States

But the above alone is not the cause of the depression in farming There is another cause which threatens to ruin the occupation of farming at least, on this coast, and which is the tribute we pay to the gold standard That standard is to day about [illegible] per cent higher than that established by the constitution If our government had maintained bimetallism we would today receive at least 40 per cent. more for our wheat. In order to show the farmers of Oregon and elsewhere what tribute we really pay to goldbugs and protected manufacturers, I will assume that the average farmer in Oregon produces annually 2000 bushels of wheat for export Now 40 per cent discount on 2000 is 800 which leaves him 1200 bushels On this he has to pay at least 25 per cent. tariff taxes, which takes the value of 300 bushels more, and now he has 900 bushels left of 2000, the proceeds of which he can say, "It is my own" Respectfully,

E.

REDUCTION IN PASSENGER FARES.

The Northern Pacific to Charge Five Cents a Mile after January 1

Yesterday the Northern Pacific general passenger agency in this city received the following telegram

ST PAUL Dec 15

A D Charlton General Western Passenger Agent Portland Or Commencing January 1, the Northern Pacific railway will reduce its local rates of fare in Montana Idaho and Washington territories on all the main line and branches to a uniform basis of 5 cents per mile Our management considers that in the interest of the people along our line and in view of our increased earnings and development of local travel we can consistently make the reduction to a 5 cent basis Please give publicity to the announcement through the columns of the press

C S FEE Gen Pass Agent

This is the first time on record when a railroad in this section of the country voluntarily made a sweeping reduction in local fares in a territory which it absolutely controlled The reduction is about [illegible] per cent. in Washington and [illegible]0 per cent in Idaho and Montana Evidently the Northern has experienced a change of heart The reduction is eminently proper, and will no doubt be fully appreciated by the people benefited, and the company will not be the loser Nothing stimulates passenger travel like low fares

SAUNDERS GETS A NEW TRIAL

The Supreme Court Reverses the Decision of the Court Below

SALEM Dec 15—The supreme court reverses the decision of the court below [illegible] per [illegible] examination and grants Saunders of A[illegible] [illegible] sentenced for the murder of Campbell, a new trial

THE BIG BEND RAILROAD

SPRAGUE, W T, Dec 14

Civil engineer A I Sears in company with a small delegation, returned last evening from an inspecting tour of the projected line of the Sprague & Big Bend railway, and to morrow morning, assisted by four other men will commence the preliminary survey The farmers and stockmen of the Big Bend country are intensely gratified at the favorable prospects of a road being constructed through that section of the country, and from the present indications the cost of the right of way will be very light, as many of the farmers through whose farms the projected line will run have expressed their consent to permit the road to run through without any claims for damage If the engineer making the preliminary survey reports favorably, capital which has already been secured will take hold of the matter, and by the first of July next trains will be running into the great Big Bend

THE WEEKLY DEMOCRAT

The *Daily Evening Democrat*, of Portland, Or, will on Tuesday, January 4, 1887, issue its weekly edition By selecting Tuesday for its issue it enables subscribers not desiring a daily to get practically a semi-weekly by taking some other Portland weekly issuing on Thursdays See advertisement in another column

Leading Perfumes.

We are constantly supplied with every make of popular perfumery, embracing first in point of popularity and merit Lautier's unparalleled odors Lubin's genuine and standard Alfred Wright's world renowned and among those of lesser note Eastman's, Ricksecker's & Bazin's In quality and variety we can please the most exquisite taste

W M WISDOM Druggist
Corner First and Stark streets

For Coughs and Colds

Try our '*Pectoral Balsam*' (copyrighted) the old and reliable cough medicine prepared by S G Skidmore & Co druggists 151 First street.

People wishing to obtain Dr Dullot's three Great Egyptian Remedies can get them from Mr Thomas Guinean at the Esmond hotel office the only agent in Oregon.

Subscriptions Received

For all foreign and American magazines and periodicals by C H Wilcox 150 First street

Japanese Novelties

Largest and finest stock in the Northwest Ma[illegible] & Co 44 Washington street.

Examine the Improved High Arm Light running Singers

BUSINESS ITEMS.

[illegible] Wal[illegible] & Co loo Block

WOVEN WIRE spring beds. George M. Parker 121 Fifth street. Trade supplied

[illegible] Home Sewing Machine Co 46 Morrison st near Second King of all machines

[illegible] T Alex [illegible] of Salem [illegible] Cure for Catarrh [illegible]

No Safer Remedy [illegible] for Coughs and [illegible] Throat [illegible]

THE VIENNA,

Washington st, leads all for Lunches and Oysters.

Fine Pictures for the Holidays.

Mr Shanahan has just received the rarest collection of remark and artists proof Etchings and engravings ever brought to this city Lovers of fine art productions are respectfully invited to examine this elegant collection, now on exhibition at Shanahan's Art Gallery 69 Morrison street.

BEWARE OF Imitations.

One Agent (dealer only wanted in every town
R. W TANSILL & CO
55 State st. Chicago

PLUMMER & BYERLY, Druggists & Chemists, Sole Agents for Portland, Oregon.
S. W. corner Main and First sts.

FOR SALE.

St. George Hotel Business and Furniture.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT IN PURSUANCE of an order of the County Court and for [illegible] of paying claims against the estate I will on Thursday the 2[illegible] day of December 1886 at 10 o'clock A M sell at public auction [illegible] upon the premises [illegible] First and Columbia streets [illegible] City of Portland all [illegible] business furniture stoves ranges [illegible] crockery glassware safe hotel fixtures beds bedding and personal property of every description used in or about and in connection with the St George Hotel and Restaurant at [illegible] S W cor [illegible] Columbia and First [illegible] of the City of Portland Or and described in the [illegible] estate of Pierre [illegible] deceased [illegible] All of this furniture [illegible] in [illegible] good condition The hotel and restaurant are doing a large and prosperous business Immediately upon the sale the hotel a large modern brick building with the restaurant will be for rent at a small rate Terms [illegible] cash in hand [illegible] notes with approved security For further particulars see or address [illegible] St George Hotel, Portland Oregon JOHN BIGNE
[illegible] Executor Estate Pierre [illegible] Dec

FAIR WARRANTS.

Notice to Holders of Oregon State Agricultural Society Warrants.

[illegible] Oregon State Board of Agriculture has a[illegible] [illegible] to be applied [illegible] of all warrants of the Oregon State Agricultural Society [illegible] their face value [illegible] first day of January 1887 All persons holding said warrants [illegible] to send them to J T Gregg Secretary Oregon State Board of Agriculture at Salem Oregon [illegible] The pro rata [illegible] determined upon the am[illegible] of said warrants [illegible] will [illegible] their names and postoffice address plainly written J T GREGG
Salem Or, Dec 3 1886 [illegible] Secretary of O S B A

DRY SLAB WOOD.

Orders left either at the mill or the office, corner [illegible] and [illegible] st promptly attended to.

NORTH PACIFIC LUMBER & MFG CO

Farmers' & Mechanics'

—STORE—

[illegible]

OUR SECOND

[illegible]

Commencing Monday, Dec. 13, at 9 A. M., and ending Jan. 15, 1887, will include the following departments: Dry and Fancy Goods Department, Clothing and Furnishing Goods Department, Boot and Shoe Department, Ladies' Cloak Department, And our

WHOLESALE DEPARTMENT

Will be thrown open to our retail customers and must be cleared We mean to astonish everybody at this

GRAND CLEARANCE SALE

The Farmers' and Mechanic's Store

With push and pluck, have buffeted all opposition and competition Our efforts have been rewarded we now

☞ HOLD THE FORT.

And mean to undersell every other house in the city The grand opening of our

ANNUAL CLEARANCE SALE,

Monday December 1[illegible] at [illegible] o'clock A M and ending January 1[illegible] 188[illegible] will surpass our former efforts and will be the sensation of the season

Dress Goods Department.

One case of 2000 yards heavy Tricot, all colors This lot will go during the sale for [illegible]0c per yard

1 case, of 1500 yards, 36 inch, Col Cashmere sold at 40c per yard This lot will go during the sale for 25c.

[illegible] cases, of 3000 yards, all-wool, 36 inch Camel's Hair Suiting, extra heavy goods sold at 50c per yard This lot will go during the sale at 30c.

1 case, 1200 yards, 36 inch and all-wool Col Cashmere, sold at 70c per yard. This lot will go during this sale for 45c.

1 case, 800 yards, double width, all-wool Serge, sold at 75c per yard This lot will go during the sale for 50c.

1 case, 1000 yards, 40-inch striped Velour sold at 85c. This lot will go during this sale for 50c.

1 case, 1000 yards, 40-inch, all wool hair line Serge sold at $1 This lot will go during the sale at 7[illegible]c

1 case, 1100 yards, [illegible] inch, Black Cashmere sold at 60c per yard This lot will go during this sale for 30c.

1 case, 1000 yards, [illegible] inch black and all wool Crepe de Laine sold at 7[illegible]c This lot will go during this sale at 40c

1 case, 1100 yards, [illegible]-inch black and all wool Serge sold at 7[illegible]c per yard. This lot will go during this sale at 5[illegible]c.

1 case, [illegible]00 yards, 40 inch black French Armure sold at 90c per yard This lot will go during this sale for 6[illegible]c

1 case, [illegible]00 yards, extra quality French Cashmere, blue and jet black sold at $1 per yard This lot will go during this sale for [illegible]c.

VELVETS AND PLUSHES

[illegible] pieces Col Velveteen sold at [illegible]c per yard This lot will go during this sale at 40c

18 pieces Col Silk Velvet sold at $1 [illegible]0 per yard This lot will go during this sale at 90c.

10 pieces Col Silk Plush sold at $1 50 per yard This lot will go during this sale for $1

[illegible] pieces Fancy Striped Plush sold at $[illegible] per yard This lot will go during this sale for $1 [illegible]

SILKS.

[illegible] pieces black Dress Silk sold at 75c per yard This lot will go during this sale for 50c

5 pieces black French Dress Silk sold at $1 75 per yard This lot will go at $1

10 pieces Col. Dress Silks sold at $1 This lot will go at 75c.

40 pieces fine Col Satin sold at [illegible]0c this lot will go at 35c

DAMASKS.

1 case, 500 yards Turkey Red Table Damask sold at 50c per yard This lot will go during this sale at 30c

1 case, 400 yards bleached Table Damask sold at 45c per yard This lot will go at 2[illegible]c.

Napkins, Towels and House Furnishing Goods have been reduced especially for this Grand Annual Clearance Sale

It will pay you to price during this sale our Lace Curtains, Bed Sets, Lace Pillow Shams, etc.

1 case of 20 doz. extra heavy Honeycomb Bed Spreads sold at $1 50 This lot will go during this sale for $1 10

HOSIERY.

1 case, 100 doz. French Cashmere, full finished, double heels and toes sold 90c pair This lot will go during this sale for 50c.

1 case, 100 doz. French Balbriggan Hose, full finished, solid colors, sold at 50c a pair This lot will go at 25c a pair

In scarlet and white merino Vests and Pants our line is still complete, and similar reductions have been made especially for this sale.

We have made reductions especially for this sale on all of our brands and styles of Corsets.

Our 10c Col Bord Handkerchiefs will be sold at 5c

Our 15c Handkerchiefs for 10c

Our 20c Handkerchiefs for 12½c.

Our 25c Handkerchiefs for 15c.

Our 50c Silk Handkerchiefs for [illegible]c.

A visit to our house during this sale will repay every purchaser of Dry Goods

Cloak Department.

[illegible] ladies all wool Jersey Newmarkets sold at $10 This lot will go at this sale for $6

30 ladies all wool Jersey Newmarkets trimmed sold at $13 75 This lot will go at $10

50 ladies' French Jersey Newmarkets, velvet trimmed and satin faced sold at $1[illegible] [illegible]0 This lot will go at $11 [illegible]0

40 ladies' Astrakhan Newmarkets sold at $15 This lot will go at $10

30 ladies all-wool Jersey Jacquets sold at $[illegible] This lot will go at $4

50 ladies' all wool Jersey Jacquets sold $5 50 This lot will go at $4 50

A visit to our house during this sale will repay every purchaser

Boot and Shoe Department.

200 pairs of ladies French kid, button, hand-turned opera, French toe and heel, width b, c, d e, all sizes sold at $6 50 This lot will go during this sale for $4

200 pairs of ladies' French kid button opera, French toe and heel, width c, d, e, all sizes sold at $5 This lot will go during this sale for $3 75

100 pairs of ladies French kid button, opera toe, width d, e sold at $4. This lot will go at $3

100 pairs ladies cur kid button, opera and French toe and heel, width c, d e, all sizes sold at $3 25 This lot will go at $2 50

300 pairs ladies' kid, foxed, common sense heel and opera toe, width d, e, all sizes sold at $2 [illegible]0 This lot will go at $1 75

A similar reduction has been made on all of our misses' and children's shoes.

100 pairs of ladies fancy plush opera slippers, width d, e, ee sold at $1 [illegible] This lot will go during this sale for $1

100 pairs ladies' cur kid opera slippers sold at $1 [illegible] This lot will go during this sale at 75c

We carry the S H Sollers & Co French kid and cur kid slippers

We are sole agents for the Boland & Spinney Ladies', Misses' and Children's Common Sense and Waukenphast.

We are agents for the Monahan French Kid Shoes

We carry the largest stock of Ladies', Misses' and Children's Shoes in the city.

500 pairs of D B Closson's fine calf shoes, in button, bals and congress, in 4, 5 and 6 width, with broad toe, all sizes to 11, sold at $5 This lot will go during this sale for $3 50.

[illegible]00 pairs D B Closson's English Waukenphast, hand-sewed, in button and bals, 5 and 6 width, all sizes to 11 price $6 50 This lot will go during this sale for $5

100 pairs Morse & Rogers cork sole button, bals and congress, 4 and 5 width, broad toe all sizes to 11 sold for $5 This lot will go at $3 50

500 pairs fine calf button and congress, tipped and plain toe, all sizes to 11, sold at $[illegible] This lot will go during this sale for $[illegible]

Over 1000 pairs of Boys and Youths' button, bals and congress.

Over 1000 pairs of Men's Fancy Slippers, suitable for Holiday Presents

A visit to our house during this sale will repay every purchaser

Clothing Department.

We sell more clothing than any other house in the city

At this Annual Clearance Sale we have made the following Reductions

Our $25 00 Suits for	$10 00
Our $[illegible]2 00 Suits for	17 [illegible]0
Our $20 00 Suits for	15 00
Our $17 50 Suits for	13 00
Our $15 00 Suits for	12 00
Our $1[illegible] 00 Suits for	[illegible] 00
Our $10 [illegible]0 Suits for	8 00

MEN'S PANTS. MEN'S PANTS.

1000 pairs Men's French Cassimere Pants sold at $[illegible] per pair This lot will go for $[illegible] [illegible]0

BOYS' AND YOUTHS' CLOTHING.

Clothe them at our counters and you will save from $1 to $5 per suit.

Furnishing Goods Dep't.

Our Furnishing Goods Department comprises everything in Men's Fine [illegible] White Shirts, Percale Shirts, Hosiery, Overshirts, Neckwear, Silk and Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, etc., etc. We have the Smoking Jackets in all sizes [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] will go at this sale for [illegible]

[illegible]

2[illegible], 222, 224, 226 First Street [illegible] St.

PORTLAND, OR.

[illegible] Laces

Having purchased the stock of a San Francisco wholesale house at ridiculously Low Prices, we will offer them [illegible] following prices:

Zephyrs, all colors
Importers' Saxony
German Knitting Yarn
Shetland Floss
Macarmin Cord
100 dozen Handkerchiefs
50 dozen Handkerchiefs
50 dozen Embroidered Handkerchiefs
100 dozen Gilt Rolling Pins

Other Goods Correspondingly Low.

[illegible]

33 WASHINGTON, and 110 SECOND STREET.

THE FINEST SELECTION Of Goods Suitable for

Christmas Gifts

Genuine French China Goods, Art[illegible] Fine Vases, Fancy Table and [illegible] Library and

Parlor Lamps

OF THE UNEQUALED

"Rochester"

—IN THE—

Richest Designs

—AT—

J. E. S. [illegible]

COR. FRONT AND PINE, Kamm's Block.

[illegible] & [illegible]

Xmas

CARDS,
ALBUMS,
PLUSH TOILET SETS,
ENGRAVINGS,

And all goods in the Picture and Artist Material business,

172 First st.

[illegible]

Andrew Kan,

66 Washington st., bet. Third and Fourth.

Japanese Curiosities, Novelties, Fancy Goods, Etc., continue to arrive by every steamer from Japan for the Holidays.

All Goods we now offer to the public at the VERY LOWEST PRICES.

GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.

BAKER'S

Warranted absolutely pure Cocoa, from which the excess of Oil has been removed. It has three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is therefore far more economical, costing less than one cent a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, strengthening, easily digested, and admirably adapted for invalids as well as for persons in health.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

Over 50,000 Names!
Steel's Oregon Tax Roll.

(Assessment of 1886)

Being a certified copy of the Tax Roll of every county in Oregon showing name, occupation, [illegible] address, number of acres of land owned, value of same, indebtedness and gross value of property [illegible] be forwarded by registered mail or by express [illegible] $ for $60 or will be sent by express [illegible] receipt of $10 Single counties may be had at the following rates

[illegible] Columbia, Coos, Crook, Curry, Gilliam, [illegible]
Josephine, Klamath Lake, Morrow, [illegible]
Baker and Clatsop
Benton, Polk, Union and Wasco
Clackamas, Jackson, Umatilla and Washington
Douglas, Lane and Yamhill
[illegible]
Marion
Multnomah

Orders left with any County Clerk in the state [illegible] Assistant Secretary of State, [illegible] will receive prompt attention.

[illegible] W G STEEL, P O Box 5[illegible], Portland

SAL SODA.

Having been appointed agents for [illegible] Co's Chemical Works, we are prepared to supply the Trade on Lowest Terms.

JAMES LAIDLAW & CO.,

16 North Front st., Portland.

GLUETT'S CROWN COLLARS AND CUFFS SHIRTS ARE THE BEST

Portland Cement

J. B. White & Bro's brand, [illegible] per "Parthia" from [illegible]

MEYER, WILSON [illegible]

PORTLAND

VOL. 26 NO. 8297

[illegible]

Nos. 1, 2, 5 and 7 North [illegible]

Importers and Whole[illegible]

SOLE

[illegible]

POMMERY SEC CHAMPAGNE,
PIPER HEIDSICK CHAMPAGNE

[illegible] BITTERS

CHAS. KOHN & CO., Agents,

44 Front st., Portland, Or.

RUMMELIN & GUTMANN,

82 First St, Portland, Or.,

FURRIERS.

SEAL SACQUES, DOLMANS AND WRAPS

In stock and made to order in the LATEST STYLES of GUARANTEED best quality Alaska Seal London Dye

TRIMMINGS, RUGS & ROBES,

And a complete [illegible] Ladies, Misses and Gentlemen's

FURS.

Orders Promptly Filled

FOR SALE.

St. George Hotel Business and Furniture.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT IN PURSUANCE of an order of the County Court and for the purpose of paying claims against the estate I will on Thursday the 2[illegible] day of December 1886 at 10 o'clock A. M. sell at [illegible] premises [illegible] First and Columbia streets [illegible] City of Portland [illegible] all of the business furniture stoves ranges carpets crockery glassware safe hotel fixtures beds bedding and personal property of every description used in or about and in connection with the St George Hotel and Restaurant at the S W cor of Columbia and First streets City of Portland, Or and described in the inventory of the estate of Pierre Mariel, deceased [illegible] All of this furniture [illegible] are in [illegible] condition The hotel and restaurant are doing a large and prosperous business. Immediately upon the sale the hotel a large modern brick building with the restaurant will be for rent at reasonable rates. Terms [illegible] cash in hand [illegible] notes with approved security For further particulars see or address J[illegible] St George Hotel, Portland Oregon JOHN BIGNE, Surviving Executor Estate Pierre Mariel, Deceased [illegible]

FAIR WARRANTS.

Notice to Holders of Oregon State Agricultural Society Warrants.

The Oregon State Board of Agriculture has appropriated as available [illegible] to be applied on the payment of all warrants of the Oregon State Agricultural Society pro rata upon their face value [illegible] are presented to the undersigned by the first day of January 1887 All persons holding said warrants are requested to send them to J T Gregg Secretary Oregon State Board of Agriculture at Salem Oregon before the first day of January 1887 The pro rata to be paid by the Oregon State Board of Agriculture will be determined upon the amount of said warrants then in his hands Persons sending their warrants will please give their names and postoffice address plainly [illegible]

Salem, Or., Dec. 3 1886 [illegible] J T GREGG [illegible] O. S. B. A

ALFRED WRIGHT'S

(Rochester, N. Y.) Celebrated

Perfumery, Sachet Powder

Face Powders and Flavoring Extracts

HAVE NO EQUAL.

C. W. COBURN & CO.,

General Agents Pacific Coast

313, 315 Front st., San Francisco.

Over 50 000 Names!
Steel's Oregon Tax Roll.

[illegible]

Portland Cement!

J. B. White & Bro's brand, just arrived per "Parthia" from London.

MEYER, WILSON & CO.,

PORTLAND

ADAMS & MARQUAM,

Attorneys at Law

Rooms 7 and 8, Mulkey's Building.

[illegible]

[illegible] remedy for the above disease by its use [illegible] of cases of the worst kind and of long standing [illegible] Indeed so strong is my faith in its efficacy [illegible] TWO BOTTLES FREE together with a VALUABLE TREATISE on this disease to any sufferer Give express and P. O. address. DR. T A SLOCUM, 181 Pearl St, N Y

[illegible] FINEST GLASS OF BEER IN THE [illegible]